## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/32

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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|   | Page 2 |       |                |       |                |                     |               |                  | rs' versi               |             |            | abus                    |     | per        |
|---|--------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-----|------------|
|   |        |       |                |       |                | IGCSE -             | - Octob       | er/Nove          | mber 20                 | 10          | 06         | 20                      | 3   | 2          |
| 1 | (a)    | Е     |                |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   | (b)    | Α     | С              | E     | nee            | ed all thr          | ree           |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   | (c)    | Α     |                |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   | (d)    | F     |                |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   | (e)    | С     |                |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   | (f)    | D     | F              |       | nee            | ed both I           | out not n     | nore             |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       |                |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         | רן  | 「otal: 6]  |
|   |        |       |                |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     |            |
| 2 | (a)    | (i)   |                |       | oast<br>: burr |                     | stion / h     | igh temp         | perature                |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       | in ai          | r/o   | oxyg           | en                  | iotn (NAA)    | V [4]            |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       | -              |       |                |                     | istry MA      | ^[י]             |                         |             |            |                         |     |            |
|   |        | (ii)  |                |       |                | → Zn +<br>· C →     | CO<br>2Zn + ( | CO <sub>2</sub>  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       | the e          | equa  | ıatior         | n must b            | alance, i     | if not [0]       |                         |             |            |                         |     |            |
|   |        |       |                |       |                | monoxic             | le as a r     | eactant <i>i</i> | 1                       |             |            |                         |     |            |
|   |        | (iii) | fract<br>disti |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]<br>[1] |
|   |        |       | GIOTI          | iidii |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [,]        |
|   | (b)    | (i)   | mak            | ing   | allo           | ys / bras           | s / name      | ed alloy         | which co                | ntains zind |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       |                |       |                |                     |               |                  | lectropla               |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       |                |       |                |                     |               |                  | e which d<br>ts / sinks | epends or   | n galvanis | sing                    |     |            |
|   |        |       |                |       |                |                     | r metals      |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     |            |
|   |        | (ii)  |                |       |                | s / catior<br>atoms | ns            |                  |                         |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       | delo           | cali  | ised           | / free / n          | nobile or     | sea of           | electrons               |             |            |                         |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       | bone           | d is  | attra          | action be           | etween (      | positive)        | ions and                | delocalis   | ed electro | ons                     |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       | Note           | e mi  |                | oe clear            |               |                  |                         |             |            | ile electro<br>ason why |     | [1]        |
|   |        |       |                |       |                |                     |               |                  |                         |             |            |                         | [To | otal: 11]  |

|   | Page 3 |                    | }   | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version   | Syllabus                     | Paper             |  |
|---|--------|--------------------|---|--|------------------------------|-------------------|--|
|   |        |                    |   | IGCSE – October/November 2010  | 0620                         | 32                |  |
| 3 | (a)    | divi<br>acc        | ume g<br>ded b<br>ept 48<br>swer                            | Please ignore in   | [1]<br>[1]<br><b>3 (b)</b> . |                   |  |
|   | (b)    | 0.6                | (cm <sup>3</sup> /  | 's)  |                              | [1]               |  |
|   | (c)    | con<br>of h        | [1]<br>[1]  |  |                              |                   |  |
|   |        | for<br><b>not</b>  |   |  |                              |                   |  |
|   | (d)    | cata<br>mo         | alyst h<br>re coll  | eases / doubles<br>nas bigger surface area / more catalyst particles exp<br>lisions<br>e catalyst / higher concentration of catalyst / more m  |                              | [1]<br>[1]<br>[1] |  |
|   |        | OR                 |   |  |                              |                   |  |
|   |        | оху                | gen fr  | of oxygen the same<br>rom hydrogen peroxide (not catalyst)<br>number of moles the same   |                              | [1]<br>[1]<br>[1] |  |
|   |        | OR                 |   |  |                              |                   |  |
|   |        | am                 | ount/n  | mass/volume/number of moles of hydrogen peroxide   | e the same [2]               |                   |  |
|   |        | cata<br>rea<br>acc |   |  |                              |                   |  |
|   |        |                    |   |  |                              | [Total: 11]       |  |
| 4 | (a)    | (i)                | has I<br>has I<br>stron                                     |  |                              |                   |  |
|   |        |                    | acce  | TWO ept sodium comments et be comparison chromium is hard [0]  |                              | [2]               |  |
|   |        | (ii)               | sodiu<br>chroi<br>chroi<br>/ sodi<br>sodiu<br>chroi<br>acce | chromium and sodium have to be mentioned explication is more reactive is acceptable um is a reactive metal is not acceptable mium has more than one oxidation state, sodium has mium forms coloured compounds, sodium compour dium does not um reacts with cold water, chromium does not mium forms complex ions, sodium does not ept chromium has catalytic properties, sodium does | as one<br>nds are white      |                   |  |
|   |        |                    | any •   | TWO  |                              | [2]               |  |

