

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
General Certificate of Education  
Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

**SOCIOLOGY**

**9699/01**

Paper 1 Principles and Methods 1

October/November 2004

**1 hour 30 minutes**

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.  
Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.  
Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper.  
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.  
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

There are three sections in this paper: Section A, Section B and Section C. Choose **two** of these sections and answer **one** question from **each** of the sections you have chosen.  
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.  
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of 2 printed pages.



Answer **two** questions, each from a different section.

**Section A: The Sociological Perspective**

- 1 Describe and assess the **evidence** that socialisation plays a major part in shaping human behaviour. [25]
- 2 'In modern, affluent societies individuals are free to choose their own social identities.' Explain and assess this view. [25]

**Section B: Sociological Methods**

- 3 'Sociologists should try to be objective in their research, but they may find this difficult to achieve.' Explain and assess this view. [25]
- 4 Assess the strengths **and** limitations of the different types of interview that may be used in sociological research. [25]

**Section C: Social Differentiation and Stratification**

- 5 'Poverty is a stigma that prevents poor people from moving up the social ladder.' Discuss. [25]
- 6 Assess sociological explanations of why women continue to experience inequality in employment in modern industrial societies. [25]