

General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2011

Home Economics: Child 45801

Development

(Specification 4580)

Unit 1:Written Paper

Final

Mark Scheme

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Question 1		Examiner information	Mark	Total
1 (a)	Extended family		2 x 1	2
	One parent family	Accept single or lone parent.		
1 (b)	Children may: Be at risk of physical/sexual abuse	Answers must clearly relate to either parent or child. Do not accept one word answers.	3 x 1	3
	Be being neglected Have special needs and parents cannot cope Be severely disabled and need special care Badly behaved and parents are unable to control them	Reference to 'cannot cope' must be qualified and can only be accepted once.		
	Parents may: Be seriously ill/in hospital/in prison and unable to look after children			
	Decide at birth that they want the child adopted Have died (there is no close family to look after them) Are unable to care for their children because of drug/alcohol abuse			
	Not have parenting skills/cannot cope Be having serious relationship/marriage breakdown	Do not accept 'too young'.		
1 (c)	Men are no longer the main provider More women work/have a career More househusbands/men who take time out from work to look after the family	Answers must refer to men and women	3 x 1	3
	More men help with domestic chores Care of children now shared Men are less likely to be the disciplinarian	Accept only one example e.g. cooking cleaning, washing		
1 (d)	May have less money available as providing for a baby is expensive/may be less salary coming in/have to pay for childcare More difficult to have a social life as a babysitter will need to be organised	Do not accept one word answers	2 x 1	2
	Career changes /one parent may have to give up their career to look after the baby Parents may have a wider circle of 'baby' friends.			

1 (e)	Relatively low cost/may be free		3 x 1	3
	Grandparent will know/ love the child			
	May be flexible about hours			
	Are trusted			
	May live nearby/be willing to come to child's home			
	May already have a close bond/create a bond			
	Are experienced			
	Children are cared for in a family/home environment			
1 (f)	A government programme/scheme	Must be qualified by 'government'	2 x 1	2
	To support families with young children/ provide the best	Any two points acceptable		
	start in life for children			
	Especially for families in deprived areas.			
1 (g)	By providing:		2 x 1	2
	Early years education			
	Good quality day care/nursery care/crèche	Support/advice must be qualified		
	Support and advice on parenting			
	Support and advice on managing money/local childcare			
	options			
	Child/family health services			
	Specialist services for children with disabilities			
	Links with jobs/training/further education			

1 (h)	Parents may :	Marking criteria	6
	Feel guilty /argue	To gain marks in the higher mark band candidates must	
	Which might strain their relationship	consider both parents and siblings.	
	Be tired/stressed as caring will take up a lot of their time		
	Have less time to give to other children	5 – 6 marks	
	Have less time for themselves/little social life	Candidates are able to identify and describe at least 4 ways	
Р	Find the child brings them closer	having a special needs child might effect the different members of	
	Experience great feelings of love/happiness for child	the family showing good knowledge and understanding.	
	Have less money to spend on luxuries because of financial	Answers are organised and spelling punctuation and grammar are	
	demands of caring for child	accurate.	
	Children may:		
	Develop very strong bonds with rest of family	3 – 4 marks	
	Be very protective	Candidates are able to identify and describe 3/4 ways having a	
	Learn to be more tolerant/accept others	special needs child might effect the different members of the	
	Understand more about disability	family showing some knowledge and understanding.	
	May be bullied/teased	Answers are organised however candidates may simply list	
	May feel left out/lonely	effects or concentrate on either parents or siblings. There may be	
	Embarrassed e.g. when out with family	some errors in spelling punctuation and grammar.	
	Find it difficult to have friends to visit		
	Family may:	1 - 2 marks	
	Be very close and supportive	Candidates show little knowledge and understanding of how	
	Be able to take fewer holidays because of equipment	having a special needs child might effect the different members of	
	needed/routines	the family but may be able to identify 1/2 points.	
		There will be errors in spelling punctuation and grammar.	
		0 marks	
		No work worthy of credit	
		To note notely of orotte	23

Question 2		Examiner information	Mark	Total
2 (a)	Stage 2 The sperm try to fertilise the egg/meet/try to get into One sperm fertilises the egg	Accept either answer	1 x 1	5
	Stage 3 The fertilised egg/zygote/cell Begins to divide/multiply (not 'splits') Into a morulla/blastocyst As it moves along the fallopian tube	Do not accept 'egg' Do not accept 'splits'	2 x 1	
	Stage 4 The (fertilised) egg/blastocyst reaches the uterus		1 x 1	
	Stage 5 The (fertilised) egg implants in the lining of the uterus.		1 x 1	
2 (b)	When the fertilised) egg implants in the fallopian tube/somewhere other than the uterus.		1 x 1	1
2 (c) (i)	Ultrasound scan	Accept scan or ultrasound. These are only acceptable options. Where two answers/words given accept only first.	1 x 1	1
2 (c) (ii)	Heartbeat Confirmation of EDD Number of babies Risk of Down's Syndrome/abnormalities Sex of baby Position of baby Size of baby/Confirm baby is developing normally/measure growth Position of placenta Amount of amniotic fluid Detect an ectopic pregnancy	Must state 'risk'	3 x 1	3
2 (d)	7 ½ lbs/3.5kgs.		1 x 1	1

