UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2004 question papers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0610/03 (Biology) in the November 2004 examination.

	maximum	mir	nimum mark re	equired for gra	de:
	mark available	А	С	Е	F
Component 3	80	52	39	26	21

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A* does not exist at the level of an individual component.



NOVEMBER 2004

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/03

BIOLOGY Paper 3 (Extended Theory)



	Page 1		IGO	Mark Scheme CSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMB	ER 2004	Syllabus 0610	Paper 3
1	(a) (b)	(i) (ii)	(ANIN Ref. t MAR	CSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMB MAL CELLS) B, C + (PLANT CE to (cell) <u>wall</u> /(sap) <u>vacuole</u> ; ® ch K COLUMNS INDEPENDENTI L SPECIAL FEATURE	ELLS) A , D ; hloroplast _Y CELL FUNC ref. to		3 [1 [1
			(B)	/chlorophyll; ref. to fibrils or fibres or protein strands/ability to	trap or abso starch AW; ref. to move	,	
				 contract AW; (A) ref. to many mitochondria (B) elastic 	 A to contract already give ® to relax un ® elastic 	n)	
			(C)	presence of cilia/hairs/ref to ciliated cell;	ref. to move mucus/remo bacteria or in dust AW (fro windpipe)/m egg (in ovide ® to trap bac	oval of mpurities or om ovement of uct);	
				Microvilli/brush border	 Absorptio glucose/ami (linked to mi brush borde 	no acids crovilli or	
			(D)	 ref. to root hair/(long) extension AW/large surface area; A ref. to hair-like extension A ref. to many mitochondria 	or minerals/ osmosis/ref.	to diffusion other name chorage or	+
				® large vacuole;	A ref. to land area (if not a under featur	ge surface awarded	

ONLY AWARD MITOCHRONDRIA AS A FEATURE ONCE

<u>Total 10</u>

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610	3

2 (a) DO NOT ACCEPT TERMS OTHER THAN 'LESS' OR 'MORE'

			dairy products	cereals	meat, eggs,	sugar, sweets	vegetables, fruit
	African diet contain		less	more	fish less	less	more
ļ			ALL NEED T	O BE CORE	CT FOR THE	MARK	[1]
	(b)			•	egetables/fruit gs/fish/sweets		ual. [2]
	(c)	(i)		not enough <u>p</u>	RGUMENTS proteins in Afriq ucts AW; ® no		to less
			A less calciu	ım in diet + re	ef. to less dair	y products	[1]
		(ii)		-	vegetables/fru rbic acid; ® le	-	
		iii. iv.	 ® no vegetative ref. to less or ® no fibre gives bulk to to help with p 	oles/fruit rot enough food passing peristalsis AW	through gut <i>A</i> /;	e/cellulose + p \W;	oresent AW; • AW; max. [3]
							<u>Total 9</u>
3	(a)	(i)		r direction of	blood flow + o		rtery and vein; [2]
		(ii)	liver; (A) hepa	itic portal vei	า		[1]
	(b)	(i)	glucose; (A) s amino acids; minerals; vitamins; carbon dioxid water;	A named exA named ex	amples amples ® vita	imin A or D	max. [1]
							111dx. [1]
		<i>/</i> ···					

(ii) <u>oxygen;</u> [1]

