

**GCSE Physics 3** 

**Higher Tier** 

**Physics 3H** 

**SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME** 

Version 1.0

## **Quality of Written Communication and levels marking**

In Question 3 candidates are required to produce extended written material in English, and will be assessed on the quality of their written communication as well as the standard of the scientific response.

Candidates will be required to:

- use good English
- organise information clearly
- use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

The following general criteria should be used to assign marks to a level:

## Level 1: basic

- Knowledge of basic information
- Simple understanding
- The answer is poorly organised, with almost no specialist terms and their use demonstrating a general lack of understanding of their meaning, little or no detail
- The spelling, punctuation and grammar are very weak.

## Level 2: clear

- Knowledge of accurate information
- Clear understanding
- The answer has some structure and organisation, use of specialist terms has been attempted but not always accurately, some detail is given
- There is reasonable accuracy in spelling, punctuation and grammar, although there may still be some errors.

## Level 3: detailed

- Knowledge of accurate information appropriately contextualised
- Detailed understanding, supported by relevant evidence and examples
- Answer is coherent and in an organised, logical sequence, containing a wide range of appropriate or relevant specialist terms used accurately.
- The answer shows almost faultless spelling, punctuation and grammar.

In order to attain a mark within a certain level, **both** the science **and** the QWC must be of a standard appropriate to that level.

COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H

question	answers	extra information	mark
1(a)	ciliary muscle		1
	cornea		1
1(b)(i)	moved further (from his eyes)		1
1(b)(ii)	rays between lens and eye converging		1
	rays inside eye focus on the retina		1
1(c)	<ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>both use a converging lens</li> <li>image formed is real</li> <li>image is inverted</li> <li>image in eye formed on retina, image in camera formed on film / CCDs</li> <li>amount of light entering eye and camera can be controlled</li> </ul>		2
Total	35.11.51.54		7

**COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H** 

question	answers	extra information	mark
2(a)	so the results can be compared fairly	fair test is insufficient	1
2(b)	JLM	all 3 required and no other	1
2(c)(i)	for a given current the number of paper clips increases by the same factor as the number of turns		1
	plus a mathematical explanation using the data eg a current of 1 A with 10 turns picks up 3 clips, a current of 1 A with 20 turns picks up 6 clips		1
2(c)(ii)	30	allow <b>1</b> mark for showing correct use of figures eg 20 turns x 5 = 100	2
2(c)(iii)	check the new data / repeat the experiment		1
	to identify any anomalous results		1
	and reconsider the prediction / hypothesis in the light of new evidence		1
Total			9

**COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H** 

STATUS: Specimen V1.0

4	•	
	1	
4	•	

Marks awarded for this answer will be determined by the Quality of Written Communication (QWC) as well as the standard of the scientific response. Examiners should also refer to the information on page 2.

0 marks	Level 1 (1-2 marks)	Level 2 (3-4 marks)	Level 3 (5-6 marks)
No relevant content.	There is a brief explanation of how a current is caused to flow in the starter motor circuit.	There is some explanation of how a current is caused to flow in the starter motor circuit.	There is a clear and detailed explanation of how a current is caused to flow in the starter motor circuit.

Circuit.	motor circuit		Starter motor circuit.
examples of the physics points made in response	the	extra info	rmation
current flows through the coil / electromage	net		
magnetic field produced		accept elec	ctromagnet switches on
(short side of) iron bar attracted to electron	nagnet		
contacts pushed together (by iron bar)			
starter motor circuit completed			
current flows through starter motor			
or			
p.d. across starter motor			

Total	al		6	
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**COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H** 

question	answers	extra information	mark
4(a)	X-rays are ionising or X-rays kill / damage cells any stray X-rays are absorbed by the screen	accept cause cancer	1
	which reduces the radiation dose to the radiographer		1
4(b)	medical records / X-ray records		1
	of people with cancer		1
4(c)	a CT scan gives a 3D image therefore the image can be		1
	observed from different directions		
Total			7

COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H

question	answers	extra information	mark
5(a)	the direction of the riders is constantly changing		1
	therefore the velocity of the riders is changing		1
	and because acceleration is the rate of change of velocity the acceleration is changing		1
5(b)	to(wards) the centre (of the cylinder / rotor)		1
5(c)	centripetal		1
5(d)	it is reduced		1
Total			6

COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H

question	answers	extra information	mark
6(a)	1.59	accept an answer that rounds to this	2
		allow 1 mark for substitution into correct equation	
		ie refractive index = sine 16°	
		sine 10°	
6(b)	2 lines correctly drawn from the top of the pin through the lens	allow 1 mark for each	2
	position of image correct	image must be upright	1
Total			5

**COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H** 

question	answers	extra information	mark
7(a)	where the mass of the object can be thought to be concentrated		1
7(b)	lower the C of M		1
	and make the wheelbase wider	accept a practical description of how these changes could be achieved	1
7(c)	the line of action of its weight falls inside its wheel base	accept a vertical arrow drawn from <b>X</b> accept falls between the wheels	2
	therefore there is no resultant / clockwise moment		1
Total			6

**COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H** 

question	answers	extra information	mark
8(a)	560	allow 1 mark for	4
		clockwise (moments) = anticlockwise (moments)	
		allow 1 mark for correct substitution	
		ie 160 x 1.75 = W x 0.5	
		allow 1 mark for correct transformation	
		ie $\frac{160 \times 1.75 = W}{0.5}$	
	newtons, N		1
8(b)	the <u>weight</u> of plank which has been ignored		1
	causes an anticlockwise moment which has not been considered / included in the calculation		1
Total			7

COMPONENT NAME: GCSE Physics 3H

question	answers	extra information	mark
9(a)	an alternating input / current is supplied to the primary (coil)		1
	which produces an alternating magnetic field	accept changing magnetic field for alternating magnetic field	1
		if first mark point scores then 'alternating' not required here	
	in the (iron) core		1
	this magnetic field links with the secondary coil		1
	which induces an (alternating) voltage / p.d. across the secondary (coil)		1
9(b)	0.21	accept 0.2 or any answer that rounds to 0.21	2
		allow 1 mark for correct equation ie power input = power output	
		or	
		allow <b>1</b> mark for substitution into correct equation ie 230 x I <sub>p</sub> = 12 x 4	
Total			7