



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education

Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			NDIDATE MBER		

COMPUTING

9691/21

Paper 2

October/November 2011

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No additional materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

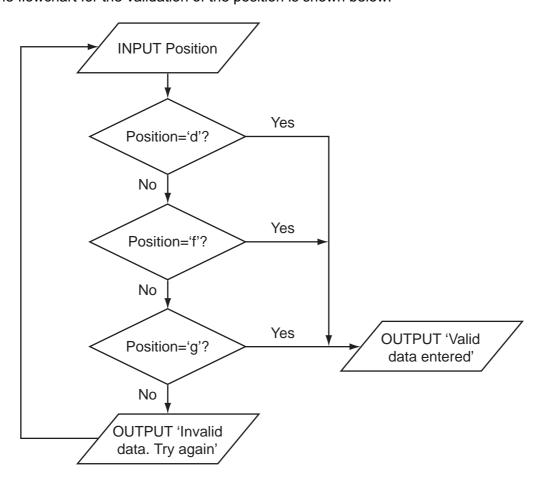
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE

International Examinations

Ahmed is writing a program to record the data of members of the school football squad. The input data will need to be validated. One input will be the position of each player. Is he/she a forward, defender or goalkeeper? These will be entered as f, d or g. The flowchart for the validation of the position is shown below.

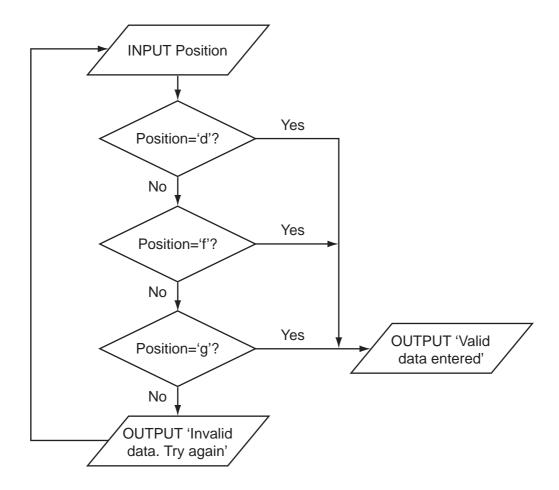


(a)	(i)	What is the output when the input is 'g'?
		[1]
	(ii)	What is the output when the input is 'x'?
		[1]
(b)		high-level language, write the code that will produce the validation process shown ne flowchart.
	Lan	guage
	Coc	
		[5]
(c)		three basic programming constructs used to control the flow of information are: uence, selection and iteration.
	Stat	te the two constructs that are used in your code.
	1	
	2	[1]
(d)	Des	cribe what is meant by iteration.
		[2]

(e) Ahmed thinks it will be a good idea to allow only three attempts at getting the input data correct. If it is not a valid entry after three attempts, a message 'Please check which values are allowed' should be output.

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Modify the flowchart to include this additional check.



[5]

(f) Ahmed needs to store more information about the players. He creates a record structure that contains PlayerID (a whole number between 1 and 50), Sex (m or f), PlayerName, Position (f, d or g), and DateOfBirth.

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Complete the table.

Field Name	Data Type	Field Size (bytes)
PlayerID		
Sex		
PlayerName		
Position		
DateOfBirth		

[10]

(g) The squad has 30 players. Ahmed stores the records in an array called Squad. To calculate how many players are defenders he designs this pseudocode:

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This pseudocode will only consider the first 29 records in the array.

		poducodae wiii dhiy dendadi ind indi 20 federab in ind array.	
	(i)	State the name of this type of error.	
			[1]
	(ii)	State the line that needs changing.	
			[1]
	(iii)	Re-write this line to ensure the pseudocode will consider all 30 records.	
			[1]
(h)		write this updated pseudocode using a WHILE loop ensuring that it will check ords in the array.	all
			••••
			[3]

