## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/36

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2012	9701	36

Question Section		Indicative material		Total
1 (a)	PDO Layout	I Records initial and final burette readings and titre for rough. Tabulates and records initial and final burette readings and volume of <b>FB 2</b> run from burette for all accurate titrations. Not awarded if 50/50.0/50.00 shown more than once.	1	
	PDO Recording	<ul> <li>II Appropriate headings and units: initial/final (burette) reading/volume, reading or volume at start/finish/beginning/end, volume used/volume added/FB 2 used/titre. Units are /cm<sup>3</sup>, (cm<sup>3</sup>) or volume in cm<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ul>	1	
	PDO Recording	III All accurate burette readings recorded to 0.05 cm <sup>3</sup> (this includes 0.00). Two (minimum) accurate titrations needed.	1	
	MMO Quality	Difference between candidate's mean titre and Supervisor's is calculated. Award IV, V and VI for $\delta \le 0.20 \text{ cm}^3$ Award IV and V for $0.20 \text{ cm}^3 < \delta \le 0.40 \text{ cm}^3$ Award IV for $0.40 \text{ cm}^3 < \delta \le 0.60 \text{ cm}^3$ Spread penalty Titres (selected by Examiner) differ by $\ge 0.5 \text{ cm}^3$ or only 1 accurate titration penalty -1. This mark is deducted from those awarded in IV to VI but no popativo marks	3	[6]
(b)	PDO Display	<ul> <li>no negative marks.</li> <li>Calculation of mean Candidate must average two (or more) accurate titres that are within 0.20 cm<sup>3</sup> of another. Working must be shown or ticks must be put next to the two (or more) accurate readings selected.</li> <li>The mean should normally be quoted to 2 decimal places rounded to the nearest 0.01. Example: 26.667 must be rounded to 26.67.</li> <li>Do <b>not</b> award this mark if: any selected titre is not within 0.20 cm<sup>3</sup> of any other selected titre; the rough titre was used to calculate the mean; the candidate carried out only 1 accurate titration; burette readings were incorrectly subtracted to obtain any of the accurate titre values.</li> <li>Note: the candidate's mean will sometimes be marked as</li> </ul>	1	
		correct even if it is different from the mean calculated by the Examiner for the purpose of assessing accuracy.		[1]

Г	Page	e 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape	er
			GCE	AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2012	9701	36	
	(c) (i)	ACE Interpr	etation	0.1 × answer to (b) calculated correctly (3 to 1000 figures)	4 significant	1	
	(ii) Answer to (c)(i) (at least 2 significant figures)		1				
	(iii)			Answer to (c)(ii) × 1000 calculated correctly 25.0		1	
				(3 to 4 significant figures)			[3]
	(d)	ACE	/ements	Any two from			
				Larger quantity of starch – no effect <b>because</b> indicator or wtte.	e starch is the	1	
				Larger volume of KI – no effect <b>because</b> KI <b>excess or</b> will have an effect <b>because</b> KI no <b>excess.</b>	-	1	
				Filter before titration – effective <b>because</b> eas <b>end-point</b> / <b>colour change</b> or not effective <b>b</b> iodine/chemicals stay on the filter paper.			[2]
						[To	tal: 12]
2	(a)	MMO Collec	tion	Mass of zinc used between 2.1 and 2.3 g. Subtraction must be correct from unambiguo weighings.	us	1	
		PDO Record	ding	Table <b>completed</b> and all temperatures recor 0.5°C. Must include at least one ending in 0. ending in 0.5.		1	[2]
	(b) (i)	PDO Layout	t	Axes labelled temperature or T/°C or (°C) or in °C ( $y$ -axis) and time ( $x$ -axis) or t/ minutes of Linear scales chosen so that graph occupies	etc. at least half		
				the available length for both axes. This include extension.	les the 5 C	1	
	(ii)	PDO Layout	t	Plotting accurate (within ½ small square and square). Must plot all readings taken – minim		1	
		MMO Collec	tion	2 straight lines drawn – one before 3 minutes after maximum temperature.	and one	1	
		PDO Layout	t	3 appropriate lines drawn – including extrapo falling).	plations (not	1	[4]

