## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/33

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	33

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (a)	PDO Layout	<ul> <li>Volume given for rough titre and accurate titre details tabulated. <i>Minimum of 2 × 2 "boxes".</i></li> </ul>	1	
	PDO Recording	<ul> <li>Appropriate headings and units for data given in weighing and accurate titration tables. Acceptable headings: mass of tube + FA1; mass of tube + residue/mass of empty tube (mass of FA1 used); initial/final or 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> (burette) (reading)/(reading at) start/finish; volume added/used/ titre; or wtte [not "difference"] Acceptable units are solidus: /cm<sup>3</sup>; brackets: (cm<sup>3</sup>); in words: volume in cubic centimeters, volume in cm<sup>3</sup>. Similarly for mass in g, etc If units are not included in the heading every entry in the table must have the correct unit.</li> </ul>	1	
	PDO Recording	<ul> <li>All accurate burette readings are given to the nearest 0.05 cm<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; more than one final burette reading is 50.(00); any burette reading is greater than 50.(00)</li> </ul>	1	
	MMO Decision	IV Two uncorrected titres within 0.10 cm <sup>3</sup> Do not allow the Rough even if ticked. Do not award this mark if having performed two titres within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm <sup>3</sup> from the closer of the initial two titres, unless a fourth titration, within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> of any other has also been carried out.	1	
and then se <i>two identic</i> to calculate Examiner o	elects the "best" tit al; titres within 0.0 e mean (ignore any	ed mean titre/corrected mass of FA 1] with Supervisor		
	MMO Quality	Award <b>V</b> , <b>VI</b> and <b>VII</b> if $\delta \le 0.05 \text{ (cm}^3\text{g}^{-1})$ Award <b>V</b> and <b>VI</b> if $0.05 < \delta \le 0.10$ Award <b>V</b> only if $0.10 < \delta \le 0.20$ If the "best" <b>titres</b> are $\ge 0.60 \text{ cm}^3$ apart cancel one of the Q marks.	1 1 1	[7]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	33

(b)	MMO Decision	Selects <b>correctly subtracted accurate</b> titre values within 0.20 cm <sup>3</sup> . Must use more than one value. If no calculation shown then titres must be indicated ( <i>e.g.</i> with a tick) in the table	1	
	PDO Display	Correct mean from any values selected (may include rough) by candidate given to same decimal places as most precise burette reading recorded in the table.	1	
		The third decimal place may be rounded to the nearest 0.05 cm <sup>3</sup> . A mean of exactly .x25 or .x75 is allowed but the candidate may round up or down to the nearest 0.05 cm <sup>3</sup> . If <b>ALL</b> burette readings are given to 1 decimal place then the mean may be given to 1 decimal place if numerically correct without rounding. Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.35 ( $\checkmark$ ) Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.4 ( $x$ ) If no working shown allow mean if value identical to		
		that used by Examiner.		[2]
(c)	ACE Interpretation	I In part (i) {titre from (b)/1000} × 0.01(0) If no working shown then answer must be correct.	1	
		II ans to (i) × 5 and ans to (ii) × 10 <i>with no additional steps</i>	1	
		III ans to (iii) × 55.8 If (iii) incorrect allow correct (ii) × 10 × 55.8	1	
		<ul> <li>IV correct (ans to (iii) × 55.8/mass of FA 1) × 100 to sf shown (<i>ecf</i> allowed from (iii)) (sf shown may come from (i) with no previous rounding)</li> <li>If (iii) incorrect allow correct (ii) × 10 × 55.8 × 100/mass FA 1 (If choice of answer take the one in the answer space.)</li> </ul>	1	
	PDO Display	<ul> <li>V 3 or 4 significant figures in final answers to all parts attempted (minimum three parts)</li> </ul>	1	[5]
(d)	ACE Interpretation	<ul> <li>(i) Uncertainty either 1 or .5 in final place.</li> <li>If balance displays to 1 decimal place: error in balance reading is ±0.05 g or ±0.1(0) g</li> <li>If balance displays to 2 decimal places: error in balance reading is ±0.005 g or ±0.01 g</li> <li>If balance displays to 3 decimal places: error in balance reading is ±0.0005 g or ±0.001g</li> </ul>	1	
		(ii) {2 × (i)/mass used} × 100 answer to 2, 3 or 4 sf	1	[2]
		·	[То	tal: 16]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	33