Page	3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610	3
(c)		presence of microvilli; one cell thick or ref. to (very) thin; ® thin cell wall large surface area; ref. to partially permeable AW; high respiration rate/ref. to active transport; (A) presence of mitochondria in cells	m	ax. [2]
(d)	(i)	lacteal;		[1]
(e)	iii. iv. v. ii. iii. iv. v. v.	ref. to (absorption of) <u>fatty acids;</u> ref. to (absorption of) <u>glycerol;</u> ref. to (absorption of) fat/fat droplets/lipids; ref. to (absorption of) fat-soluble vitamins; ref. to absorption into + lymphatic system/lymph/lym ® refs. to lacteal ref. to lymph + glands/nodes; ref. to production of white blood cells/lymphocytes; ref. to role of lymphocytes - producing antibodies/ar <u>antibodies+</u> fight or kill or destroy bacteria or microb bacteria or toxins AW; ® germs ® disease ref. to return of tissue fluid AW/transport of fats + to stream AW; ® refs. to transport of fats/tissue fluid unqualified ref. to prevention of oedema AW/draining of tissue f	m ntitoxins; bes/neutrali blood fluid AW;	n ax. [2] se nax. [3]
			Ţ	otal 13
(a)	ii. ii.	mosquitoes/ticks/fleas are carriers/vectors; ® arthrop transmitted by mosquito feeds on blood of infected bird/mammal; infected mosquito feeds on human/bird/mammal + pa on infection AW	asses	l. ® nax. [2]
(b)	i ii iii	TREAT ANSWER AS A LIST – MARK FIRST TWO ref. to raw materials/water/DNA/RNA/nucleic acid + a ® food ® oxygen ref. to suitable temperature/warm; ref. to cells present; ® r e d blood cells blood provides transport (to cells) AW;	available;	iES hax. [2]
(c)		ref. to travelling (large) distances/from place to place (A) ref. to export of birds	/migrate/fly	; [1]

	Page 4	1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610	3
	(d)	i.	ref. to some pesticides/DDT + kill indiscriminately/non useful insects AW;		l
		ii.	ref. to some pesticides/DDT + are non-biodegradable environment for a long time AW; ® refs to atmosphere		
		iii.	ref. to <u>soil/land/water/river/lake</u> + pollution;		
		iv.			
		v.	ref. to accumulates in fat/stored in fat;		
			ref. to bioaccumulation in food chains AW;		
			ref. to effect on animals at top of food chain;		ov [2]
		VIII.	ref. to disruption of food chains;	II II	ax. [3]
	(e)	i.	ref. to exoskeleton or cuticle;		
		ii.	ref. to bilateral symmetry;		
		iii.	U I		
				· •	
		v.	 ref. to pairs of appendages AW/paired limbs/<u>3 or mo</u> ® wings/compound eyes/antennae/2 or 3 parts to bo 	dy	imbs; max. iax. [2]
	(f)	;	each organism has two names/ref. to goous and spo	cioe:	
	(1)			<u>, cies</u> ,	
		iii.			
		iii.	ref. to use of Latin for name/name in italics/name un	derlined;	
				r	ax. [3]
				Ţ	<u>otal 13</u>
5	(a)	(i)	NO MARKS FOR REFS. TO PHOTOTROPISM		
			<u>positive;</u> (only award if linked to geotropism)		
			<u>geotropism;</u> (can award, even if linked to 'negative	:')	[2]
		(ii)			
		i.	ref. to auxin;		
			produced (near) tip of root AW;		
				1	
		IV.		to effect of	
		V.			
			resulting in differential growth rate AW;	r	ax. [3]
		(;;;;)	to obtain water:		
		(111)		food	
			ref. to anchorage/stability AW;		ax. [2]
5		ii. iv. v. i. ii. iii. iii. iii. iv. v. v.	ref. to bilateral symmetry; ref. to segmented body; ref. to jointed limbs; ref. to pairs of appendages AW/paired limbs/ <u>3 or mo</u> ® wings/compound eyes/antennae/2 or 3 parts to bo each organism has two names/ref. to <u>genus</u> and <u>spe</u> genus = Culex trivial/species names = pipiens; ref. to use of Latin for name/name in italics/name und NO MARKS FOR REFS. TO PHOTOTROPISM <u>positive;</u> (only award if linked to geotropism) <u>geotropism;</u> (can award, even if linked to 'negative ref. to auxin; produced (near) tip of root AW; ref. to <u>diffusion</u> to other parts of root; collects on/moves to + lower side of root AW; (a) ref. gravity slows down cell growth on lower side; resulting in differential growth rate AW; to obtain water; to obtain minerals/named minerals/salts/nutrients/®	r <u>cies;</u> derlined; r <u>T</u> () to effect of r food	max. 1ax. [2] 1ax. [3] 10tal 13 [2]

