

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2007 question paper

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/32

Paper 32 (Practical 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2007	9701	32

Generic Mark Scheme

Skill		Breakdown of marks	
Manipulation, measurement and observation	16 marks	Successful <u>collection</u> of data and observations	8 marks
		<u>Decisions</u> relating to measurements or observations	8 marks
Presentation of data and observations	12 marks	<u>Recording</u> data and observations	5 marks
		<u>Display</u> of calculation and reasoning	3 marks
		Data <u>layout</u>	4 marks
Analysis, conclusions and evaluation	12 marks	<u>Interpretation</u> of data or observations and identifying sources of error	6 marks
		Drawing <u>conclusions</u>	5 marks
		Suggesting <u>improvements</u>	1 mark

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2007	9701	32

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
<p>Round all recorded times in Supervisor and candidate scripts to the nearest second. List on the Supervisor's script the rounded times for experiments 1 and 2 for each candidate.</p>				
1 (a)	MMO Collection	Performs experiments and records times for each reaction.	1	[2]
		Follows instructions.	1	
		Award this mark if the reaction time for experiment 2 is within 20% of that obtained for experiment 2 by the Supervisor (or the majority of candidates in the Centre).		
1 (b)	PDO Recording	(i) Single table for all experiments performed. <i>(Experiments 1 and 2 must be included; minimum for table is volume and time for experiments 1 and 2)</i> <i>A single table has no repetition of headings.</i>	1	
		(ii) Table has been drawn up in advance. <i>(must have minimum of 4 experiments tabulated)</i> <i>– does not have to include experiments 1 and 2)</i> <i>– volumes of FB 4 are sequential.</i> Experiments 1 and 2 may be entered first or last.	1	
		(iii) Table includes columns for volume of FB 4 or log(volume of FB 4), time, $1/t$ or $\log(1/t)$. <i>Ignore other columns</i> <i>or if total volume in experiment $\neq 81$</i>	1	
		(iv) Ignore log columns All other columns correctly labelled with <u>appropriate unit</u> (2007 syllabus). Accept t but not T for time heading Accept cm^3 , dm^3 , s, s^{-1} , $1/\text{s}$ as units for units accept: <i>unit after solidus, unit in bracket or in words e.g. / cm^3; (cm^3) or volume in cubic centimetres</i> but not volume cm^3 <i>If the unit is not included in the column heading, every entry in the column must have a unit.</i>	1	
		(v) All times recorded to nearest second	1	

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2007	9701	32

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
	Accuracy Calculate (vol of FB 4 x time) for experiment 1 and the two additional experiments with greatest volume of FB 4 . (<i>Round all times to the nearest second</i>) Record the V_t values against the appropriate experiment on the candidate's script.			
1 (b) contd.	MMO Decisions	(vi) At least 3 mixtures – in addition to experiment 1 and experiment 2.	1	
		(vii) Volumes of FB 4 chosen are uniformly spaced over the whole range	1	
		(viii) and (ix) Award both of these marks if two of the V_t values are within 10% of the larger of the closest pair. <i>[Award point (ix) but not point (viii) for a difference of 10+% to 20%]</i>	2	
		(x) and (xi) Award both of these marks if candidate's time for experiment 1 is within 10% of that obtained by the Supervisor. <i>[Award point (xi) but not point (x) for a difference of 10+% to 20%]</i>	2	[11]
Where experiment 1 has been repeated, assess accuracy using the time on page 3. Use the value on page 4 when checking the graph.				
1 (c)	PDO Layout	Ignore labels – check which numerical values have been plotted Ignore omission of negative signs; direction of numbers on axes etc.		
		Plots a rate ($1/t$ or $(\log 1/t)$) on y-axis and a concentration (volume of FB 4 or $(\log \text{volume of FB 4})$) on x-axis <i>If labels correct but numbers on scale indicate a different quantity do not award this mark</i>	1	
		Easy to use scales chosen with plotted points covering more than $\frac{1}{2}$ of each available axis	1	