2 (a)	PDO Display	mass of <b>FA 4/hydrated</b> magnesium sulfate, mass of water lost.		
	PDO Recording	mass of crucible + FA 4, mass of FA 4/hydrated magnesium sulfate, mass of FA 4/hydrated magnesium sulfate, mass of vater lost. 		
	MMO Decision			
masses of If the Sup check wh	periments carried out of <b>FA 4</b> to calculate the pervisor's value is do bether candidates are	e ratio. btful (higher than the majority of candidates) then close to the expected value of 0.55 or use candida	ite	
	MMO Quality			[5]
(b)	ACE Interpretation	[mass of water lost × 246.4/18] (allow m(H <sub>2</sub> O) × 246.4/7) $M_r$ H <sub>2</sub> O must be 18 Allow ecf for mass of water lost If two experiments carried out then mass of water may be taken from either or the mean. Allow mark if answer calculated correctly but work	r	
		evaluated to 3 sf [= mass of water lost × 1.956] ( <i>Ignore part (ii)</i> ) There are other chemically correct methods – ma		[2]
(c)	ACE Improvements	larger mass (for smaller percentage error) or		[1]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	33

		<b>FA 5</b> is	NaHCO <sub>3</sub> (s); <b>FA 6</b> is $NH_4Br(s)$ ; <b>FA 7</b> is $H_2SO_4(aq)$		1
3	(a)	MMO Collection	On heating, steam or condensation or water vapour, misty vapour is noted <b>or</b> solid becomes powdery	1	
		MMO Decisions	Tests for gas using limewater <b>or in 3(d)</b>	1	[2]
	(b)	PDO Layout	Presents results of tests in an unambiguous way <i>Minimum 4 × 2 boxes</i>	1	
		MMO Collection	(No reaction with cold NaOH and) gas/ammonia/fumes produced (on heating) that turn(s) red litmus blue <i>Do not award if ppt reported with NaOH (CON)</i>	1	
			No reaction with ammonia <b>and</b> no reaction with barium chloride/nitrate	1	
			Cream ppt with silver nitrate that partially dissolves/is insoluble in aqueous ammonia	1	
		ACE Conclusion	<b>FA 6</b> cation: ammonium/NH₄ <sup>+</sup> <i>from some evidence and no CON obs</i>	1	
			<b>FA 6</b> anion: bromide/Br <sup>-</sup> No ecf but can award Br <sup>-</sup> from any mention of cream but ppt must be present <b>or</b> off-white ppt insoluble or partially soluble in NH <sub>3</sub> .	1	[6]
	(c)	MMO Collection	Ignore any observations after water added. Steamy/misty white/orange/red/red-brown (not brown) gas/vapour/ fumes/smoke produced or gas/vapour/fumes/smoke bleaches litmus (paper) or gas/vapour/fumes/smoke turns (potassium) dichromate (solution) from orange to green	1	
			(White) solid turns red/orange (not yellow, not brown, not solution, not ppt) Ignore "hot"	1	
		ACE Conclusion	<b>FA 6</b> is oxidised/redox reaction/oxidation because Br <sup>-</sup> becomes $Br_2/Br_2$ is produced <b>or</b> redox/reduction because $H_2SO_4$ forms/becomes $SO_2$ (with positive dichromate observation) <b>or</b> exothermic because tube becomes hot/heat given out.	1	[3]
	(d)	MMO Collection	Fizzing/effervescence/bubbling (occurs) ( <i>not gas is produced</i> ) If limewater test used here give second mark in <b>(a)</b> .	1	
			White ppt with lead nitrate <b>and</b> no reaction with silver nitrate	1	[2]

Page	e 6	Ма	rk Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Pape	er
		GCI	E AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	33	
(e)	MMC	) Decision	barium chloride/nitrate followed by hydr acid (not Ba <sup>2+</sup> (aq), BaNO <sub>3</sub> ,) (If H <sup>+</sup> already identified then "followed b hydrochloric/nitric acid" is not essential.	y	1	
	ACE Conc	clusion	<b>FA 7</b> cation: protons/H <sup>+</sup> if there is a pos observation with blue litmus paper/K <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub> /Mg/Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	itive	1	
			<b>FA 7</b> anion: sulfate/SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> Allow from minimum evidence of white $\mu$ Ba <sup>2+</sup> (aq)		1	
					[Tota	al: 1