MBER 2004 0610	3

(6)	(י)	ref. to acting as a comparison; ref. to no effect of gravity AW/gravity is constantly changing A	۷W
			max. [1]
	(ii)	ref. to light will be another variable;	
	. ,	root will respond to light as well as gravity AW; to keep condi uniform AW;	tions max. [1]
(c)	i.	plumules/leaves in dark will lack chlorophyll/be more yellow/pale/white/etiolated;	
	ii.	plumules/stem in dark + will be longer/thinner/weaker/have lo	onger
		internodes/grow faster;	
	iii.	leaves in dark will be undeveloped/smaller;	
	iv.	plumules in light will bend towards light;	max. [2]
			<u>Total 11</u>
(a)		feeding/nutrition;	
		excreting; (A) urinating (B) defaecating	
		responding to stimuli/sensitivity/irritability breathing;	
		A reproduction + laying eggs	
		® grow	max. [2]
(b)		temperature of lizard drops AW; ref. to relationship being <u>directly</u> proportional;	
		from 20° to 10°/drops 10°;	max. [2]

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	Page 6		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610	3
	(c)	A	IAX. 3 PER MECHANISM NY TWO MECHANISMS FROM:		
	_	N	IAX. 2 IF REF. TO CAPILLARIES/VEINS		
	i.		ref. to vasoconstriction/description of process;		
			® refs to movement of blood vessels		A \ A /.
	ii. iii		no or less blood near skin surface/blood insulated		
	iv		so less heat + lost/radiated from skin (surface); ® ref. to hairs becoming erect AW; ® ref. to present		
	V.		due to erector muscles + contracting;		inqual.
	v. vi		hairs trap layer of air;		
	vi		air acts as insulator/ref. to poor conductor AW;		
		ii.	ref. to shivering;		
	ix		muscles contract uncontrollably AW;		
	х.		heat generated through respiration (in muscles);		
	xi		sweat production slows down;		
	xi	i.	less water evaporates from skin (surface);		
	xi	ii.	so heat lost by evaporation is reduced/more heat	retained A	N;
	xi	V.	ref. to liver;		
		/.	ref. to conversion AW of glycogen to glucose;		
		vi.	ref. to <u>adrenaline;</u>		
			ref. to increase in + metabolic rate/rate of respirat	ion;	
		viii. x.	more heat (energy) produced; ref. to increase in exercise/movement;		
			to increase in rate of respiration;		
		ki.	ref. to some heat produced AW;	m	ax. [6]
	(d) i.		less respiration/metabolic reactions slow down AW	/;	
	ii.		respiration controlled by enzymes;		
	ii.		enzymes work more slowly as temperature drops		
	vi	•	less energy + released/available;	m	ax. [2]
				<u>T</u>	<u>otal 12</u>
7	(a) (i))	A + E; (both needed for the mark)		[1]
	/	in in			
	(ii		improved + health facilities/more destars/heusing/	nodicinal	
		i.	improved + health facilities/more doctors/housing/r immunisation AW/eradication of disease/less disea		
		ii.	more/better + food supplies AW;	,	
			better health education;		
			cleaner water supplies/better sanitation;		
		۷.	ref. to (better) control of disease vectors AW;		
			(A) ref. to use of insecticides		
		vi.	less wars;	m	ax. [2]

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2004	0610	3	
(b)	ONLY AWARD EXPLANATION MARK IF COUNTR (country) B; ref. to the biggest drop in life expectancy/from 59 to 3 ® has the lowest life expectancy			
(c) (i)	 HIV + is a virus/is not a bacterium; antibiotics only are only effective against bacterial di (A) converse statement 	seases AW		
 (ii) sheath/condom/femidom; ref. to no transfer of body fluids (between penis and vagina) AW; 				
	(A) stops mixing of body fluids AW (B) refs to sperm u	nqualified [2]	
(iii)	ANY ONE DESCRIPTION FROM:			
i.	ref. to injection (of drugs)/use of sharp instrument A	W;		
ii.	ref. to sharing needles + between infected and non		ople;	
iii.	ref. to contamination on needle AW; (A) unsterilised	/dirty		
iv.	ref. to blood transfusion/surgical operation;			
۷.	ref. to contaminated blood/contaminated equipmen	t;		
<u>vi.</u>	\mathbf{J}			
	passed from mother to fetus AW;			
viii ix.	. via placenta/breast milk; ref. to contamination during birth process AW;	m	ax. [3]	

<u>Total 12</u>