MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Question	Expected Answers	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (a) (i) Dec	ide which other salt concentrations to make and complete the table.		
MMO decisions 3	<u>0 and 5% salt</u> plus at least three evenly/serial spaced ignoring 0; e.g. 5/3.75/2.5/1.25 or serial 10/5/2.5/1.2 or 5/2.5/1.25/0.625 or 1/3/5/7 check any others.	Ignore % in body of table.	[1]
	correct volumes used to dilute up to 10 cm³ AND correct % saltAND correct % of yeast and salt half % salt; Credit rounding up or down and from 0.5 either way.		[1]
	(tubes listed) either most dilute/lowest % to most concentrated % or most concentrated to most dilute; Ignore 0.		[1]
(ii) Pre	pare space and record results.		
PDO recording 2	single table AND all cells drawn AND %/percent(age);	headingheadingheadingheadingheadingheadingheadingheadingDo not credit if % in body of table.	[1]
	(number/no. of) drops/AW; (heading to the left or above the data)	Do not credit bubbles or if drops repeated in table.	[1]
MMO collection 2	suitable time with units e.g. per minute/min/min ⁻¹ / secs/seconds/s maximum time 5 minutes, minimum time 30 sec;	Ignore mean/time in table Credit anywhere even outside the table	[1]
	any two different concentrations/tubes show different <u>numbers</u> of drops;		[1]

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(iii) Ide	ntify two of most significant errors		
ACE interpretation	different times before measuring/timing not the same;	Do not credit not enough time.	[max 2]
1	drops have air bubbles/different sizes/different masses/too fast;		
	not airtight/air lock/froth/bubbles in <u>nozzle;</u>		
(iv) Sta	te degree of uncertainty (of ruler used).		
ACE	+/- AND	Ruler has error at each end of measurement of half	[1]
interpretation	either half smallest division OR whole smallest division	smallest division = $+/-$ half a division × 2 = $+/-$ whole	
1	AND units/cm/mm;	division with units mm.	
		Do not credit % error unless candidate shows formula	
		including the measured length of the pipette	
		i.e. $3.5 \text{ cm}/35 \text{ mm}$. e.g. $0.1/3.5 \times 100 = +/-2.8\%$	
		or 1/35 × 100 = +/- 2.8%	
		0.05/3.5 × 100 = +/- 1.4 cm etc.%	

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(v) Sug	gest how to make sure results are as accurate as possible and as reliable a	s possible	
ACE	C (identification or control of any relevant variables)	Credit in either accuracy or reliability.	[1]
improvements	use buffer/same pH		
3	same type of yeast		
	keep time same/set up separate expts/stagger time;		
	Ignore use water bath/same temp.		
	Accuracy: collect volume using measuring cylinder/video/time lapse photography/alternative method/ credit idea of making sure all drops are counted e.g. removal of all air locks in context /AW;	Accuracy: (change/improvement to method of measuring to obtain results as close as possible to the true value)	[1]
	Reliability 1: increase number/range of concentrations/2 named examples;	Reliable: (method to control variables so more repeatable)	[1]
	Reliability 2: repeats more/several times/twice/obtain three readings (at each concentration)/collect class data (for same expt.);	Do not credit repeat experiment unqualified.	[1]
	Reliability 3: calculate mean/average;	Do not credit three reliability marks.	[1] [max 2]

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(b) (i) Plot	t a gra	ph of the data shown in Table 1.3.		
PDO layout 4	0	x-axis mass of (dried) yeast (/)g 100 cm ⁻³ glucose solution y-axis % or percentage, <u>absorbance;</u>		[1]
	S	y axis 20 to 2 cm and x axis 0.5 to 2 cm; Credit origin 0.50/1.00 if labelled.	Do not credit S if awkward scale. Must use more than half the grid in either direction.	[1]
	Ρ	 plotting correct points using crosses/dots in circles only; Do not credit if any extra points plotted in same way as other points e.g. at 60% or 25%. No 2 crosses larger than x or blobs bigger than o. Plots at 1.00, 1.50, 2.00 and 2.25 must be within the horizontal lines for the correct box plot 3.00 must be on horizontal line and correct vertical. 	Do not credit P plotting if awkward scale or if only blobs/dots/blobs in circles.	[1]
	L	curve through at least 4 points/points joined with straight line; Quality – line no thicker than 1 mm thick Complete line should be smooth/not feathery.	Ignore extrapolation to zero. Do not credit any extrapolation beyond the last horizontal/vertical lines or extrapolation which does not reach zero.	[1]
(ii) Cor	nplete	the Table 1.4 (readings at 60% and 25% absorbance using graph).		
ACE interpretation 1	correc decim	ct readings from candidate's graph at 60 and 25% absorbance to two al places;	2.40 and 1.70 most likely. Must be to two decimal places as in table.	[1]
(iii) Sho	w clea	arly on the graph how you obtained the mass.		
ACE interpretation 1	for bot	h vertical and horizontal lines;	Credit even if reading from wrong value.	[1]

