# CAMBRIDGE <br> INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS 

June 2003

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

| MARK SCHEME |
| :---: |
| MAXIMUM MARK: 40 |
| SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0452/01 |
| ACCOUNTING |
| Paper 1 (Multiple Choice) |


| Page 1 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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| Question <br> Number | Key | Question <br> Number | Key |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | D | 21 | A |
| 2 | D | 22 | C |
| 3 | A | 23 | C |
| 4 | B | 24 | C |
| 5 | A | 25 | D |
|  |  |  |  |
| 6 | A | 26 | C |
| 7 | B | 27 | C |
| 8 | C | 28 | B |
| 9 | D | 29 | B |
| 10 | C | 30 | B |
|  |  |  |  |
| 11 | A | 31 | B |
| 12 | B | 32 | D |
| 13 | C | 34 | B |
| 14 | A | 35 | B |
| 15 | A |  | D |
|  |  | 36 |  |
| 16 | B | 37 | B |
| 17 | A | 38 | A |
| 18 | B | 39 | B |
| 19 | B | 40 | B |
| 20 | D |  |  |

TOTAL 40

## CAMBRIDGE

INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

June 2003

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

| MARK SCHEME |
| :---: |
| MAXIMUM MARK: 90 |
| SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0452/02 |
| ACCOUNTING |
| Paper 2 (Structured Questions) |


| Page 1 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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2 (a) An own figure mark for the Capital figure should only be awarded if a credit balance is shown.

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4 (a)
Cash Book

Discount Received Account

| 2003 |  |  |  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| April | 30 | Total for April (or similar |  | 45 |




## CAMBRIDGE

INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

June 2003

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

## MARK SCHEME

## MAXIMUM MARK: 100

## SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0452/03

## ACCOUNTING Paper 3 (Structured Questions - Extended)

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(a) Work can be shared between several people.

Easier for reference as same type of accounts are kept together.
Easier to introduce checking procedures.
Or other suitable point
(b) The names of any two suitable accounts - either real or nominal accounts - which would appear in the general ledger. (1) each
(c)

Purchases Ledger Control account


Dates (1)
[6]

Sales Ledger Control account


2003
May 1 Balances b/d 1456 (1) O/F

| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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(c) Alternative presentation -

Purchases Ledger Control account

|  |  | Dr | Cr | Balance |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2003 |  | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| Apl 1 | Balances |  | 1960 | 1960 Cr |
| 30 | Purchases |  | $4190(1)$ | 6150 Cr |
|  | Purchases returns | $135(1)$ |  | 6015 Cr |
|  | Bank | $3830(1)$ |  | 2185 Cr |
|  | Discount received | $180(1)$ |  | 2005 Cr (1) O/F |

Dates (1)
[6]

Sales Ledger Control account

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Dr} \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Cr} \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | Balance \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |
| Apl 1 | Balances | 1750 | 100 | 1650 Dr |
| 30 | Sales | 5150 (1) |  | 6800 Dr |
|  | Sales returns |  | 270 (1) | 6530 Dr |
|  | Bank |  | 4990 (1) | 1540 Dr |
|  | Discount allowed |  | 110 (1) | 1430 Dr |
|  | Bank (refund) | 100 (1) |  | 1530 Dr |
|  | Bad debts |  | 74 (1) | $1456 \operatorname{Dr}$ (1) O/F |

Dates (1)

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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2 (a)
Amir Sadiq
Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2003

|  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales |  | 92100 (1) |  |
| Less Sales returns |  | 1200 (1) | 90900 |
| Less Cost of Sales Opening stock |  | 9900 (1) |  |
| Purchases | 68500 (1) |  |  |
| Less goods for own use | 300 (1) | 68200 |  |
| Carriage inwards |  | $78800{ }^{(1)}$ |  |
| Less Closing stock |  | 10200 (1) | 68600 (1) |
| Gross Profit |  |  | 22300 (1) O/F |
| Discount received |  | 250 (1) |  |
| Reduction in provision for doubtful debts |  | 50 (1) | $\begin{array}{r} 3200 \\ 22600 \end{array}$ |
| Motor vehicle expenses |  | 1240 \} (1) |  |
| General expenses |  | 2030 \} |  |
| Wages $11940+1080$ |  | 13020 (1) |  |
| Insurance 1470-210 |  | 1260 (1) |  |
| Depreciation - |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicles $20 \% \times 4750$ |  | 950 (1) |  |
| Fixtures and equipment 3400-2800 |  | 600 (1) | 19100 |
| Net Profit |  |  | 3500 (1) O/F |
|  |  |  | [17] |
| Horizontal presentation acceptable. |  |  |  |

(b) $\left.\frac{\text { Cost of goods sold }}{\text { Average stock }}=\frac{68600}{10050} 0 / \mathrm{F}\right\}=6.83$ times (1) O/F
(c) (i) Accounts are prepared on the basis that the business will continue to operate for an indefinite period of time.
(ii) Lower of cost and net realisable value.

