## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (a)	PDO Layout	<ul> <li>Volume given for Rough titre and accurate titre details tabulated. <i>Minimum of 2 × 2 boxes</i>.</li> </ul>	1	
	MMO Collection	<ul> <li>Initial and final (burette) (readings) and volume of FB 2 added/reading at start and finish recorded for each accurate titre (not 'difference').</li> <li>and mass tube + FB 1, mass tube + residue/empty, mass FB 1.</li> <li>Ignore units.</li> <li>Headings should match readings.</li> <li>Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; More than one final burette reading is 50(.00); Any burette reading is greater than 50(.00).</li> </ul>	1	
	PDO Recording	<ul> <li>All accurate burette readings (initial and final) recorded to nearest 0.05 (cm<sup>3</sup>).</li> <li>Assessed on burette readings only (minimum of 2 readings).</li> </ul>	1	
	MMO Decisions	<b>IV</b> Has two uncorrected accurate titres within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> . Do not award this mark if, having performed two titres within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> , a further titration is performed that is more than 0.10 cm <sup>3</sup> from the closer of the initial two titres, unless a fourth titre, within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> of any of the previous titres, has also been carried out.	1	
Round any burette readings to the nearest $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ . Check and correct, if necessary, subtractions in the titre table and in the calculation of mass. Examiner then selects the 'best' titre using the hierarchy: two identical; titres within $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ , titres within $0.1 \text{ cm}^3$ etc. Calculate: candidate's titre × $\frac{\text{Supervisor mass}}{\text{candidate mass}}$ to 2 decimal places				
Calculate difference in Supervisor and candidate scaled values and award quality marks as below.				
	MMO Quality	<b>V</b> , <b>VI</b> and <b>VII</b> Award <b>V</b> , <b>VI</b> and <b>VII</b> if $\delta \le 0.25 \text{ cm}^3$	3	
		Award <b>V</b> and <b>VI</b> if $0.25 < \delta \le 0.50 \text{ cm}^3$		
		Award <b>V</b> if $0.50 < \delta \le 0.80 \text{ cm}^3$		
		the Q marks.		[7]

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(b)	ACE Interpretation	Calculates the mean, correct to 2 decimal places from any <b>accurate</b> titres within $0.2 \text{ cm}^3$ .	1	
		The third decimal place may be rounded to the nearest $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ . A mean of exactly .×25 or .×75 is allowed but the candidate may round up to .×3 or .×8 or to the nearest $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ . If ALL burette readings are given to 1 decimal place then the mean can be given to 1 decimal place if numerically correct without rounding, Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.35 ( $\checkmark$ ) Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.4 ( $\times$ ) Titres to be used in calculating the mean must be clearly shown – in an expression or ticked in the		
		titration table.		
		Allow ecf from subtraction error for titre.		[1]
(c)	ACE Interpretation	Correctly evaluates step (i)     (= mean titre × 0.2 / 1000)	1	
		II, III and IV are awarded for the correct expression or for the correct answer if no working shown. For all 'method' marks, no additional steps can be included.		
		II Step (ii) (answer to (i) / 2) and step (iii) (answer to (ii) × 10)	1	
		III In (iv) relative formula mass (= mass of washing soda / answer to (iii)) (ignore g)	1	
		IV In (v) answer to (iv) – 106 / 18 or	1	
		106 + 18x = answer to <b>(iv)</b> (mark method even if M <sub>r</sub> is < 106 or very large).	1	
	PDO Display	<ul> <li>V Some relevant working shown in a minimum of four parts in the calculation (in (ii) could be × 2 or ÷ 2, in (iii) could be × 10 or ÷ 10, in (v) could be use of 106)</li> </ul>		
			1	
		(minimum of 3 steps).		[6]
(d)	ACE Interpretation	0.1 × 100 / titre from <b>(b)</b> (only expression needed).	1	[1]
			[Tot	tal: 15]