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(d) State v	vhether you think the hypothesis is supported by the student's results. Exp	lain your answer.	
ACE conclusion 2	not true/no; decreases between day 1 and day 3 or quote of data or not enough data/ described;	Credit ecf from their results	[1+1]
	true/yes; mass on day 1/quoted and day three/quoted are higher than day 0/quoted OR 0/quoted 5 absorbance between days 1 and 3 showing it would be higher or add mass for day 1 and day 3 and divide by 2 = 2.00;	Credit statement – even if the supporting argument is weak.	[1+1]
	no and then yes or yes then say no or partly or might be true; not enough data/described;		[1+1]
		Т	otal: 21]

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Question	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	Mark
2 (a) (i) Drav	w large low power pla	n section given. Annotation.		
PDO layout 1	clear, sharp, unbroker acetate grid;	n lines AND no shading AND cannot fit totally within the		[1]
MMO collection 3	no cells AND epiderm	al layer drawn as two lines;		[1]
	1 or 2 vascular bundle	es AND a closed tapering end;		[1]
	shows a region at the	closed tapered end (for collenchyma);		[1]
MMO decision	Any TWO from:			[max 2]
2	(epidermal cells)	clear/large/ thin cell walls/one cell thick;	Credit any correct description.	
	(collenchyma cells)	thick cell walls/densely stained/small;		
	(mesophyll cells)	red cells/irregular/rectangular shapes/loosely-packed/ spaces;	Do not credit functions.	
	(xylem)	large <u>cells or vessels</u> /lignified/red/brown/thick walls/ clear;		
	(phloem)	small cells ;		
	Credit tissue red etc. I	eject large tissue idea.		
	Ignore lumen/hollow/e	mpty/air/labels look for the line and apply description		

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(ii) Mak	e a large labelled dra	awing	g of 2 epideri	nal cells	and the cells which f	orm the
PDO layout 1	clear, sharp, unbroken lines	AND	no shading	AND	cannot fit totally within acetate grid 6 cm × 6 For the complete drav	n the cm; wing.
MMO collection 1	only 2 complete epide	ermal	<u>cells</u> drawn AND	at least 2 touching	ı 2 complete cells under j;	neath
PDO recording 1	valid observation; Do epidermal cells	Not o oil d proje gran 1 ce uppe	credit if textbo roplet Do not ection on oute nules inside Il shape has er and lower s	vok or too t credit if r er wall vertical sic surfaces	much detail nucleus present des and a bowed	
MMO decisions 2	Any two correct epidermal/mesophyll, cell wall nucleus (on mesophy cytoplasm air space (between c chloroplast (in mesop vacuole oil droplet/highly stair Ignore starch grain/ce	/other yll cell cells) phyll c ned pa ell me	art of cell() Ignore on e cell) art of cell/darl	s) pidermis kened are	ea/AW (in epidermal ce	11)

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(b) Calcula	te the area of view. Count and record no. of stomata in field of view. Calculate no. of stomata per mm ² .	
PDO display 1	calculation of field of view shown; 3.14×0.15^2 or $3.14 \times (1.5 \times 10^{-1})^2$	[1]
	(3.14 × 150 ²)(/1000 000 or 10 ⁶); Credit (3.14 × 300 ² /4) (/1000 000/10 ⁶ or × 10 ⁻⁶)	
MMO collection 1	ref to 0.15 mm/150 μm;	[1]
MMO decision	(uses stage micrometer to obtain) diameter 300 μm/0.3 mm or radius/0.15 mm/ 150 μm;	[1]
MMO collection	marks stomata on fig. AND between 20 and 36;	[1]
PDO display 1	shows number of stomata divided by their calculated area/correct answer whole number only;	[1]

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(c) Show th	ne differences between tl	he cells in Fig. 2.2 and F	ig. 2.4.		
PDO recording	organise as a table/	headed	comparative statement	ts	
1	Venn diagram/		opposite each other;		
	ruled connected boxes		First two statements.		
ACE					[
interpretation 1	feature	Fig. 2.4	Fig. 2.5		
ACE	number of stomata/ cells	more/calculated no. per mm ²	fewer/calculated no. per mm ² ;		
	size of stomata/cells	smaller	larger/longer;		
	shape of stomata/cells	oval/rounded/irregular/ puzzle-shaped/	rectangular/triangular/ regular;		
	orientation of stomata/ cells	random/scattered/ irregular	lined up/parallel; /regular;		
	(epidermal) cell walls	thinner/smoother	thicker/rougher/ folded;		
		(folded/irregular) all round	folded along sides/no folds at ends;		
	Ignore stomata open and Ignore drawings credit ar	l closed/sunken. notations if comparative			
					[Tot