3 (a)
Mary
Bank Reconciliation Statement as at 31 January 2003

Balance as per cash book
Plus cheque not yet presented - David
Less amount not yet credited
Balance as per bank statement
(b) (i)

|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Current Assets | 6600 |  |
| Stock | 5400 |  |
| Debtors | 120 | 12360 |
| Insurance prepaid | $\underline{240}$ |  |
| Cash |  |  |
|  | 4620 |  |
| Current Liabilities | 160 |  |
| Creditors | 1780 |  |
| Rent received in advance | $\underline{700}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{7 2 6 0}}$ |
| Bank overdraft $\underline{5100}$ <br> (1) O/F  |  |  |

## Any 2 correct items (1)

(ii) 1. Current ratio

$$
12360 \text { O/F : } 7260 \text { O/F (1) = 1.70: } 1 \text { (1) O/F }
$$

2. Quick ratio
(12360 O/F -6600) : $1260 \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{F}(1)=0.79: 1$ (1) O/F

| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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(c) (i) May have problems paying debts as they fall due May not be able to take advantage of cash discounts Cannot make the most of opportunities as they occur Difficulties in obtaining further supplies

Or other suitable points
Any two suitable points - (2) each
(ii) Injection of more capital

Long-term loans
Sale of surplus fixed assets
Reduce drawings
Or other suitable points
Any two suitable points - (2) each

| Page 7 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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4
(a) April 1 Sales

Suzi sold goods, $\$ 10100$, on credit to John Karunda.

April 30 Bank
John paid $\$ 1000$ to Suzi by cheque.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { May } 6 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Bank (dishonoured cheque) } \\ \text { John's cheque was dishonoured by the bank. The amount was } \\ \text { debited to John's account to show he still owes this amount. }\end{array}\end{array}$
(2)

December 1 Cash
John paid $\$ 850$ in cash to Suzi.

January 3 Bad debts
Suzi wrote off the amount owed by John as a bad debt.
(b)

Provision for doubtful debts account

|  | $\$$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2003 | $\$$ | 2002 | $\$$ |
| Jan 31 Balance c/d | $800(2)$ | Feb 1 Balance b/d | 900 (1) |
| Profit and Loss | $\underline{100}^{(1)}$ O/F |  | $\underline{900}$ |
|  | $\underline{900}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Feb 1 Balance b/d | 800 (1) O/F |

## Dates (1)

[6]

| Page 8 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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Alternative presentation -
Provision for doubtful debts account

(c) Obtain references from new credit customers

Fix a credit limit for each customer
Issue invoices and statements promptly
Follow up overdue accounts promptly
Supply goods on a cash basis only
Refuse further supplies until outstanding account is paid
Or other suitable points
Any 4 suitable points - (1) each

| Page 9 Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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## 5

(a)

## Cobbydale Sports Club

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 30 April 2003
\$ \$
Income
Subscriptions ( $6800+300$ )
Open day - Ticket sales 3250
Less expenses 1950
Expenditure
General expenses
Insurance
Rent of premises (2420 + 220)
Depreciation - Equipment
Surplus for the year

1430 (1)
670 \}
2640 (1)
550 (1)

Horizontal presentation acceptable.
(b) (i) Either

Loan from member
This is not regarded as income for the year as it represents a longterm liability.
Or
Purchase of equipment
This is not regarded as revenue expenditure as it is the purchase of a fixed asset.
Or
Closing bank balance
This is neither income nor expenditure for the year as it represents the amount of money in the bank on 30 April.
(ii) Either

Subscriptions owing Or Rent owing
In each case the item represents an amount relating to the current year which has not actually been received/paid. The matching principle must be applied so that the amount relates to the current period of time.
Or
Depreciation of equipment
This is a non-monetary expense but must be taken into account in calculating the surplus/deficit for the period so that the matching principle is applied.
Or
Surplus for the year
This is the difference between the income and expenditure and is the 'profit' for the year and does not represent money paid/received.

| Page 10 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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(c)
Cobbydale Sports Club
Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2003

| Fixed Assets | Cost | Depreciation to date | Book value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equipment | 3500 (1) | $\underline{550}$ (1) 0/F | 2950 (1) O/F |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |
| Subscriptions due |  | 300 (1) |  |
| Bank |  | $\frac{1080}{1380}{ }^{(1)}$ |  |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Accrual - Rent |  | $\underline{220}$ (1) | $\frac{1160}{4110}$ |
| Accumulated Fund |  |  |  |
| Surplus for the year |  |  | 3110 (1) O/F |
| Long-Term Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Loan* |  |  | $\underline{1000}^{(1)}$ |

* Alternatively, allow as current liability as question does not specify date of repayment.

Horizontal presentation acceptable.
[Total 19]

Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0452 (Accounting) in the June 2003 examination.

|  | maximum | minimum mark required for grade: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mark <br> available | A | C | E | F |
| Component 1 | 40 | - | 24 | 18 | 15 |
| Component 2 | 90 | 78 | 63 | 46 | 34 |
| Component 3 | 100 | 73 | 49 | - | - |

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for $D$ is set halfway between those for Grades $C$ and $E$. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.
Grade A* does not exist at the level of an individual component.