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2007	9701	32

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (c) contd.	PDO Layout	A point must be plotted for each experiment performed – <i>take care where experiments 1 and 2 have been omitted from the main results table</i> All points plotted to within $\frac{1}{2}$ small square and in the correct half of a small square	1	[4]
		Appropriate straight line drawn through the points. (<i>This does not have to be a “best-fit” line but must show correlation to the points plotted. Do not award this mark if there is clearly a better line that could have been drawn through the points</i>) A minimum of three points that lie close to the line are required – <i>no anomalous point is permitted where three points only have been plotted.</i> Do not award this mark if the line is drawn through points “bunched” in less than 20 x 20 small squares.	1	
If a candidate has only performed experiments 1 and 2 or if data has only been plotted for 2 experiments, points L4, L5 and L6 but not L7 can be awarded.				
1 (d)	PDO Display	Construction lines drawn on the graph. <i>The hypotenuse of the constructed “triangle” should cover at least half of the length of the line drawn by the candidate.</i>	1	[3]
		Correctly reads (to nearest $\frac{1}{2}$ small square) the coordinates from the graph <i>Accept values from the table if the line is drawn through the point.</i> <i>Do not penalise reuse of values for an incorrectly plotted point</i>	1	
ACE Interpretation	Calculates gradient correctly to at least 1 decimal place using the values read from the graph by the candidate.	1		
Where data for two experiments only has been plotted, the Display marks only may be awarded. Do not award the Display mark for reading coordinates if either value is taken from the table.				

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2007	9701	32

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark																						
FB 5 is aqueous nickel(II) sulphate, FB 6 is aqueous copper(II) chloride, FB 7 is aqueous chromium(III) chloride, FB 8 is solid 2-hydroxybenzoic acid (salicylic acid)																									
2 (a)	MMO Decisions	Chooses $\text{BaCl}_2/\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and HCl/HNO_3 (not H_2SO_4) as reagents	1	[3]																					
	MMO Collection	Records white ppt with BaCl_2 , insoluble in HCl for FB 5 only (obs for FB 6 and FB 7 not required) <i>If acid is not specified – give this mark only if barium salt is added before the acid</i>	1																						
	ACE Conclusion	Concludes that FB 5 contains the sulphate ion Allow deduction from addition of barium salt without addition of acid <i>If no observations recorded this mark can be awarded if it is clear that the barium salt and appropriate acid are added to all three solutions.</i>	1																						
2 (a) alt	MMO Decisions	Chooses AgNO_3 and aqueous ammonia	1																						
	MMO Collection	Records white ppt with AgNO_3 , soluble in aqueous ammonia for FB 6 and FB 7 (obs for FB 5 not required)	1																						
	ACE Conclusion	Concludes that FB 5 contains the SO_4^{2-} ion (by elimination) <i>Allow deduction from addition of silver salt without addition of aqueous ammonia</i>	1																						
2 (b)	MMO Collection	Give one mark for the following observations on adding	1																						
		<table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">NH_3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">NaOH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FB 5</td> <td>green ppt</td> <td>green ppt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FB 6</td> <td>blue ppt</td> <td>blue ppt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FB 7</td> <td>grey-green ppt</td> <td>grey-green ppt</td> </tr> </table> <p>Give one mark for the following observations on adding excess reagent (excess is needed in recorded observation except where no ppt is recorded, correctly or incorrectly, on first addition of reagent)</p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">NH_3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">NaOH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FB 5</td> <td>(soluble) – blue solution</td> <td>insoluble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FB 6</td> <td>(soluble) – dark blue solution</td> <td>insoluble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FB 7</td> <td>insoluble</td> <td>(soluble) – dark green solution</td> </tr> </table> <p>Where only one reagent has been used, one of the C3 marks above may be awarded for fully correct observations on adding the reagent to excess.</p>			NH_3	NaOH	FB 5	green ppt	green ppt	FB 6	blue ppt	blue ppt	FB 7	grey-green ppt	grey-green ppt		NH_3	NaOH	FB 5	(soluble) – blue solution	insoluble	FB 6	(soluble) – dark blue solution	insoluble	FB 7
	NH_3	NaOH																							
FB 5	green ppt	green ppt																							
FB 6	blue ppt	blue ppt																							
FB 7	grey-green ppt	grey-green ppt																							
	NH_3	NaOH																							
FB 5	(soluble) – blue solution	insoluble																							
FB 6	(soluble) – dark blue solution	insoluble																							
FB 7	insoluble	(soluble) – dark green solution																							

