### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**GCE Advanced Level** 

# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

# 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/42

Paper 4 (Problem Solving – Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

			GC	E A LEV	EL – Oc	tober/N	lovemb	er 2013	1	9706	;		42	
1	(a)				\$	Realis	ation ac	count			\$			
		Inventor Trade re	eceivable: a/c A 68	S	250 000 89 345 720 of		Trade p Albech	oayables Ltd	3			60		
				249 (1)c							478 0	<u>60</u>		[8]
	(b)					Bar	nk accou	ınt						
		Bal. b/d. Trade re Capital a	eceivable	S	\$ 9 250 52 765 27 995	` '	30 June Trade p Capital	ayables a/c	B 18	073 <b>(1) o</b> t <u>262</u> <b>(1) o</b> t	f 44 3	75 <u>35</u>	(2)	
		Ordinary Preferer Debentu	on of shar / shares: nce share ure = \$40 of cash:	\$200 000 s: \$100 0 000 × 89	0 split A 000 split % = \$320	A\$33 3 00 intere	33; B \$4 est / 10%	0 000; 0 6 = \$32	C \$26 000		<u>90 0</u> 000	<u>10</u>		[8]
	(c)				<u>Partne</u>	ers' cap	ital acco	o <u>unts</u>						
Λ IJ-	احامما	. 4.4	A \$	B \$	C \$	Dal 5/		A \$		B \$		C \$	00 /4\	
	ech l d. sha	Ltd ares 100	000	75 000	25 000	Bal. b/c Curren		5 000 4 840		90 000 44 950			00 <b>(1)</b> 55 <b>(1)</b>	

**Mark Scheme** 

Page 2

Pref.shares

**Debentures** 

Cash

Bank

33 333

71 500

236 833

32 000 (1)

[8]

95 804

40 000 26 667 Realisation

53 625 17 875

 $\begin{array}{c|c} \underline{18\ 073} & \underline{26\ 262} & \mathsf{Bank} \\ \underline{186\ 698} & \underline{95\ 804} \end{array}$ 

Loan

68 998 (1)of 51 748 (1)of 17 249 (1of)

186 698

40 000 (1)

236 833

27 995 (1)of

**Syllabus** 

**Paper** 

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9706	42	

# (d) Albech Ltd Statement of Financial Position at 1 July 2013

Assets Non-current assets Intangible (1) – goodwill Tangibles		135 655 250 000 385 655	` '
Current assets Inventories Total assets		89 345 475 000	(1)
Equity and liabilities Equity 200 000 ordinary shares of \$1 200 000 8% pref. shares of \$0.50	(1) (1)	200 000 100 000 300 000	` '
Non-current liabilities 10% debentures Bank loan		32 000 143 000 175 000 475 000	(1) (1)

[10]

[Total: 34]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9706	42	

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2013.

2 (a) Swiftsure plc

Profit/Loss from operations Adjustments:	(24)	(1)
Depreciation – buildings  – plant and equipment	55 28	(1) (1)

- motor vehicles

Loss on sale of plant and equipment

Increase in inventories

Increase in trade receivables

(30) (1)

Increase in trade payables

Cash from operations

Interest paid

Tax paid

(1)

(1)

(1)

(25)

(1)

Net cash flow from operations 2 (10F)

Investing activities
Purchase of non-current assets

Buildings (80) (1)
Plant and equipment (68) (1)
Motor vehicles (12) (1)
Proceeds of sale of non-current assets 5 (1)
Income from investments 5 (1)

(150) **(1)OF** 

Financing activities

Redemption of debentures (50) (1)
Proceeds of issue of preference shares 20 (1)
Proceeds of issue of ordinary shares 90 (1)
Dividends paid (ordinary \$45 (\$36 (1) + \$9 (1))

+ preference \$4 (1) (49)

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April 2012

Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2013

(1) OF

(1) (1) (1)

[28]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9706	42	

(b) (i) Cash budget is prepared in advance (2) but a cash flow statement is prepared after the end of an accounting period (2). The cash budget is produced for management and does not have prescribed format (2). The cash flow statement is prepared using a prescribed format, IAS7 (2). Shareholders would review the statement of cash flows (2).

[Max 4]

(ii) To give information in financial statements on link between cash and profit or loss

To give information on cash flows to management

To give information on cash flows to other interested parties e.g. bank

To take management decisions on

Working capital

Non-current asset investment

Dividend policy

Redeeming or issuing new shares or debentures

[other relevant points]

2 × 2 marks each [4]

(c) Carrying value is compared to highest of (1) recoverable amount and value in use (1). If this amount is lower than carrying value the asset is impaired (1). It is written off in the income statement (1).

[Max 4]

[Total: 40]

			GCE A LEVEL	. – October/November	2013	9706	42
3	(a)						
	` ,			Standard	Sup	erior	Total
		Contrib	oution per unit	\$22		\$26	
			um units	4000		3000	
			ontribution	\$88 000 <b>(2)</b>	\$78	000 (2)	166 000
		Fixed o	costs				<u>130 000</u> (1)
		Profit					36 000 (1 <b>of</b> )
							[6]
	(b)						
	` '			Standard	Supe	rior	Total
		Contrib	oution nor kilo	22 - \$4.40 (1)	26 _ c	4 22 (4)	
		Continu	oution per kilo	$\frac{22}{5}$ = \$4.40 (1)	— 6 − ⊅	4.33 (1)	
		Rankin	ıg	1		2 <b>(1of)</b>	
			als used	20 000 (1)		800 <b>(1of)</b>	33 800
			roduced	4 000 (1)		300 <b>(1of)</b>	
			ontribution	\$88 000 <b>(1o</b>	<b>f)</b> \$59	` '	\$147 800
		Less fix	xed costs				\$130 000 (1)
		Piolit					\$17 800 (1of) [11]
							[,,]
	(c)						
	` ,			Standard	Supe	erior	Total
		New co	ontribution per unit	\$22.07 <b>(1)</b>	\$2	27.74 <b>(1)</b>	
		Contrib	oution per kilo	$\frac{22.07}{4.55} = $4.85 (10f)$	$\frac{27.74}{5.46} = 3$	\$5.08 <b>(1of)</b>	
		Rankin	na	2	0.10	1 <b>(1of)</b>	
			al used (kilos)	17 420 <b>(1of)</b>	16	6 380 <b>(1)</b>	33 800
			roduced	3 828 <b>(1of)</b>		3 000 <b>(1)</b>	
		Total c	ontribution	\$84 484 <b>(1of)</b>		3 220 <b>(1of)</b>	\$167 704
		Less fix	xed costs				\$ <u>131 000</u> <b>(1)</b>
							\$36 704 (1 of)
							[13]

Mark Scheme

Page 6

Syllabus

Paper

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9706	42	

(d) Yes (1of). Profit is higher (1of).

[2]

- (e) (i) Share issue, debentures, bank loan, disposal of surplus non-current assets, debt factoring [2]
  - (ii) Public issue
    - expensive
    - needs underwriting to ensure success
    - requires prospectus
    - dilutes control
    - no legal necessity to pay dividend in a bad year

## Right issue

- no dilution of control
- generally cheaper
- no legal necessity to pay dividend in a bad year

#### Debenture issue/loan

- interest is always payable
- may require security/floating charge
- needs to be paid back/redeemed
- interest is charged against profit
- no votes in general meeting

### Disposal of non-current assets

- no loss of control within ownership
- no costs/bank charges
- immediate cash
- but may lead to insufficient assets as business grows

## Debt factoring

- immediate cash
- there is a cost associated with factoring and not all of the debt will be collected

[Max 6]

[Total: 40]