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2 (a)	PDO	Layout	I	Two balance readings, one mass, tw thermometer readings and one char temperature shown in suitable lavou	/o ige in t.	1	
	PDO	Recording	II	Masses and temperatures recorded headings and units for all data show Acceptable units for temperature are temperature in degrees Celsius, tem °C., units for mass are /g, (g), mass	with correct n. e / °C, (°C), pperature in in grams.	1	
	PDO	Recording	III	All thermometer readings recorded t 0.5 °C and all balance readings reco same degree of accuracy.	o 0.0°C or rded to	1	
Round all th	ermor	neter reading	s to r char	nearest 0.5°C.Check and correct, if ne	cessary,		
Calculate to	1 dec	imal place: ca	andid	late temperature change × Supervis	or mass mass used		
marks as be	elow.	ce in candidat	e an	u Supervisor scaleu values anu awaru	quality		
	MMC	O Quality	IV a	and <b>V</b>			
			Aw Su Aw	ard <b>IV</b> and <b>V</b> for changes within 0.8°C pervisor ard <b>V</b> for changes > 0.8 but within 1.6	C of S°C of	2	[6]
(b) (i)	ACE		Su	Expression for heat change in (i)		1	၂၁၂
() (-)	Inter	pretation		= $25 \times 4.3 \times$ temperature change fro (answer given must correspond to u	m <b>(a)</b> nits quoted).		
(ii)			II	Expression for moles of washing soc used and $M_r$ from (a) or $M_r = 259$ or (ii)	da from mass Mr = 286 in	1	
(iii)			ш	Correctly evaluates enthalpy change change / (1000 × moles of washing s (if 1000 not used, must say J).	e = heat soda) in <b>(iii)</b>	1	
	ACE Cond	clusions	IV	Enthalpy change shown as positive figs. (Answer need not be arithmetic Ignore sig figs (except if approximate in rest of question.)	and to 3 sig ally correct). ed to 1 sig fig	1	[4]
(c)	ACE Impr	ovements	Use mo to ( dig	e a more precise thermometer/a therr re accurate calibrations/a thermomete 0.1°C or 0.2°C (a more accurate ther ital thermometer/thermocouple is insu	nometer with er that reads nometer/a ufficient)	1	
			use of a or use	e a more precise method to measure acid e a deeper plastic cup	the volume		
			or sca	ling up apparatus and quantities of ch	emicals used		
			(Do	o not accept 'add a lid')			[1]
						[Tot	al: 10]

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FB	<b>FB 5</b> is MgSO <sub>4</sub> (aq); <b>FB 6</b> is Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (aq) <b>FB 7</b> is Al <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (aq); <b>FB 8</b> is (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> FeSO <sub>4</sub> (aq)					
3	(a) (i)	MMO Decisions	I Reagents chosen $KI(aq)$ or $HCl(aq)$ or $K_2CrO_4$ or $K_2Cr_2O_7$ or $H_2SO_4$ and NaOH (aq) (penalise additional reagents)	1		
		MMO Collection	II NaOH white precipitates for all	1		
			III Excess NaOH no effect FB 5, precipitate dissolves FB 6 and FB 7	1		
			IV KI / HC1 / K <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub> / K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> / H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> nothing/no visible reaction for (FB 5 and FB 7), yellow precipitate/white precipitate for FB 6.	1		
			Ignore observations for additional reagents.		[4]	
	(ii)	ACE Conclusions	<ul> <li>FB 5 contains Mg<sup>2+</sup>, FB 6 contains Pb<sup>2+</sup> and FB 7 contains At<sup>3+</sup> (no ecf and must follow observations in (i))</li> </ul>	1		
			II FB 5 (white) precipitate with NaOH, insoluble in excess	1		
			III FB 6 (yellow) precipitate with KI / (yellow) precipitate with K <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub> or K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> / (white) precipitate with HC <i>l</i> or H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> .	1		
			<b>FB 7</b> No precipitate with KI / $HCl / H_2SO_4$ and (white) precipitate with NaOH, soluble in excess. (Both observations needed unless <b>FB 6</b> already identified as $Pb^{2^+}$ ).	1		
			Allow ecf, based on candidate's observations, for II, III and IV.		[4]	

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		Conclusions are free standing but must be Fe <sup>2+.</sup>		[2]
		(+)2 to (+)3.	1	
	ACE Conclusions	(+)2 to 0 (ecf on chromium (+)3 to 0) or (+)3 to (+)2).	1	
		Fe <sup>2+</sup> / iron (II).	1	[5]
		Turns brown (any qualified brown) on addition of hydrogen peroxide. Allow rusty or orange/brown precipitate but not orange alone. Ignore effervescence.	1	
(iii)		Green precipitate (any qualified green including grey/green but do not allow green/brown.)	1	
(ii)		Ammonia/gas turns litmus paper blue	1	
(b) (i)	MMO Collection	Effervescence/bubbles/hydrogen produced (ignore any test for ammonia but tests for other gases negate). (Do not accept gas produced) or Black/grey solid/coating on magnesium	1	