2 (e)	Incubator		2 x 1	4
	Filters air			
	Maintains a constant /correct temperature/keeps baby warm			
	Controls humidity			
	Can provide baby with oxygen	Not 'helps baby to breathe'.		
	Reduces risk of/protect against infection/germ free			
	environment			
	Nasogastric tube		2 x 1	
	Enables baby to be fed			
	When unable to suck/swallow			
2 (f)	Post- natal depression	Accept any two points which show a clear understanding of	2 x 1	2
	Is a long term problem	difference.		
	Serious/often requires medical help	Take care not to credit symptoms.		
	Baby blues			
	Usually only lasts a few days			
	Mainly hormonal			
2 (g)	Low self confidence/self esteem		4 x 1	4
	Problems sleeping			
	Feelings of guilt			
	Rejection of baby/cannot bond with baby			
	Loss of appetite/comfort eating			
	Feeling constantly tired/listless			
	Feeling anxious/upset all the time			
	Rapid mood swings			
	Feeling resentful/angry			
	Unable to concentrate/make decisions.			
	Suicidal feelings			
	Crying a lot/ for no reason	(crying must be qualified)		
	Doesn't want to look after baby/wants others to look after baby			

Question 3	_	Examiner information	Mark	Total
3 (a) (i)	Foods and drinks high in fat and/or sugar	Must give exact wording	1 x 1	1
3 (a) (ii)	Can lead to: Obesity Tooth decay (Type 2) diabetes Heart disease/high blood pressure/strokes Hyperactivity		2 x 1	2
3 (b)	Meat, fish, eggs and beans	Must give exact wording	1 x 1	1
3 (c)	Provide calcium Keeps bones/teeth strong	Accept either correct answer Do not accept reference to protein	1 x 1	1
3 (d)	Home made Fresh foods and ingredients used More interesting and varied diet for baby Less expensive Baby gets used to eating the same food as the rest of the family Less chance of food refusal/fussy eating later Amounts can be frozen for later use so less wastage No additives Parent knows what is in the food Bought baby foods	To achieve marks in the higher mark band candidates must consider both bought and home mane baby foods. Marking criteria 5 – 6 marks Candidates have compared and clearly described 4/5 possible advantages showing good knowledge and understanding. There is some use of specialist terms and spelling punctuation and grammar are accurate.		6
	Quick and easy to prepare Convenient for travelling, holidays or when shopping Useful when only small amounts needed Wide range and types to choose from Produce adequate levels of nutrients Some have added nutrients Many do not have added colours, flavours, preservatives, salt, sugar Hygienically prepared and packaged Easier to know how much to give Clearly labelled with the weaning stage No cooking skills required Quicker to prepare Can be less expensive (if on offer)	 3 – 4 marks Candidates have described 3/4 advantages of bought and home made baby foods showing some knowledge and understanding. Answers may lack depth, and may be presented as a list. There will be limited use of specialist terms and some errors in spelling punctuation and grammar 1 – 2 marks Answers are superficial but candidates can suggest limited advantages showing little knowledge and understanding. There will be little or no use of specialist terms and frequent errors in spelling punctuation and grammar 0 Marks No work worthy of credit 		

Question 4			Examiner information	Mark	Tota
4 (a)	Toys/games Accept appropriate examples.	It is not suitable for children under the age of 3 years Does not pass choke hazard test Has small parts which could be removed/swallowed	Must state 3 years 'Small parts' must be qualified	2 x 1	6
	Nursery furniture Car seats Prams/travel systems Electrical goods e.g. monitors Large/outdoor toys	Has been tested by British standards Is safe and reliable	Must be qualified	2 x 1	
	(Baby) foods	Is gluten free Will not cause an allergic reaction	Do not accept reference to wheat	2 x 1	
4 (b)	Reusable Cheaper the long term Kinder to the environment. New style nappies don't no Modern designs are colou New designs are quick to Two-part nappies can last	eed folding rful and attractive	Do not accept one word answers e.g. 'cheap' 'Accept reference to folding once only	2 x 1	4
	Disposable Very absorbent	ed nappy is put in a nappy bag and s/no plastic pants. e. bies. ay and night at front for boys		2 x 1	
4 (c)	By touch/direct contact/kis From coughs and sneezes From infected food/drink/s Insects/rodents/pets Not washing hands	sing/reusing a towel/ s/droplets/airborne		2 x 1	2
					12

