General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2011

## Statistics <br> 43101F

(Specification 4310)
Unit 1:Statistics Written Paper (Foundation)

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## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
E Explain marks are awarded for a full and detailed explanation.
M Dep A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

B Dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe $\quad$ Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
eg, accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$

## Unit 1 Foundation Tier

| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1(a) | 2 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(b) | 2 | B1 |  |
| 1(c) | 5 | B1 |  |
| 1(d)(i) | The average (mode) was higher in 1959 | B1 | oe |
|  | The range was higher in 1959/a greater spread of numbers of people lived in the houses in 1959 | B1 | oe |
| 1(d)(ii) | Structure - bars equal width with gaps | B1 | Allow all but first B1 for diagram that is not a bar chart as long as it is appropriate for discrete data |
|  | Highest 'bar' for 4 | B1 |  |
|  | Range of 7 (probably 1-8 people) | B1 |  |
|  | Total frequency $=22$ | B1 |  |
| 1(d)(iii) | Pictogram/vertical line diagram | B1 | oe Accept stick graph <br> Accept dual or component bar chart |


| 2(a) | Elephant | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 2(b) | $\frac{4}{20}$ | B1 | oe |
| 2(c) | 0 | B1 | oe |
| 2(d) | $\frac{8}{20}+\frac{2}{20}$ | M1 | oe |
|  | $\frac{10}{20}$ | A1 | oe |
|  | $1-\frac{1}{20}$ | M1 | oe eg, $\frac{8}{20}+\frac{5}{20}+\frac{4}{20}+\frac{2}{20}$ |
|  | $\frac{19}{20}$ | A1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 3(a) | Stem of 1, 2, 3, 4 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Leaves correct and ordered | B2 | B1 One or two errors <br> Count not ordered as one error |
| 3(b) | References 15th value in some way | B1 |  |
| 3(c) | Some cars are breaking the speed limit | B1 | oe Most cars are under speed limit |


| 4(a) | Milk | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 4(b) | The price had stayed the same | B1 | oe |
| 4(c) | $80 \times 1.2$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 96 | A1 | oe <br> SC1 $0.96(p)$ or $£ 96 ~$ |


| 5(a) | Clearly over half of readings are $>10$ | B1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 5(b) | 25 correctly shaded squares | B3 | B2 $20-24$ correctly shaded squares <br> B1 $16-19$ correctly shaded squares |
| 5(c) | T in top left square | B1 ft | oe Accept on either diagram <br> ft Or correct <br> Only ft for maps with one "dotty" square |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 6(a) | Reference to the 3D nature of the <br> chart / at an angle / cannot measure <br> the angles | B1 | oe <br> eg, B1 Should not be 3D |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Reference to a specific potato type <br> and how it is misrepresented | B1 | oe <br> eg, B1 Roasts look bigger than should be |
| $\mathbf{6 ( b )}$ | Correct method for one angle | M1 | Or at least one angle correct <br> (seen or in drawing) |
|  | All angles correct (seen or drawn) | A1 | 90, 180, 72, 18 |
|  | Pie chart accurate for their angles | B1 ft | Can only ft if total is 360 degrees and <br> exactly four sectors |
|  | Key or labels for each section | B1 ft | ft But must be four sectors and correct <br> in order of magnitude according to table |
| $\mathbf{6 ( c ) ~}$ | Chips favourite for children, roasts for <br> adults | B1 | oe |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a)(i) | A - Too few class intervals/loss of detail | B1 | oe <br> eg, too large a gap between 1st and last value (in a group) |
|  | B - A gap in the class intervals | B1 | oe |
| 7(a)(ii) | Does not cover the lowest value | B1 | oe |
|  | Unnecessary final class interval | B1 | oe |
| 7(b) | Attempt at cumulative frequency | M1 | $4,4+7, \ldots$ (oe) |
|  | Cumulative frequencies all correct $4,11,22,56,88,100$ | A1 |  |
|  | Plotted at upper class bounds | A1 ft | Accept 39-40 inclusive etc Must be an increasing graph |
|  | Their cumulative frequencies plotted and joined | A1 ft | Must be an increasing graph Curve or polygon |
|  | Their estimate, $x$, worked out correctly from their graph in the range $66 \leq x<70$ | A1 ft | Answer only with no graph is zero Max M1A1 from table |
| Alt 7(b) | Any attempt at a histogram | M1 | Minimum is two joined rectangles |
|  | Heights and widths correct | A1 | Using frequencies (or frequency density) |
|  | Halves total frequency (sight of 50) | B1 Dep | Dep on attempt at histogram |
|  | Identifies rectangle containing 50th value | M1 Dep | Any indication <br> Dep on attempt at histogram |
|  | Their estimate, $x$, worked out correctly from their graph in the range $66 \leq x<70$ | A1 | Answer only with no graph is zero |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 8(a) | $9648 \div 2179$ | M1 | Accept $6.7 \div 2179$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | [4.42, 4.43] or 4.4 | A1 |  |
|  | 4.43 | B1 ft | ft Any value of 3 or more decimal places SC1 0.23 |
| 8(b) | At least three correct midpoints 1.5, 4, 6, 9, 18 | M1 |  |
|  | Attempt at midpoint $\times$ frequency with at least three correct | M1 Dep | $\begin{aligned} 1.5 \times 276 & =414 \\ 4 \times 1282 & =5128 \\ 6 \times 596 & =3576 \\ 9 \times 23 & =207 \\ 18 \times 2 & =36 \end{aligned}$ <br> (3 correct products gets M2) |
|  | $9361 \div 2179$ | A1 | Has to be seen (oe eg, 4.296007343 ... <br> to at least 3 decimal places) <br> Do not allow embedded 4.30 in calculation |
| 8(c) | (a) is rounded OR <br> (b) is an estimate OR <br> (b) uses midpoints OR <br> (a) and (b) are different estimates  | B1 | oe |


