

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360 Statistics 6380

MS/SS1B Statistics 1B

Mark Scheme

2007 examination - June series

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Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

| M | mark is for method | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-----|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method | | | | | | | |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy | | | | | | | |
| В | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy | | | | | | | |
| Е | mark is for explanation | | | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | | | |
| √or ft or F | follow through from previous | | | | | | | |
| | incorrect result | MC | mis-copy | | | | | |
| CAO | correct answer only | MR | mis-read | | | | | |
| CSO | correct solution only RA required accuracy | | | | | | | |
| AWFW | anything which falls within FW further work | | | | | | | |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to | ISW | ignore subsequent work | | | | | |
| ACF | any correct form | FIW | from incorrect work | | | | | |
| AG | answer given | BOD | given benefit of doubt | | | | | |
| SC | special case | WR | work replaced by candidate | | | | | |
| OE | or equivalent | FB | formulae book | | | | | |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks | NOS | not on scheme | | | | | |
| –x EE | deduct x marks for each error | G | graph | | | | | |
| NMS | no method shown | c | candidate | | | | | |
| PI | possibly implied | sf | significant figure(s) | | | | | |
| SCA | substantially correct approach | dp | decimal place(s) | | | | | |

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MS/SS1B

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|------|--|--------------|-------|---|
| 1(a) | r = -0.526 to -0.525 | В3 | | AWFW |
| | or of 52 | (D.0) | | |
| | r = -0.53 to -0.52 | (B2) | | AWFW; ignore sign |
| | or $r = -0.6$ to -0.4 | (B1) | | AWFW; ignore sign |
| | 0.0 60 0.1 | (21) | | Tivi v, ignore sign |
| | OR | | | |
| | Attempt at | | | |
| | $\sum x$, $\sum x^2$, $\sum y$, $\sum y^2$ and $\sum xy$ | | | 260, 6970, 143, 2083 and 3671 |
| | or | (M1) | | |
| | Attempt at S_{xx} , S_{yy} and S_{xy} | | | 210, 38.1 and -47 |
| | Attempt at a correct formula for r | (m1) | | |
| | | , , , | | |
| | r = -0.526 to -0.525 | (A1) | 3 | AWFW |
| (b) | Weak/some/moderate negative correlation (relationship/association) | B1 | | OE; must qualify strength and indicate negative B0 for strong/poor/reasonable/average B0 if $r > 0$ or $r < -1$ |
| | between | | | B0 if contradictory statements |
| | length and (maximum) diameter | B1 | | Context |
| | Ignore subsequent comments (as below) only if B1 B1 already scored | | | |
| | OR | | | |
| | Some evidence that large lengths are associated with small diameters | (B1) (B1) | | OE; must qualify strength and indicate negative |
| | OR | | | |
| | Longer melons tend to have | (B1) | | OE; must qualify strength and indicate |
| | smaller diameters / be thinner | (B1) | 2 | negative |
| | Total | | 5 | |

| MS/SS1B (co Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|------------------|---|----------|-------|---|
| 2 | Ratios: Penalise first occurrence only of a correct answer | | | |
| (a)(i) | $P(Welsh back) = \frac{7}{50} \text{ or } 0.14$ | B1 | 1 | CAO; OE |
| (ii) | $P(English) = \frac{14+8}{50} =$ | B1 | | Correct expression; PI |
| | $\frac{22}{50}$ or $\frac{11}{25}$ or 0.44 | B1 | 2 | CAO; OE |
| (iii) | P(not English) = 1 - (ii) = | | | |
| | $\frac{28}{50}$ or $\frac{14}{25}$ or 0.56 | B1√ | 1 | on (ii) if used; 0 |
| (iv) | $\frac{P(Irish \mid back) =}{\frac{P(Irish \cap back)}{P(back)}} = \frac{6}{\sum(back)} =$ | M1 | | Used; may be implied by values or answer |
| | $\frac{6}{23}$ or 0.26 to 0.261 | A1 | 2 | CAO/AWFW (6/50 \Rightarrow 0) |
| (v) | P(forward not Scottish) = $\frac{P(\text{forward} \cap \text{not Scottish})}{P(\text{not Scottish})} = \frac{14+5+6}{50-4} = \frac{27-2}{50-4} =$ | M1 | | Used; OE May be implied by values or answer |
| | $\frac{25}{46}$ or 0.54 to 0.544 | A1 | 2 | CAO/AWFW (25/50 \Rightarrow 0) |
| (b) | $P(4 \times English) =$ | | | |
| | $\left(\frac{22}{50}\right) \times \left(\frac{21}{49}\right) \times \left(\frac{20}{48}\right) \times \left(\frac{19}{47}\right) =$ | M1 M1 | | Reducing non-tabulated value 4 times Reducing 50 and multiplying 4 terms (ignore multipliers) |
| | $\frac{175560}{5527200}$ or $\frac{209}{6580}$ | | | |
| | or 0.0317 to 0.032 | A1 | 3 | CAO/AWFW |
| | Total | | 11 | |