Question 5		Examiner information	Mark	Total
5 (a)	Surfaces are soft/wood chip/pea gravel/rubber/ not concrete, rough grass or earth		5 x 1	5
	Equipment is secure/well maintained			
	Equipment not rusted/broken/have splinters			
	Equipment should not have objects that stick out/sharp			
	Area is fenced in/away from main road			
	Easy for adult to supervise			
	No dangerous materials e.g. broken glass/syringes			
	No standing water/rocks/tree roots			
	Dog/animal faeces			
	Equipment suitable for age of child			
5 (b)	Should:	Do not accept one word answers	4 x 1	4
	Be colourful/textured	•		
	Have large/clear/simple images			
	Include everyday objects			
	Use lowercase letters			
	Large/clear/bold print			
	Be strongly made/durable/board			
	Limited numbers of words to a page			
	Positive gender/culture/race/disability			
	Be easy to hold			
	Be easy to turn pages			
	Washable/wipe clean			
5 (c)	Recognise picture symbols/identify objects		2 x 1	2
	Link alphabet symbols to picture symbols			
	Visual discrimination/recognise differences			
	Memory skills			
	Concentration			
	Motor skills			
	Understanding of how to read a book/reading top to	Accept only one example		
	bottom/left to right/turning pages			

5 (d)	Bookstart:		4 x 1	4
	Provides (free) packs of books			
	At (three) different ages/from a young age			
	In a bag/satchel/box			
	Often includes colouring books/crayons			
	Includes advice on sharing and reading books			
	Library information			
	There are also programmes for blind children (Booktouch)			
	and deaf children (Bookshine)			
5 (e)	Many more toys now rely on technology	Answers must relate to how toys help develop technology	6 x 1	6
	More interactive toys available	skills and understanding and not how they develop PIES		
	Parents can buy their children toys which imitate reality e.g.			
	mobile phones/computers/cash tills etc			
	Can see how technology fits into the world they live in			
	Children see adults using technology (mobile			
	phones/computers/ATM's/microwaves/TV etc)			
	Children can learn by copying parents			
	Are programmable /have buttons to press/turn			
	Which result in a certain response			
	Teaches cause and effect			
	Children are naturally curious and these toys help to			
	encourage exploring/ investigating/curiosity			
	They learn how technology works			
	Mainly by repeating actions			
	How to control toys			
	More traditional toys (dolls, animals etc.) are programmed to			
	talk/teach/feed/move			
				1

Question 6		Examiner information	Mark	Total
	Social skills and behaviour	Within the section on skills look for evidence of reasoning		12
	Children need to learn to:	and credit accordingly.		
	Play with others			
	Share and take turns	To gain marks in the higher mark bands candidates need to		
	Learn and accept rules	address both parts of the question in detail.		
	Learn right from wrong	·		
	Say please and thank you	Marking criteria		
	Learn to control emotions	9 – 12 marks		
	Consider others	Candidates are able to describe a wide range of the social skills		
	Trust others	and behaviour that children need to develop. They demonstrate a		
	Learn that making mistakes is acceptable	clear understanding of why these are important.		
	Look after and care for others	They can describe in detail and explain 6/7 ways that		
	Be able to care for themselves/wash/clean teeth/dress/go to	parents/carers can help and encourage children to develop these		
	the toilet/feed themselves	skills.		
	Develop confidence and self esteem	Answers are well organised logical and detailed with accurate use		
Р	Communicate with others	of spelling punctuation and grammar. A wide range of specialist		
	Express opinions and ideas	terminology is used.		
	Behave appropriately	3 7		
	Examples of possible reason – some parts listed can	6 – 8 marks		
	also be reasons	Candidates are able to describe a range of the social skills and		
	Life skills:	behaviour that children need to develop.		
	Shapes values	They can describe 5/6 ways that parents/carers can help and		
	Able to accept discipline and authority	encourage children to develop these skills with some		
	Help child to grow into responsible adult	understanding of why these are important. Overall answers lack		
	Behave appropriately	depth and detail,		
	Have moral values	Answers are generally organised. There is accurate use of		
	Develop a conscience	spelling punctuation and grammar. A range of specialist		
	Aware of boundaries	terminology is used accurately.		
	Safety reason			
	How parents can encourage these skills	3 – 5		
	Children learn by copying so	Candidates are able to describe some of the social skills and		
	Be a good role model	behaviour that children need to develop showing limited		
	Always talk politely and calmly	understanding of why they are important.		
	Avoid shouting and swearing	They can give 3/4 ways that parents/carers can help and		
	Give children love and affection	encourage children to develop these skills.		
	Provide support when needed	Answers may be in the form of a list or bullet points and		
	Provide opportunities for children to meet other children	information repetitive. Use of specialist terms is limited and there		
	Provide a range of play opportunities e.g. nursery, play	will be several errors in spelling punctuation and grammar.		

group play days

Provide a range of toys to encourage sharing and problem solving

Provide opportunities to let off steam

Spend time/play with children

Allow children to do things for themselves

Encourage and praise children

Don't ridicule children

Encourage children to make decisions/solve their own problems

Encourage children to take risks

Allow children to try and fail

Don't overprotect children

Set clear boundaries

Have clear but fair sanctions

Be consistent

Teach children what is right and wrong, acceptable and unacceptable

1 – 2

Candidates can identify a limited number of the social skills and behaviour that children need to develop with little or no reasons. There is little evidence of knowledge and understanding but they may be able to suggest some ways that parents/carers can help and encourage children to develop these skills.

Answers are confused and superficial. There is little or no evidence of specialist terms and frequent errors in spelling punctuation and grammar.

0 marks

No work worthy of credit