UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/21

Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9706	21

1 (a) Departmental income statement for the year ended 30 April 2012.

	Fo	ood	Clo	thing	To	oys		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Sales		250 000		150 000		100 000		
Cost of sales								
Inventory								
(1/5/11)	10 000		12 000		31 000			
Purchases	<u>67 000</u>		<u>50 000</u>		<u>57 000</u>			
	77 000		62 000		88 000			
Inventory								
(30/4/12)	<u>17 000</u>	<u>60 000</u>	<u>12 000</u>	<u>50 000</u>	<u>43 000</u>	<u>45 000</u>	3	
Gross profit		190 000		100 000		55 000		
Overheads								
Wages	40 000		24 000		16 000		3	
Advertising	5 000		3 000		2 000		3	
Heat and								
light	12 000		6 000		6 000		3	
Insurance	2 500		1 250		1 250		3	
Dep – F & F	<u>6 000</u>	<u>65 500</u>	<u>3 000</u>	<u>37 250</u>	<u>3 000</u>	<u>28 250</u>	3	
Net Profit		124 500		62 750		26 750		[18]

- (b) To aid management decision making.
 - To measure the efficiency (control of costs) and effectiveness sales income, and to compare one department profitability by using ratios like GP percentage, ROST, etc.
 - Helps to compare performance with similar industrial sectors.
 - Useful for motivation through target setting.

Any 3 valid points to a maximum of 6 marks.

[6]

- (c) (i) Cost is expenditure incurred in the normal course of business to bring the product to its present location and condition and includes import duties, transport and handling costs less trade discounts.
 - (ii) NRV is the actual or estimated selling price (less trade discount) but before cash discount less all further conversion costs and costs incurred in marketing, selling and delivering the goods to the customer.

[6]

[Total: 30]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9706	21

2 (a) Estimated profit and loss appropriation account for year ended 30 April 2013.

		\$		\$		
Net profit for the year Add				121 000		
Interest on drawings	J	500	1			
	K	500	1			
	M	275	1	1 275		
Less Interest on capital				122 275		
•	J	4 230			1	
	K	2 820			1	
	M	<u>1 500</u>		(8 550)	1	
Less salary				(11 000)	1	
Less salary				102 725	•	
Share of profit	J	55 471.50			1	
	K	36 981.00			1	
	М	10 272.50		102 725	2	[11]
						r

(b) Estimated current account – Maura

	\$			\$		
Drawings Interest on	5 500.00	1				
drawings	275.00	1	Share of profit	10 272.50	1	
Balance c/d	16 997.50		Salary Interest on	11 000.00	1	
			capital	<u>1 500.00</u>	1	
	22 772.50		·	22 772.50		[5]

(c)	Current salary	16 500.00	1
	Investment income	<u>2 500.00</u>	1
		\$ 19 000.00	
	Estimated income		
	Total earnings		
	Est partnership income	\$ 22 497.50	1
	Increase in income	3 497.50	1

In monetary terms it is worth accepting the offer of a partnership 2

[6]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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(d) Higher sales price with cost of sales staying same or rising less than sales price.

Lower cost of sales with sales price staying same or falling less than cost of sales.

More efficient use of stock with less spoilage, wastage and theft.

NOTE: increase in sales volume is incorrect.

1 mark per point, one for development to maximum of 4

[4]

(e) Lower overhead costs such as rent, rates, heat and light.

Increased efficiency (lower costs)

Higher gross profit margin with overheads remaining the same or less than percentage increase in GP to sales.

1 mark per point, one for development to maximum of 4

[4]

[Total: 30]

3	(a)	(i)		Beach	Е	xplorer	Family				
			Sales price Variable costs	\$ 70		\$ 130	\$ 200	1			
			Raw materials Direct labour Variable overhead	30 8 6		36 20 26	54 38 48	4			
			Contribution	<u>44</u> 26		<u>82</u> 48	<u>140</u> 60	1			
				1		1	1			[5]	
		(ii)	Unit contribution Forecast demand Contribution	\$ 26 30 000 780 000	1	\$ 40 (1 920 (\$ 60 24 000 1 440 000	1		
			Total Contribution Less FC Total profit	4 140 000 3 500 000 640 000			1			[5]	

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		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/			ay/June 20)12	97	06	21	
۵)				ተ		¢	¢			
၁)	Contrib	ution		\$	26	\$ 48	\$ 60	1		
		aterial (square	metres)	4	5	6	9	1		
	itaw iii	ateriai (square	metres)		J	O	3	•		
	Contrib	ution per squa	re metre	5.2	20	8	6.67	1		
c)	Order o	of priority	3		1	2				
•		. ,	В		E	F				
	Units				40 000	2	24 000	2		
	•	metres			6		9			
	Total				240 000	2	16 000	2		
	Materia	al available		=	546 000	Square i	metres			
		sed in E and F			456 000					
	_555 00	and 1			.50 000					
	Availab	le for B			90 000	Square i	metres	1		
	Λ	t of D that can	h a							
	produc	t of B that can	be	=	90 000/5	=18 00	0 unite			
	produc	eu		– B	90 000/3 E		o units F			
	Output		18 000		40 000		24 000			
	Output		10 00	_	10 000	•				
(۲)			В		Е	F	Тс	tal		
(d)	Units p	roduced	18 000		40 000	24 000				
		ntribution	26		48	60				
	Total c	ontribution	468 000	1	920 000	1440 000	3 828	000 3		
						1		1		
	Profit =	contribution -	fixed costs =	\$3 8	28 000 – 3	500 000 = 9	\$328 00	0		
								_		
(e)		ast 27 000 of E								
	for B, I.	e. 45 000 sq n	netres, reducii	ng F	s output by	/ 45000/9 =	5000 ur	nits		
			В		E	F	То	tal		
	Units p	roduced	27 000		40 000	19 000		tai		
		ntribution	26		48	60		3		
		ontribution	702 000	1 9	20 000	1 140 000	3 762			
							1 . 32			
						1	1			

[Total: 30]