| 9(a) | Experiment | B1 | Ignore any reference to types of experiment |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 9(b) | Identifies the incorrect scaling | B1 | oe |
|  | Still will be a negative correlation (but <br> not strong) | B1 Dep | oe eg, conclusion not reliable/ |
| incorrect (as not strong) |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(a) | Two different valid reasons from Easier/quicker/less data to work Cheaper Ever-changing population | B2 | oe <br> B1 One valid reason |
| 10(b)(i) | Rental amount | B1 | oe Age, gender, income |
| 10(b)(ii) | Want opinions of people from different rental values | E1 ft | oe (for their choice or correct general statement) |
| 10(c) | In the last year.... | B1 | oe Any specific time frame mentioned |
|  | ...how many complaints have you made? | B1 | oe |
|  | Response section (open or closed) | B1 | Allow one error for option boxes if used |
| 10(d)(i) | Advantage to suit their choice | B1 ft | ft Their choice <br> eg, telephone and it's quick to do <br> eg, door to door and get better response rate <br> eg, internet survey and can be done in participant's own time |
| 10(d)(ii) | Problem relevant to their choice | B1 ft | ft Their choice eg, telephone and you may get no reply eg, door to door and it takes a long time eg, internet survey and tenants may not have internet |


| 11(a) | (percentage of) people who lost all of their passport, tickets and money | B1 | oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11(b) | $100-(10+13+9+14+23+11+$ <br> 8) | M1 | 100-88 |
|  | 12 | A1 |  |
| 11(c)(i) | 0.1 | B1 | oe eg, $10 \%$ |
| 11(c)(ii) | 0.11 | B1 | oe eg, $11 \%$ <br> SC1 $\frac{11}{88}$ if answer $\frac{10}{88}$ seen in (c)(i) <br> Accept equivalents for SC1 as long as 88 seen somewhere. |
| 11(d) | $4100 \times 0.14$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 574 | A1 |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 12(a) | The same candidates were judged <br> differently by the two panel members | E1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2 ( b )}$ | Agreed rules before/had training/ <br> done a practice run | E1 | oe |
| $\mathbf{1 2 ( c )}$ | Observer's own eye contact/ <br> attentiveness/possible (sun)light | B1 | oe |


| $\mathbf{1 3 ( a )}$ | The total population is increasing | E1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 3 ( b )}$ | The 85+ population increases or <br> stays same every year in <br> North Lincs but not in Eastbourne | E1 | oe |
| $\mathbf{1 3 ( c ) ( i ) ~}$ | More 85+ people in Eastbourne | E1 | oe Calculations not required |
| $\mathbf{1 3 ( c ) ( i i ) ~}$ | The rest of the age profile is unknown <br> (not shown) | E1 | oe |


[^0]:    Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available from: aqa.org.uk

