UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Expected Answers		
1 (a)			
		function	letter
	peristalsis		В
	protein digestion		C/H/E;
	insulin production		D;
	deamination		J;
	partially digested	food is mixed with bile	Н;
	most water is real	osorbed	E;
(b) (i)			
	large molecule	nutrients absorbed	
	protein	amino acids ;	
	glycogen	Glucose / C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ ;	
	fat	fatty acids and glycerol;	
(ii)	calcium / Ca ²⁺ ;		
	iron / Fe ²⁺ ;		
(iii)	vitamins / named vitami	n;	

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(c)	MP1 platelets; MP2 promote / cause / stimulate, clotting; MP3 thrombin / enzyme; MP4 (converts) fibrinogen to fibrin; MP5 soluble to insoluble / fibrin is insoluble; MP6 mesh / network / web, to trap blood (cells) / prevent blood loss; MP7 forms scab / hardens; MP8 phagocytes, engulf / destroy / AW, bacteria / pathogens; MP9 cells divide by mitosis; MP10 identical cells; MP11 (tissues form to) make / grow, epidermis / capillary / new skin;	[may E]
	(ussues form to) make / grow, epidermis / capitally / new skill ;	[max 5]
2 (a)	pinna / external ear ; fur ; mammary glands / secretes milk ; sweat glands ; endothermic / homoeothermic / AW; A – warm blooded different types of teeth ; 3 middle ear bones ;	[max 3]
(b)	MP1 redirects blood away from skin to (internal / vital) organs; MP2 vasoconstriction; MP3 fat under the skin; MP4 fur / hair; MP5 traps air; MP6 fat / air, poor conductors of heat / insulators; MP7 reduces heat loss; MP8 by, conduction / convection; MP9 generate heat, by metabolism / shivering; A – endothermic MP10 small surface area to volume ratio / large size;	[max 5]
(c)	group of organisms of one species;	
	live in the same place, at the same time / together;	[2]

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(d)	different species have different, genes / DNA;	[1]
(e)	any two suitable suggestions, e.g.	
	maintaining, genetic diversity; important in food web;	
	possible medical application / useful genes ;	[max 2]
		[Total: 13]
3 (a)	 K – plumule; L – radicle; M – cotyledon; N – testa; 	[4]
(b)	hypha(e);	[1]
(c)	MP1 substrate, 'fits' into enzyme; MP2 active site (of enzyme); MP3 shape is complementary; MP4 substrate is key, enzyme is lock; MP5 substrate / starch / nutrient, converted (into products) / AW; MP6 (2) products (molecules) leave; MP7 enzyme / amylase, can work again on another substrate;	[max 4]
(d)	very little activity until day 5; increase to day 11 / peak at day 11; decrease to day 15; data quote with day and activity;	[max 3]
(e)	ref to different shapes of the lines; (therefore) there is enzyme activity in both pH; enzyme activity influenced by / specific to, pH; data quote; e.g. quote of activity at pH 8 and pH 5 on a specified day; suggesting one enzyme prefers acid conditions, but by day 15 less enzyme, produced / available;	[max 3]
		[Total: 15]

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4	(a)	MP2 MP3 MP4 MP5 MP6	attach to virus / bac prevent movement prevent entry into c stop division; combine with / neu clump, bacteria / vi	around the body; cells; tralise, toxins; ruses, together;		[m. m. 0]
	(b)	kidney v	neip pnagocytes er vould be rejected; cytes produce anti- ies) attach to blood			[max 3]
	(c)	no, bloo	d / capillaries / anti	gens / antibodies / white cells / lym	phocytes, in the cornea ;	[max 1]
	(d)	A 0 x B 0; A 0 + B 0; O 0;			[3]	
	(e)					
		term		example		
		a domi	nant allele	I ^A		
		heteroz	zygous genotype	I ^A I ^O / I ^B I ^O / I ^A I ^B ;		
		codom	inant alleles	I ^A and I ^B ;		
		phenot	ype	(blood) group, A / B / AB / O;		
						[3]
						[Total: 12]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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5 (-) (:)			
5 (a) (i)	circulatory system	blood vessels that carry oxygenated blood	
	maternal	V;	
	fetal	Y/Y and X;	[2]
(ii)	umbilical cord ; Any one of the following	ing:	
	tied / clamped ; cut ; (part attached to moth (part attached to baby	her) comes away with placenta ; y) drops off ;	[2]
(iii)	MP3 named nutrients MP4 water, either dire MP5 antibodies, from MP6 urea / nitrogenou MP7 passage of horm MP8 diffusion in corre	from fetal / to maternal; from maternal / to fetal; ection or both; maternal / to fetal; us waste, from fetal / to maternal; nones, from maternal / to fetal / both directions;	[max 4]
(b)	oestrogen and proges	sterone	
	MP2 prevent, shed MP3 inhibit (releas MP4 by pituitary gl MP5 prevent egg o		[max 3]
	· ·		[Total: 11]

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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6 (a)	<pre>MP1 reduction of (wild) habitat / change the ecosystem; MP2 area too small to support many organisms; MP3 populations, are too small / isolated, to survive / breed; MP4 disruption to food chain / food web; MP5 flooding; MP6 erosion; MP7 leaching of minerals;</pre>	[max 3]
(b)	MP1 more energy available; MP2 energy loss, within / between, trophic levels; MP3 energy lost in animal's, metabolism / respiration / movement / excretion; MP4 little energy for animal growth; MP5 (about) 90% loss / (only) 10% passed on to humans;	[max 3]
(c)	MP1 burning trees gives off carbon dioxide; MP2 less photosynthesis; MP3 so less carbon dioxide, absorbed; MP4 less oxygen produced; MP5 cows give off, methane; MP6 methane, greenhouse gas; MP7 traps heat in the atmosphere; MP8 less transpiration; MP9 reduced rainfall;	[max 3]
(d)	soils, are thin / have little humus content; no / less, recycling organic material; competition for minerals from crop; constant cultivation, removes / overuses, minerals; plant pest population increases;	[max 2]
(e)	less, forest cleared; less energy used; less water used in paper production from recycled paper; less waste to, landfill; less rubbish burnt, so less carbon dioxide given off;	[max 2]
		[Total: 13]