CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/12 Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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- 1 (a) C
 - (b) B
 - (c) D
 - (d) A
 - (e) D
 - (f) C
 - (g) C
 - (h) B
 - (i) B
 - (j) A

(1) Mark each [Total: 10]

2 (a) Asset – Liabilities = Capital

(b) Bookkeeping – detailed recording of all financial transactions of a business (2) Accounting – preparing financial statements at regular intervals from the bookkeeping records (2)

[4]

[1]

(c)	Teresa	
, ,	Trial Balance at 31 January 2013	
	\$	\$
Drawings	29 100 (1)	
Vehicles	16 200	
Rent	3 400	
Inventory at 1 February 2013	2 19 100 (1)	
Equipment	12 100	
Trade payables		16 600 (1)
Trade receivables	19 300 (1)	
Sales		210 100
Purchases	131 600	
Carriage inwards	400 (1)	
Discount received		1 100 (1)
Bank overdraft		17 000
Wages	21 800	
General expenses	11 200	
Capital		<u>19 400</u> (1) OF
-	<u>264 200</u>	264 200 (1) CF

[8]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d) Any two	from –		
Omissio			
A transa	ction is completely omitted from the books	(2)	
Commis	sion (1)		
Δ transa	ction is posted to the wrong account of the same class	(2)	
71 (1011)50		` '	

A transaction is posted to an account of the wrong class
Original entry (1)
An incorrect figure is used when the transaction is first recorded (2)

Reversal (1)
A debit entry is posted on the credit side and vice versa (2)

Compensating (1)

Two or more errors cancel each other out (2)

Naming any 2 errors (1) each Describing the two named errors (2) each

[6]

(e) Teresa Capital account \$ \$ 2013 2012 29 100 (1) Feb 1 Balance b/d 19 400 **(1) OF** Jan 31 Drawings Balance c/d 38 500 2013 Jan 31 Profit for year <u>48 200</u> **(1)** <u>67 600</u> 67 600 2013 Feb 1 Balance b/d 38 500 (1) OF

[Dates and narratives not required]

[4]

(f) To monitor progress (1) using accounting ratios (1)
 For decision-making (1) for future planning (1)
 For comparison purposes (1) with previous years or other businesses (1)
 [2]

[Total: 25]

3 (a)

Consistency	(1)
Duality	(1)
Money measurement	(1)
Prudence	(1)
Going concern	(1)

[5]

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(b) One from –
Jacqui made bulk purchases
Jacqui is in the same trade
Jacqui is a regular customer

Any one reason (2)

[2]

(c) (i) $5\% \times $60 = 3

[1]

(ii)

Account to be debited		Account to be cre	edited
Discount allowed	(1)	Jacqui	(1)

[2]

(iii) One from –

Jacqui made prompt payment

Jacqui paid before the due date

Any one reason (2)

[2]

(d)

	Trading business	Service business
Accountant		√} for both
Hairdresser		√}
Car dealer	√} for both	
Computer component manufacturer	√}	

[2]

[Total: 14]

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	•	I	

4 (a) Clothilde

Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 January 2013

Opening inventory of raw materials

Purchases of raw materials

Carriage on raw materials

100 (1)

1100 (1)

195 500

Less Closing inventory of raw materials 6 200

 Cost of materials consumed (1)
 189 300 (1) OF

 Direct wages
 86 000 (1)

 Prime cost (1)
 275 300 (1) OF

Factory overheads

 Supervisor's salary
 15 000

 Factory rent $80\% \times 30\ 000$ 24 000 (1)

 Factory power $80\% \times 25\ 000$ 20 000 (1)

 Factory insurance $80\% \times 5000$ 4 000 (1)

Depreciation of machinery 3 000 66 000 (1) CF 341 300 (1) OF

Opening work in progress <u>5 800 (1)</u> 347 100

Closing work in progress $\underline{6\ 100}$ (1) Production cost of goods completed (1) $\underline{341\ 000}$ (1) OF

[16]

(b) \$
Production cost of goods completed Opening inventory of finished goods 341 000 (1) OF 19 600 360 600

Closing inventory of finished goods 26 600 (1) for both inventories

Cost of sales <u>334 000</u> (1) **OF**

[3]

(c) \$334 000 (1) OF + 50% = \$501 000 (1) OF [2]

[Total: 21]

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5 (a) Ledger account

[2]

(b)	Rent	account	
	\$		\$
2012	2012		
Jan 1 Balance b/d	6 000 (1) Dec 31	Income	
Feb 28 Bank /Cash	18 000 (1)	statement	37 200 (1) OF
Sept 1 Bank /Cash	<u>19 800</u> (1)	Balance c/d	<u>6 600</u>
	<u>43 800</u>		<u>43 800</u>
2013			
Jan 1 Balance b/d	6 600 (1) OF		
+ (1) dates			

Commission payable account \$ \$ 2012 2012 Dec 31 Bank /Cash 18 100 (1) Jan 1 Balance b/d 1 700 **(1)** Balance c/d 1 150 Dec 31 Income statement <u>17 550</u> **(1) OF** 19 250 <u>19 250</u>

> 2013 Jan 1 Balance 1 150 **(1) OF** b/d

+ (1) dates

[5]

[6]

Stationery account 2012 2012 Jan 1 Balance b/d 120 (1) Dec 31 Income Dec 31 Bank /Cash 1 880 **(1)** 1 910 (1) CF statement Balance c/d 90 2 000 2 000 2013 Jan 1 Balance b/d 90 (1) OF

+ (1) dates

[5]

(c)

Ledger account	Balance sheet			
	Heading		Item	
Commission payable	Current liabilities	(1)	Other payables (1	
Stationery	Current assets	(1)	Other receivables	(1)

[4]

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(d) Journal

	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Sales Cash	250	250	(1) (1)
Drawings Purchases	150	150	(1) (1)

[4]

[Total: 26]

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(a) (()	3.07 At 3 ²	1 March 2012 : 1 (2) CF 1 March 2013 : 1 (2) CF		[4]
(1	•	Incre Incre	one from – ease in trade receivables ease in trade payables nge in bank balance to overdrawn		
		Any	one reason (1)		[1]
(b) (1 March 2012 : 1 (2) CF		
			1 March 2013 : 1 (2) CF		[4]
(i	•	May May Canr	one from – have difficulty in paying debts when due not be able to obtain further supplies on credit not take advantage of cash discounts not take advantage of business opportunities when	they arise	
		Anv	one effect (2)		[2]
		y	(-)		r1
F F [Puro Puro Divio	chase chase dend	from – e of non-current assets e of inventory s paid/tax paid in debtors/non payment by debtors		
,	Any	two	reasons (1) each		[2]

6

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(d) Jarvis Limited

Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 March 2013

\$

Profit for the year 26 000 (1)

Less Transfer to general reserve 10 000 (1)

Ordinary share dividend paid

(6000 **(1)** + 8000 **(1)**) <u>14 000</u> <u>24 000</u>

2 000 (1) OF

Retained profit brought forward

Retained profit carried forward

29 000 (1)

31 000 (1)

[7]

(e) Any one from -

To set aside profit for re-investment

To indicate that part of the profit is not available for distribution

To set aside profit for payment of future dividends

Any one reason (2) [2]

(f) Authorised share capital

The total share capital a company is allowed to issue (1)

Issued share capital

The amount of the share capital which a company has actually issued to shareholders (1) [2]

[Total: 24]