Page	e <b>4</b>		Mark Scheme Syllabus	Pa	per	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2012 9701		GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2012 9701 36		86
(c) (i)	ACE Interpretation		$\Delta$ T calculated. Examiner to check from graph and calculate to nearest 0.5°C. Candidate's answer must be correct to nearest 0.5°C, decimal places not needed for 0.0. Allow $\Delta$ T at 3½ min, even if not max, provided some indication on graph.	1		
(ii)	PDO Display		Correctly calculates $50 \times 4.3 \times$ candidate's $\Delta T$ (from <b>(i)</b> unless value from graph was not using maximum vertical). Must be max.	1		
(iii)	ACE Interpr	etation	Moles Zn = <u>candidate's mass of zinc</u> 65.4 (working must be shown and answer correct to significant figures shown)	1		
			Moles $Cu^{2+} = \frac{50 \times 1.1}{1000} = 0.055$ (working must be shown and answer correct to significant figures shown)	1		
(iv)			(correctly calculated, ecf possible) (correctly calculated, ecf possible) (1000 × moles of Zn (from (c)(iii))	1		
	ACE Conclu	usion	Sign negative and answer to 2–4 significant figures (stand alone).	1	[6]	
(d)	ACE		Error in one temperature reading = 0.5 (°C)	1		
	Interpr	etation	Maximum % error = $\frac{1.0 \times 100}{12.0}$ = 8.3(3) % (ecf 2 × error) Expression or correct answer.	1	[2]	
			F	 	Fotal: <sup>2</sup>	

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(a) (i)	MMO	Solution/ <b>FB 5</b> /liquid goes from green to blue.	1	
	Collection	Green precipitate <b>and</b> insoluble in excess.	1	
		Unqualified white precipitate, insoluble in acid.	1	
(ii)	ACE Conclusions	<b>FB 5</b> is a sulfate/nickel sulfate/NiSO <sub>4</sub> /SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2–</sup> . (allow conclusion even if green ppt in <b>(i)</b> )	1	[4]
(b) (i)	MMO	Solution/ <b>FB 6</b> /liquid goes from yellow to orange.	1	
	Collection	(Solution) goes green/blue (allow grey-green or blue- green).	1	
		Yellow precipitate.	1	
(ii)	ACE	Anion in <b>FB 6</b> is $CrO_4^{2-}$ / chromate Cation in <b>FB 7</b> is H <sup>+</sup> / hydrogen Cation in <b>FB 8</b> is Ba <sup>2+</sup> / barium or Pb <sup>2+</sup> / lead.	1 1 1	
	Conclusions	Add named (aqueous) chloride – white ppt Pb <sup>2+</sup> (not Ba <sup>2+</sup> )		
(iii)	MMO	or Add (aqueous) NaOH – white ppt Pb <sup>2+</sup> (not Ba <sup>2+</sup> )		
	Decisions	or Add (aqueous) ammonia - white ppt Pb <sup>2+</sup> (not Ba <sup>2+</sup> )		
		or Add (aqueous) KI – yellow ppt Pb <sup>2+</sup> (not Ba <sup>2+</sup> ) or		
		Add (aqueous) named chromate (only allow if <b>FB 6</b> not identified as chromate) – yellow ppt both $Ba^{2+}$ and $Pb^{2+}$ with indication that $Ba^{2+}$ is paler.	1	
		Allow ecf from candidate's <b>FB 8.</b>		[7]
(c)	ACE Conclusions	Prediction must follow identities of <b>FB 5</b> and <b>FB 8</b> . (If these correct then should be white ppt.) If candidate's ions in <b>(b)(ii)</b> and <b>(a)(ii)</b> would give two different results, both must be specified.	1	[1]
(d)	ACE Conclusions	(Ethanol/it was) oxidised/ an aldehyde was formed/ a carboxylic acid was formed (not redox).	1	[1]
(e)	MMO Decisions	Uses a (named) carbonate or a (named) reactive metal to produce effervescence/ positive test for the gas. Named indicator with correct colour. NaOH with temperature increase. (no ecf possible)	1	[1]
		( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	Total: 1