



URDU

Paper 5 Prose

9676/05

October/November 2011

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Translate the passage overleaf into **Urdu**.

Dictionaries are **not** permitted.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

جواب لکھنے سے پہلے مندرجہ ذیل ہدایات پڑھ لیں۔

اگر آپ کو جواب لکھنے کی کاپی مہیا کی گئی ہے تو سرورق پر دی گئی ہدایات پر عمل کریں۔ اپنا نام، سینٹر نمبر اور امیدوار کا نمبر ہر جوابی کاپی پر لکھیں۔

جوابی کاپی میں مہیا کی گئی جگہوں پر اپنا نام، سینٹر نمبر اور امیدوار کا نمبر لکھیں۔

صفحات کے دونوں طرف گہرے نیلے یا کالے رنگ کے قلم سے جوابات لکھیں۔

اسٹیپلو، پیپر کلپ، ہائی لائٹر، گوند یا کرکشن فلویئڈ استعمال نہ کریں۔

لغت (ڈکشنری) استعمال کرنے کی اجازت نہیں ہے۔

اس صفحے کی دوسری جانب دی گئی عبارت کا اردو میں ترجمہ کریں۔

امتحان کے آخر میں تمام جوابی کاپیوں کو ایک دوسرے کے ساتھ مضبوطی سے نتھی کر دیں۔

آب کا ہر جواب دی گئی حدود کے اندر ہونا چاہئے۔

اس پرچے میں ہر سوال کے مارکس بریکٹ میں دیئے گئے ہیں: [ ]

This document consists of 2 printed pages.



**Translate into Urdu**

Festivals are celebrated by people all over the world. Learning about these customs can help us to understand and appreciate different cultures, beliefs and ways of life. Festivals are often celebrated annually, and many are observed for religious reasons. Some take place on the same date every year, like Christmas, but others may be celebrated on different dates because they are determined by the solar or lunar calendars, such as Diwali or Eid.

Some festivals last only for one day; others may last for several days or even weeks. Some are a quiet time for reflection and remembrance, whereas others take the form of a celebration, carnival or parade. People often visit their relatives and friends, and special food may be prepared to mark the event. It is common to exchange gifts and good wishes. In some cultures, children might receive extra pocket money to spend. Shop windows may be decorated with magical displays which children love to admire.

These occasions are also an opportunity for people to think of those less fortunate than themselves, and some families give money to charity at these times. The celebrations often encourage people to forget old arguments and to extend the hand of friendship. Some even take an oath not to speak badly of anyone.

[40]