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|------|---|-------|-------|--|
| 3(a) | $95\% \implies z = 1.96$ | B1 | | CAO |
| | or $95\% \Rightarrow t = 2.0 \text{ to } 2.01$ (Knowledge of the <i>t</i> -distribution is not required in this unit) | (B1) | | AWFW (2.009) |
| | CI for μ is $\overline{x} \pm (z \operatorname{or} t) \times \frac{(s_{n-1} \operatorname{or} s_n)}{\sqrt{n}}$ | M1 | | Used; must have \sqrt{n} with $n > 1$ |
| | Note that $25.1 \times \sqrt{\frac{50}{49}} = 25.35483$ | | | $25.1 \times \frac{50}{49} = 25.61224$ Max of B1 M1 A0\(^\) A1 |
| | Thus $234 \pm (1.96 \text{ or } 2.009) \times \frac{(25.1 \text{ or } 25.3 \text{ to } 25.4)}{(\sqrt{50} \text{ or } \sqrt{49})}$ | A1√ | | \int on z or t only |
| | Hence 234 \pm (6.95 to 7.30) | | | |
| | ie 234 ± 7 or (227, 241) | A1 | 4 | AWRT |
| (b) | Customers are likely to choose large / similar sized potatoes | B1 | 1 | OE; accept any sensible alternative |
| | Total | | 5 | |

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|---------|---|--------------|-------|--|
| 4(a)(i) | Mode = 2 | B1 | | CAO |
| | Range = 15 | B1 | 2 | CAO |
| (ii) | CF: 4 17 41 58 73 84 89 95 x: 0 1 2 3 4 9 14 15 | | | |
| | $Median (48^{th}) = 3$ | B2 | | CAO; B0 if shown method is incorrect |
| | Interquartile Range $(72^{nd} - 24^{th})$ = $4 - 2 = 2$ | B2 | | CAO Allow B1 for identification of 4 and 2 B0 if shown method is incorrect |
| | If neither correct but CF attempted and matched correctly with ≥ 5 <i>x</i> -values | (M1) (A1) | 4 | Allow for median = $2 + \frac{x}{17}$ |
| (iii) | | B2 | | $\sum fx = 399$ |
| | Standard Deviation (s_n, s_{n-1}) = 3.88 to 3.91 | B2 | | $\sum fx^2 = 3111$ AWFW (3.887 or 3.907) |
| | If neither correct but mid-points of 7 and 12 seen $\sum fx$ | (B1) | | |
| | and use of mean $(\bar{x}) = \frac{\sum fx}{95}$ | (M1) | 4 | Allow for $4.1 \le \overline{x} \le 4.3$ |
| (b)(i) | Unknown values (16) have no effect on median and IQR or median and IQR are exact values but \bar{x} and s are estimates | B1 | 1 | |
| (ii) | Use all available data or Enable further analyses | B1 | 1 | |
| | Total | | 12 | |

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|--------|---|--------------|-------|--|
| 5(a) | Time taken depends upon temperature | B1 | 1 | OE; not <i>x</i> set values |
| (b) | $b 	ext{ (gradient)} = -0.0873 	ext{ to } -0.087$ $b 	ext{ (gradient)} = -0.09 	ext{ to } -0.08$ | B2 (B1) | | AWFW $(-0.087\dot{2}\dot{7})$ AWFW; $-8.73^{-02} \Rightarrow B0$ AWFW $(5.95\dot{0}\dot{9})$ |
| | $a 	ext{ (intercept)} = 5.94 	ext{ to } 5.96$ $a 	ext{ (intercept)} = 5.6 	ext{ to } 6.1$ | B2 (B1) | | $ \begin{array}{ccc} AWFW & (5.9509) \\ AWFW \end{array} $ |
| | Attempt at $\sum x$, $\sum x^2$, $\sum y$ and $\sum xy$ or | (M1) | | 396, 16016, 30.9 and 958.8 |
| | Attempt at S_{xx} and S_{xy} Attempt at correct formula for b b = -0.0873 to -0.087 | (m1) (A1) | | 1760 and -153.6 AWFW |
| | a = 5.94 to 5.96 | (A1) | 4 | AWFW |
| | Accept a and b interchanged only if then identified correctly later in question | | | |
| (c)(i) | Each 1 °C rise in temperature results in an (average) decrease of 0.087 m (5 s) in time taken for pellets to dissolve | B1 B1 | 2 | Quantified rise in x (results in) Decrease in y OE |
| (ii) | <i>a</i> is <i>y</i> –value at $x = 0$ at which water is solid/ice/frozen so pellets cannot dissolve | B1 B1 | 2 | Indication that it is y at $x = 0$ Mention of solid or ice or frozen |
| (d)(i) | When $x = 30$ y = 3.3 to 3.4 y = 2.9 to 3.7 | B2 (B1) | | AWFW (3.3327) |
| | If B0, use of their equation with $x = 30$ | (M1) | 2 | |
| (ii) | When $x = 75$ y < 0 or negative which | B1 ↑Dep↑ | | OE |
| | is impossible | B1 | 2 | OE; not extrapolation |
| | Total | | 13 | |

