



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ACCOUNTING 0452/13

Paper 1

October/November 2012

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

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1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
Total		

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.



Th	ere ar	e 10 parts to Question 1.			For
Ch		n of the parts (a) to (j) below there the one you consider correct and pl			Examiner's Use
(a)		ch document is used by a supplier rned and payments received in a mo		plied, goods	
	Α	credit note			
	В	debit note			
	С	invoice			
	D	statement		[1]	
(b)		ader buys a motor vehicle, for use in	er?	go.	
		account to be debited	account to be credited		
	Α	bank	motor vehicle		
	В	motor vehicle	bank		
	С	motor vehicle	J. Sango		
	D	J. Sango	motor vehicle	[1]	
(c)	com	1 January 2009 a trader bought a puter on 31 December 2011. should the transaction of 31 Decem		He sold the	
	A	capital expenditure	iber be diassified:		
	В	capital receipt			
	С	revenue expenditure			
	D	revenue receipt		[1]	
					1

1

(d)	A tra	der provides the fol	lowing information	on for the y	/ear ende	d 30 April 2012.		
					\$			
			sales		60 000			
			expenses		15 000			
			profit for the year	ar	10 000			
	Wha	t is the cost of sales	s for the year end	ded 30 Ap	il 2012?			
	Α	\$25 000						
	В	\$35 000						
	С	\$45 000						
	D	\$50 000						[1]
(e)	Whic	ch is a non-current li	iability?					
	Α	bank loan repayab	le in five years					
	В	bank overdraft rep	ayable in six mo	nths				
	С	freehold property						
	D	trade payables						[1]
(f)	A bu	siness provides for	the depreciation	of its non-	current as	ssets.		
	Wha	t is the effect of this	?					
	ĺ						Ì	
		net pro	ofit	net boo	k value of asset	non-current s		
	Α	decrea	ase		decrea	se		
	В	decrea	ase		increas	se		
	С	increa	se		decrea	se		
							l	

increase

D

increase

[1]

(g)	In a ¡	partnership appropriation account, which is correct?			For
	A	Salaries and interest on capital will increase divisible profit.			Examiner's Use
	В	Interest on capital and interest on drawings will increase divisible profit.			
	С	Salaries and interest on capital will decrease divisible profit.			
	D	Interest on capital and interest on drawings will decrease divisible profit.		[1]	
(h)	How	is factory cost of production calculated?			
	A	prime cost – factory overheads – increase in work in progress			
	В	prime cost – factory overheads + increase in work in progress			
	С	prime cost + factory overheads – increase in work in progress			
	D	prime cost + factory overheads + increase in work in progress		[1]	
(i)	Wha	t is shown by the percentage of net profit to revenue?			
	Α	whether the cost of revenue has decreased			
	В	whether the expenses are well controlled			
	С	whether the selling price has increased			
	D	whether the inventory is being sold quickly enough		[1]	
(j)	A tra	der included his personal telephone bill in the telephone expenses acress.	count of	his	
	Whic	h accounting principle is the trader not applying?			
	Α	business entity			
	В	going concern			
	С	matching (accruals)			
	D	prudence		[1]	
			[Total:	10]	
					1

Question 2 is on the next page.

2				[
b) In the table below, is income or an exp			ading to show wh	ether the ite
		Income	Expense	
Debenture intere	st			
Factory overhead	ds			
Commissions red				
Commissions rec	cived			[;
would be interested				
Alan's trial balance	does not balance.	Give two possible	e reasons for this.	
d) Alan's trial balance	does not balance.	Give two possible	e reasons for this.	
d) Alan's trial balance	does not balance.	Give two possible	e reasons for this.	
d) Alan's trial balance	her bank stateme	Give two possible	tems have not yet	been entere
Alan's trial balance 1 2 Jenny has received in her cash book. P whether the item w	her bank stateme	Give two possible	tems have not yet der the correct he ect on the debit b	been entereading to sho
Alan's trial balance 1 2 Jenny has received in her cash book. P whether the item w	her bank stateme	nt. The following ine table below une, or have no eff	tems have not yet der the correct he ect on the debit b	been entere
Alan's trial balance 1 2 Jenny has received in her cash book. P whether the item we cash book.	her bank stateme	nt. The following ine table below une, or have no eff	tems have not yet der the correct he ect on the debit b	been entereading to sho