| Page      | 4                           | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version  | Syllabus | Paper       |
|-----------|-----------------------------|---|----------|-------------|
|           |                             | IGCSE – October/November 2010   | 0620     | 32          |
| (b) (i)   | resis<br>hard<br>any        | earance/shiny/more attractive/decoration<br>st corrosion / rusting<br>I surface<br>TWO<br>I becomes harder / stronger |          | [2]         |
| (ii)      | Cr <sub>2</sub> (           | SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub><br><b>ore</b> correct charges on ions  |          | [1]         |
| (iii)     | Cr <sup>3+</sup>            | + 3e → Cr<br>to Cr only<br>ore comments about sulfate ion   |          | [2]<br>[1]  |
| (iv)      | oxyg                        | gen / O <sub>2</sub>  |          | [1]         |
| (v)       |                             | eplace chromium ions (used to plate steel)<br>romium sulfate used up  |          | [1]         |
|           | / sol                       | per ions replaced from copper anode ution of copper sulfate does not change just that anode is not made of chromium   |          | [1]         |
|           |                             |   |          | [Total: 12] |
| 5 (a) (i) | acce<br>ratio<br><b>not</b> | cains carbon, hydrogen and oxygen ept example 2H: 10 contains water ore comments about carbon                         |          | [1]<br>[1]  |
| (ii)      | living<br>obta              | g organism / plants and animals / cells<br><u>iin energy</u> from food<br>burn negates energy mark                    |          | [1]<br>[1]  |
| (iii)     | carb                        | oohydrates contain oxygen   |          | [1]         |
| (iv)      | as a                        | fertiliser / manure   |          | [1]         |
| (b) (i)   | 40/6                        | m <sup>3</sup> of oxygen therefore 40 cm <sup>3</sup> of methane<br>60 × 100 = 66.7 %<br>ept 66 % and 67 %<br>ecf     |          | [1]<br>[1]  |
| (ii)      |                             | sodium hydroxide(aq) / alkali<br>oon dioxide dissolves, leaving methane   |          | [1]<br>[1]  |
|           |                             |   |          | [Total: 10] |
|           |                             |   |          | - <b>-</b>  |

|   | Page 5 |                                 |                                    | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version  | on                     | Syllabus           | Paper         |
|---|--------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
|   |        |                                 |                                    | IGCSE – October/November 20   | 10                     | 0620               | 32            |
| 6 | (a)    | con<br>san<br>san<br>phy<br>con | secut<br>ne che<br>ne fur<br>sical | neral formula ive members differ by CH <sub>2</sub> emical properties ctional group properties vary in predictable way / give methods of preparation EE   | trend – m <sub>l</sub> | o increases with ı | n etc.<br>[3] |
|   | (b)    | (i)                             | not                                | have the same molecular formula<br>general formula<br>ent structures / structural formulae  |                        |                    | [1]<br>[1]    |
|   |        | (ii)                            | not                                | CH <sub>2</sub> -CH(OH)-CH <sub>3</sub> / (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C-OH<br>ether-type structures<br><b>E</b> butan-2-ol and 2-methylpropan-2-ol ac   | ceptable               |                    | [1]           |
|   | (c)    | (i)                             | (acid                              | xygen / (acidified) potassium chromate(V<br>ified) potassium manganate(VII)<br>have oxidation states  | T) /                   |                    | [1]           |
|   |        | (ii)                            | CH <sub>3</sub>                    | oxylic acid / alkanoic acid<br>CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -COOH / C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> COOH / C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub><br>pt C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub> OOH |                        |                    | [1]<br>[1]    |

(d) (i) measure volume of carbon dioxide [1] time [1] accept day / hour for time mark

(ii) increase in temperature / more yeast present / yeast multiplies [1]

(iii) glucose used up

accept sugar not reagent / reactant

concentration of ethanol high enough to kill/poison yeast / denature enzymes

[1]

not kill enzymes

(iv) to prevent aerobic respiration [1] / ethanol would be oxidised / ethanoic acid/ acid formed / lactic acid formed / carbon dioxide and water formed

[Total: 15]

|   | Pa  | ge 6       |   | Syllabus      | Paper       |
|---|-----|------------|---|---------------|-------------|
|   |     |            | IGCSE – October/November 2010   | 0620          | 32          |
| 7 | (a) | (i)        | kills microbes / bacteria / fungi / micro-organisms   | s etc.        | [1]         |
|   |     | (ii)       | as a <u>bleach</u>  |               | [1]         |
|   |     | (iii)      | burn / heat sulfur in air / oxygen  |               | [1]         |
|   | (b) | not        | adium oxide / vanadium(V) oxide / vanadium pen<br>an incorrect oxidation state  | toxide        | [1]<br>[1]  |
|   |     | 400<br>wat | 0°C to 450°C<br>er  |               | [1]<br>[1]  |
|   | (c) | (i)        | proton donor  |               | [1]         |
|   |     | (ii)       | measure pH / use pH paper<br>sulfuric acid has the lower pH<br>accept colours / appropriate numerical values                            |               | [1]<br>[1]  |
|   |     |            | OR  |               |             |
|   |     |            | measure electrical conductivity sulfuric acid is the better conductor   |               | [1]<br>[1]  |
|   |     |            | OR  |               |             |
|   |     |            | add magnesium / named fairly reactive metal ethanedioic acid gives the slower reaction <b>NOTE</b> result must refer to rate not amount |               | [1]<br>[1]  |
|   |     |            | OR  |               |             |
|   |     |            | add a carbonate ethanedioic acid gives the slower reaction NOTE result must refer to rate not amount                                    |               | [1]<br>[1]  |
|   | (d) | (i)        | how many moles of $H_2SO_4$ were added = 0.02   | × 0.3 = 0.006 | [1]         |
|   |     | (ii)       | how many moles of NaOH were used = 0.04 ×   | 0.2 = 0.008   | [1]         |
|   |     | (iii)      | sulfuric acid   |               | [1]         |
|   |     |            | only mark ecf if in accord with 1:2 ratio and with reason 0.006 > 0.008/2 for ecf mark candidate must use 1:2 ratio in answer.          | ,, ,,         | [1]         |
|   |     | (iv)       | less than 7   |               | [1]         |
|   |     |            |   |               | [Total: 15] |

[Total: 15]