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|--------|---|-------------|-------|---|
| 6(a) | Use of binomial in (a) or (b)(i) | M1 | | PI |
| (i) | $P(T_{10} \le 3) = 0.38 \text{ to } 0.383$ | В1 | 2 | AWFW (0.3823) |
| (ii) | $P(10 < T_{40} < 20) = 0.8702 \text{ or } 0.9256$ | M1 | | Allow 3 dp accuracy |
| | minus 0.0352 or 0.0156 | M1 | | Allow 3 dp accuracy |
| | = 0.83 to 0.84 OR | A1 | | AWFW (0.835) |
| | B(40, 0.40) expressions stated for at least 3 terms within $10 \le T_{40} \le 20$ | (M1) | | Or implied by a correct answer |
| | Answer = 0.83 to 0.84 | (A2) | 3 | AWFW |
| (b)(i) | $n=5 \qquad p=0.4$ | | | |
| | Mean, $\mu = np = 2$ | B1 | | CAO |
| | Variance, $\sigma^2 = np(1-p) = 1.2$ | M1 | | Use of $np(1-p)$ even if SD |
| | Standard deviation = $\sqrt{1.2}$ or = 1.09 to 1.1 | A1 | 3 | CAO AWFW |
| (ii) | $Mean (\overline{x}) = 2$ | B1 | | CAO $\sum x = 26$ |
| | Standard Deviation (s_n, s_{n-1}) = 1.1 to 1.16 | B2 | | $\sum x^2 = 68$ AWFW (1.1094 or 1.1547) |
| | If neither correct but use of mean $(\bar{x}) = \frac{\sum x}{13}$ | (M1) | 3 | |
| (iii) | Means are same and SDs are similar/same Means are same but SDs are different so | B1 ↑Dep↑ | | Must have scored full marks in (b)(i) and (b)(ii) |
| | Trina's claims appear valid / invalid | B1 | 2 | |
| | Total | | 13 | |

| MS/SS1B (co Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|------------------|--|------------|-------|--|
| 7(a) | Time, $X \sim N(48, 20^2)$ | | | |
| (i) | $P(X < 60) = P\left(Z < \frac{60 - 48}{20}\right) =$ | M1 | | Standardising (59.5, 60 or 60.5) with 48 and ($\sqrt{20}$, 20 or 20 ²) and/or (48 – x) |
| | P(Z < 0.6) = 0.725 to 0.73 | A1 | 2 | AWFW (0.72575) |
| (ii) | P(30 < X < 60) = P(X < 60) - P(X < 30) = (i) - P(X < 30) = (i) - P(Z < -0.9) = | M1 | | Difference or equivalent Standardising other than 60 and 30 ⇒ max of M1 m1 A0 |
| | $(i) - \{1 - P(Z < +0.9)\} = 0.72575 - \{1 - 0.81594\} =$ | m1 | | Area change |
| | 0.54 to 0.542 | A1 | 3 | AWFW (0.54169) |
| (iii) | $0.9 \Rightarrow z = 1.28 \text{ to } 1.282$ | B1 | | AWFW (1.2816) |
| | $z = \frac{k - 48}{20}$ | M1 | | Standardising k with 48 and 20 |
| | = 1.2816 | m1 | | Equating z-term to z-value; not using 0.9, 0.1, $ 1-z $ or $\Phi(0.9) = 0.81594$ |
| | k = 73.6 to 74 | A 1 | 4 | AWFW |
| (b) | Time, $Y \sim N(37, 25^2)$ | | | |
| (i) | Use of $\mu - (2 \text{ or } 3) \times \sigma = 37 - (50 \text{ or } 75)$ | M1 | | Or equivalent justification |
| | $< 0 \Rightarrow$ likely negative times | B1 | 2 | for (likely) negative times |
| (ii) | Central Limit Theorem or $n \text{ large } /> 30$ | B1 | 1 | |
| (iii) | Variance of $\overline{Y} = \frac{25^2}{35}$ | B1 | | OE; stated or used |
| | $P(\overline{Y} > 40) = P\left(Z > \frac{40 - 37}{25/\sqrt{35}}\right) =$ | M1 | | Standardising 40 with 37 and $25/\sqrt{35}$ and/or $(37-40)$ |
| | P(Z > 0.71) = 1 - P(Z < 0.71) = | m1 | | Area change |
| | 0.238 to 0.24 | A1 | 4 | AWFW (1 – 0.76115) |
| | Total | | 16 | |
| | TOTAL | | 75 | |