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2

(f)	Give one example of an intangible non-current asset.			
				[1]
(q)	Singh bought goods, \$240, on credit from Malik. This v	vas recorded in	Singh's books	as
(3)	\$420.		3	
	(i) Name the type of error which has been made.			
				[1]
	(ii) Show the journal entry required to correct this erro	r. A narrative is	not required.	
	Singh Journal			
		Debit \$	Credit \$	
		·	•	

			•••••	
				[3]
(h)	Lindie maintains a provision for doubtful debts of 3% or receivables amounted to \$28 000 on 1 November 2011 a			
	Calculate the amount of the increase in Lindie's 31 October 2012.	provision for de	oubtful debts	on
				••••
				[3]
			[Total: 2	221

3 Prince makes engine parts. His financial year ends on 30 September.

The following items remained on Prince's books after the preparation of the income statement for the year ended 30 September 2012.

	\$
Bank	500 Dr
Bank loan (repayable 2018)	2800
Capital	6800
Equipment at cost	3500
Inventory	3300
Motor vehicle at cost	4500
Other payables	900
Provision for depreciation – equipment	600
Provision for depreciation – motor vehicle	1000
Trade payables	2700
Trade receivables	3000

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare Prince's balance sheet at 30 September 2012 on the following page.

Prince Balance Sheet at 30 September 2012
[9]

Prince is interested in how easily he can turn the current assets of his business into cash and whether his business will be able to pay the current liabilities as they fall due.

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(b) (i)	State the formula for the calculation of the current ratio.
	[1]
(ii)	Calculate Prince's current ratio at 30 September 2012. Show your workings and give your answer to two decimal places.
	[2]
(iii)	State and explain whether Prince will be satisfied with his current ratio.
	Will he be satisfied?
	Reason
	[3]
(c) (i)	State the formula for the calculation of the quick (acid test) ratio.
	[1]
(ii)	Calculate Prince's quick (acid test) ratio at 30 September 2012. Show your workings and give your answer to two decimal places.
	[2]

	(iii)	State and explain whether Prince will be satisfied with his quick (acid test) ratio.	Fo Exami
		Will he be satisfied?	Us
		Reason	
		[3]	
(d)	_	ggest one way in which Prince could encourage his customers to pay their accounts re quickly.	
		[2]	
(e)	Su	ggest one way in which Prince could improve his working capital.	
		[2]	
		[Total: 25]	

or iner's

Mlongo buys 31 October 20		iirrors. The followir	ng information is a	vailable for the year ende	ed
	Carriage in Carriage o Inventory a Operating Purchases Rent Revenue Returns in	utwards at 1 November 201 expenses	1	\$ 50 100 1300 680 4650 780 8000 215	
Rent includes accrued.	s \$260 paid	in advance. Addi	tional operating ex	openses of \$120 are to b	е
REQUIRED					
(a) State wha	at is meant b	y the term "invento	ry".		
				[1]
Mlongo sells finventory at 3			nd provided the fol	lowing information about h	is
Mirror typ	oe	Units in stock	Cost per unit \$	Selling price per unit	
Full-lengt Wall mirre		15 50	55 15	85 21	
Table mir		36	25	20	
REQUIRED					
(b) Calculate	the value of	f Mlongo's inventor	y at 31 October 201	2. Show your workings.	

(c) From the information on page 12 and your answer to (b), prepare Mlongo's income statement for the year ended 31 October 2012. Mlongo Income Statement for the year ended 31 October 2012

Mlongo knows that the rate of inventory turnover is important to a business.