Nathan is designing a software solution for stock control in a mobile phone shop. He has a colleague, called Andre, who will help him write the program. Nathan decides to modularise the solution.
(a) State why modularisation is a good idea.
[1]
(b) As the first step in his design he splits the solution into the following main areas:
Initialisation, PhoneSales, StockOrdering, Accounts.
Complete the following structure diagram.
Stock Control
PhoneSales
[1]
נין
(c) PhoneSales is made up of two modules, ShopSales and OnlineSales. Add them to the structure diagram shown in (b). [2]
(d) Nathan will write the ShopSales module and Andre will write the OnlineSales module. Nathan will use the identifier <i>Sale</i> for a sale in the shop, and Andre will use the identifier <i>Sale</i> for an online order.
Explain how they can both use the same identifier and not cause a problem when the program is run.
ro:

2

(e)	Bot	h programmers need to choose other identifiers that they will use.
	(i)	Explain why there are some words that cannot be used as identifiers.
		[1]
	(ii)	State three other rules of a high-level programming language that restrict the choice of identifiers.
		Language
		Rule 1
		Rule 2
		Rule 3
		[3]
	(iii)	Give an example of an invalid identifier.
		Language
		Example [1]

(f)	One	e line in the program reads:	
	For	ecastStock = 5*a-b.	
	(i)	Work out the value of ForecastStock when a is 4 and b is 3.	
			••••
			[1]
	(ii)	The programmer has made an error in the code. When a is 4 and b is 3 expected result is 5.	he
		Rewrite the line of code with added parentheses to give the expected result.	
			[1]
	(iii)	Name the type of testing strategy which identified this error.	
			[1]

(g)	One	ne type of test data is invalid data.		
	(i)	Name the other two types.		
		1		
		2	[2]	

- (ii) Andre has written the StockOrdering module, which now needs testing.
 - The StockID is a whole number between 1000 and 9999
 - The ReOrderLevel is between 10% and 20%

Give **six** different items of test data, other than invalid data, which thoroughly test the two rules given above. Give a reason for each choice.

StockID	ReOrderLevel	Reason
50		Invalid data for StockID
	21%	Invalid data for ReOrderLevel

[6]

(h)	(i)	When dealing with the Accounts module, an entry, 'y' or 'n' has to be input, indicating whether the accounts should be printed. The variable identifier is PrintAccounts.
		Write a Boolean expression to validate an input for PrintAccounts.
		[2]
	(ii)	Write a Boolean expression to validate StockID, as described in (g).
		[2]
	(iii)	Describe a possible problem that could occur if the StockID is not validated.

Aisha is learning about manipulating strings in a high-level programming language. She has an idea that she wants to try. She produces the following design in pseudocode:

For Examiner's Use

```
FUNCTION Surprise(MyWord: STRING): STRING
  LOOP FOR Counter ← 1 TO LENGTH(MyWord)
   Temp[Counter] ← MyWord[LENGTH(MyWord) - (Counter-1)]
  ENDLOOP
  Surprise ← Temp
ENDFUNCTION
```

(a) Complete the trace of this function for the function call Surprise ('rac').

MyWord	Counter	LENGTH (MyWord)	Temp[1]	Temp[2]	Temp[3]	Surprise
rac						
	1					

(b)	State the purpose of this function.
	[1]
(c)	Describe what Surprise ← Temp does.
	[2]

[3]

(d)	Higl	h-level languages also use procedures.
	Des	scribe the features of a procedure.
		[0]
		[3]
(e)	Aisł	na has written her pseudocode so that it should be easily understood.
	(i)	State two techniques that she has used in her pseudocode to do this.
		1
		2
		[2]
	(ii)	One other technique to help understanding is to annotate using comments.
		Write a suitable comment to annotate the line:
		Temp[Counter] ← MyWord[LENGTH(MyWord) - (Counter-1)]
		[2]

(f)	Aisha uses an expression:		
	String1 > String2	Examiner's Use	
	Explain how strings are compared by the processor.		
	[3]		

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