

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
ACCOUNTING		9706/23
ACCOUNTING Paper 2 Structured Questions Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.		May/June 2012
		1 hour 30 minutes
Candidates ans	wer on the Question Paper.	
No Additional M	laterials are required.	
	INSTRUCTIONS FIRST	

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

All accounting statements are to be presented in good style.

International accounting terms and formats should be used as appropriate.

Workings must be shown.

You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
3		
Total		

This document consists of 14 printed pages and 2 blank pages.

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1 Shaun is a sole trader. He pays all the sales receipts into the business bank account. He provided his accountant with the following information for the year ended 31 December 2011.

Bank account summary for the year ended 31 December 2011

Dr.	\$	Cr.	\$
Rent received Trade receivables Cash sales	16 800 203 200 18 510	Balance b/d Trade payables General expenses Wages Motor vehicles Equipment Drawings	5 620 122 460 22 000 32 560 19 200 17 400 27 560

Shaun's remaining assets and liabilities were:

	1 January 2011	31 December 2011
	\$	\$
Inventory (at cost)	22 300	17 400
Premises (at cost)	100 000	100 000
Equipment (net book value)	28 400	27 600
Motor vehicles (net book value)	65 000	68 200
Trade receivables	22 400	28 600
Trade payables	17 500	19 470
General expenses prepaid	1 100	900
Rent received prepaid	800	_
Rent received owing	_	1 300
Wages owing	2 400	500

Additional information:

- 1 Shaun allowed his customers discounts of \$4000.
- 2 Discounts received from suppliers were \$3100.
- 3 Shaun has decided to create a provision for doubtful debts of 2% of the trade receivables outstanding at 31 December 2011.
- 4 General expenses in the bank account summary include an amount of \$660 which relates to the payment of Shaun's private house insurance.
- 5 Shaun had taken goods at a cost price of \$3700 for his personal use.

REQUIRED

(a)	Calculate the value of Shaun's sales and ordinary goods purchased for the year ended 31 December 2011.			
	(i)	Sales		
			[4]	
	(ii)	Ordinary goods purchased		
			[4]	

(b)	Prepare Shaun's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2011.	For Examiner's Use
		[10]

Prepare Shaun's statement of financial position at 31 December 2011.	For Examiner's Use
[12]	
[Total: 30]	

(c)

2 Amirtha commenced business on 1 January 2010. During the first two years of business the following non-current assets were purchased on the dates shown:

Motor vehicles				
2010		\$		
1 January 1 July	MV1 MV2	26 000 18 000		
2011				
1 April	MV3	24 000		
	Equipment			
2010				
1 January	EQ1	30 000		
2011				
1 January	EQ2	44 000		

Amirtha has a policy to depreciate motor vehicles at 20% per annum on cost (straight line method) and equipment at 15% per annum on cost (straight line method), rates being charged for each month of ownership.

REQUIRED

- (a) Calculate the total depreciation for each of the years 2010 and 2011.
 - (i) Motor vehicles

[3]

(ii) Equipment

[2]

Early in 2012, consideration was given to changing to the reducing (diminishing) balance method, with the following rates applying to the balance at the end of each year.

Motor vehicles	25%
Equipment	20%

Motor vehicles

A full year's depreciation would be charged irrespective of the date of purchase.

REQUIRED

(i)

- (b) Calculate the total depreciation for **each** of the years 2010 **and** 2011, using the reducing (diminishing) balance method for:
 - (ii) Equipment.

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Use

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REQ	UIRED	
(c)	Prepare a statement to show the revised profits for the years 2010 and 2011, if the reducing (diminishing) balance method had been used.	
		4]
(d)	Explain why it is appropriate to use the reducing (diminishing) balance method for motor vehicles.	
	[3]

The original profits for the first two years in business were:

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9 The following information is also available from the books of Amirtha. 1 January 2011 31 December 2011 \$ \$ Wages 2 040 accrued 2 130 accrued Insurance 130 accrued 610 prepaid 1 490 prepaid Rent received 1 320 prepaid During the year ended 31 December 2011 the following transactions took place. \$ 24 100 Wages paid Insurance paid 1 400 Rent received 14 000 All transactions are through the bank account. REQUIRED Prepare the following ledger accounts for the year ended 31 December 2011, (e) showing the closing entry to the financial statements at the end of the year. Dates are not required. (i) Wages account [3]

(ii)	Insurance account	For Examiner's Use
	[3]
(iii)	Rent received account	
	[4]	

[Total: 30]

3 Wigmore Ltd uses one factory overhead recovery rate which is a percentage of total direct labour costs. The rate is calculated from the following budgeted data.

Department	Factory overheads \$	Direct labour costs \$	Direct labour hours	Direct machine hours
Production	150 000	500 000	120 000	7 000
Assembly	450 000	1 000 000	225 000	10 000
Packing	360 000	900 000	200 000	_

The cost sheet for job 787 shows the following information.

Department	Direct labour costs \$	Direct labour hours	Direct machine hours	Direct material costs \$
Production	2 400	400	80	180
Assembly	1 100	700	90	150
Packing	1 000	650	_	170

General administration expenses of 20% are added to the total factory cost. The selling price to the customer is based on a 25% net profit margin.

REQUIRED

(a) Calculate the current factory overhead rate for Wigmore Ltd.

[3]

(b)	Prepare a detailed cost statement to calculate the selling price for job 787.				
		[6	6]		
(c)	Calc	ulate the overhead rate for each department using the following methods:			
	(i)	Percentage of direct labour cost			
		Production			
		Assembly			
		Packing			
		[3	3]		

Production Assembly Packing [3] he direct labour hour rates calculated in (c) (ii) , prepare a detailed cost ent to calculate the new selling price for job 787.	3]
Assembly Packing [3] he direct labour hour rates calculated in (c) (ii) , prepare a detailed cost	3]
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he direct labour hour rates calculated in (c) (ii) , prepare a detailed cost	3]
he direct labour hour rates calculated in (c) (ii) , prepare a detailed cost ant to calculate the new selling price for job 787.	
[9]	

(e)	(i)	Discuss the problems associated with using predetermined overhead absorption rates.		For Examiner's Use
			[2]	
	(ii)	State the effect on profits if the factory does not operate at full capacity.		
			[4]	

[Total: 30]

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