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(d)	(i)	State the formula for the calculation of the rate of inventory turnover.	
			 [1]
	(ii)	Calculate Mlongo's rate of inventory turnover for the year ended 31 October 2012 Show your workings and give your answer to one decimal place.	<u> </u>
			••••
			[2]
(e)		ngo plans to reduce his closing inventory at 31 October 2013. State the effect on his rate of inventory turnover. Give a reason for your answer.	of
			[2]
(f)	Sta	te one type of business which will have a low rate of inventory turnover.	
			[1]
		[Total: 2	:0]

5

Joolia has a restaurant and receives a bill for water used each month. At 1 July Joolia had an unpaid bill for water of \$58.50. During the three months ended 30 September 2012 she made the following payments by cheque to the water company. 58.50 10 July 12 August 75.00 14 September 45.80 On 4 October Joolia received a bill for \$62.30 for water used to 30 September. **REQUIRED** (a) Explain what is meant by the accounting principle of accruals (matching). [2] (b) Prepare the water account in Joolia's nominal (general) ledger for the three months ended 30 September 2012. Show the amount transferred to Joolia's income statement for the period. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 October 2012. Joolia Water account

(c)	Joolia omits accounting	ted to include an apperiod.	accrued	expense for	staff wages a	t the end o	of her
	State the effect of this omission on her profit for the period.						
							[1]
		supplies of food fro 2012 was as follows		ass Foods Ltd.	. Their account	t in her ledg	jer for
		н	Jool iClass Fo				
	2012		\$	2012		\$	
	Sept 7	Bank	273	Sept 1	Balance b/d	280	
		Discount	7	12	Purchases	475	
	15	Purchase returns	35				
	30	Balance c/d	440				
			755			755	
RE	QUIRED						
(d)	State the se	ction of Joolia's ledg	ger in wh	ich the above	account would	appear.	
							[1]
(e)	State where	h entry in the above the double entry for has been complete	r each tra	ansaction woul	d have been m	ade.	
	1 September Balance b/d						
	Explanation	This is the b	alance c	owed by Joolia	to HiClass Foo	ods Ltd.	
	Double entr	y Debit HiCla	ss Foods	: Ltd (August a	ccount).		

7 September Bank
Explanation
Double entry [2]
7 September Discount
Explanation
Double entry[2]
12 September Purchases
Explanation
Double entry [2]
15 September Purchase returns
Explanation
Double entry [2]
30 September Balance c/d
Explanation
D. 11. 4
Double entry [2]
[Total: 19]

6 Black Limited has issued 100 000 ordinary shares of \$1.50 each and 120 000 6% preference shares of \$1 each. All the shares are fully paid.

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(a)	Cal	culate the total issued share capital of Black Limited.	
			[3]
(b)	(i)	Explain the meaning of the term called-up capital.	
			•••
			[2]
	(ii)	Explain the meaning of the term paid-up capital.	
			[2]
			. -]
(c)	Sta	te two differences between ordinary shares and preference shares.	
	1		••
	2		
		[[4]
(d)	Sta	te two differences between ordinary shares and debentures.	
	1		
	2		
		[[4]

Schmidt is a partner in Schmidt and Kohl, but is also a shareholder in Black Limited. He holds 10 000 ordinary shares and 12 000 preference shares.

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Black Limited pays the dividend on the preference shares in two equal instalments on 30 April and 31 October.

Black Limited declared a dividend on the ordinary shares of 12% payable on 31 October 2012 and the preference share dividend was also paid on that date.

(e)	Explain why companies pay dividends on shares.
	[2]
(f)	Calculate the total dividend paid to Schmidt on 31 October 2012.
	[5]
(g)	State one advantage of being an ordinary shareholder in a limited company compared with being a partner.
	[2]
	[Total: 24]

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