

Mark scheme June 2003

GCE

Religious Studies

Unit RS08

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Levels of Response descriptors in A2 examinations

Marks for 10-mark questions are shown in brackets

| | Quality of Written | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|---------------|
| Level | Communication in AO1 and AO2 | AO1 | AO2 | Marks |
| 5 | Highly appropriate form and style | A thorough treatment of the topic, | A very good response to issue(s) | 17-20 |
| | of writing; clear and coherent | which may be in depth or breadth. | raised. Different views, including | |
| | organisation of information; appropriate and accurate use of | Information is accurate and relevant. A thorough | where appropriate those of scholars or schools of thought, are | [9-10] |
| | specialist vocabulary; good | understanding is shown through | discussed and evaluated | |
| | legibility and high level of | good use of relevant evidence and | perceptively. Effective use is | |
| | accuracy in spelling, punctuation | examples. Where appropriate | made of evidence to sustain an | |
| | and grammar. | good knowledge and | argument. Systematic analysis and | |
| | | understanding of diversity of views and / or scholarly opinion is | reasoning leads to appropriate conclusions. There may be | |
| | | demonstrated. | evidence of independent thought. | |
| 4 | Appropriate form and style of | A generally thorough treatment of | A good response to issue(s) | 13-16 |
| | writing; clear and coherent | the topic. Information is accurate | raised. Different views, including | |
| | organisation of information; | and relevant. Good understanding | where appropriate those of | [7-8] |
| | appropriate and accurate use of specialist vocabulary; good | is demonstrated through use of relevant evidence and examples. | scholars or schools of thought, are discussed. A process of reasoning | |
| | legibility and high level of | Where appropriate, alternative | leads to an appropriate | |
| | accuracy in spelling, punctuation | views and / or scholarly opinion | conclusion. There may be some | |
| | and grammar. | are satisfactorily explained. | evidence of independent thought. | |
| 3 | Mainly appropriate form and style of writing; generally clear and | A satisfactory treatment of the topic. Information is mostly | A satisfactory response to issue(s) raised. Views are explained with | 9-12 |
| | coherent organisation of | accurate and relevant. A | some supporting evidence and | [F (1 |
| | information; mainly appropriate | reasonable understanding is | arguments, and some critical | [5-6] |
| | and accurate use of specialist | demonstrated through use of some | analysis. A conclusion is drawn | |
| | vocabulary; good legibility and | relevant evidence and examples. | that follows from some of the | |
| | fairly high level of accuracy in spelling, punctuation and | Where appropriate, some familiarity with diversity of views | reasoning. | |
| | grammar. | and / or scholarly opinion is | | |
| | | shown. | | |
| 2 | Form and style of writing | A superficial answer, which | Main issue is addressed with some | 5-8 |
| | appropriate in some respects; some of the information is | includes some key facts and demonstrates limited | supporting evidence or argument, | |
| | organised clearly and coherently; | understanding using some | but the reasoning is faulty, or the analysis superficial or only one | [3-4] |
| | some appropriate and accurate use | evidence / examples. Where | view is adequately considered. | |
| | of specialist vocabulary; | appropriate, brief reference may | , , | |
| | satisfactory legibility and level of | be made to alternative views and / | | |
| | accuracy in spelling, punctuation and grammar. | or scholarly opinion. | | |
| 1 | Little clarity and coherence in | Isolated elements of accurate and | Some simple reasons or evidence | 1-4 |
| 1 | organisation; little appropriate and | relevant information. Some signs | are given in support of a view that | |
| | accurate use of specialist | of understanding. Evidence and | is relevant to the question. | [1-2] |
| | vocabulary; legibility and level of | examples are sparse. | | . , |
| | accuracy in spelling, punctuation and grammar barely adequate to | | | |
| | make meaning clear. | | | |
| 0 | Little clarity and coherence in | Nothing of relevance. | No valid points made. | 0 |
| | organisation; little appropriate and | | | |
| | accurate use of specialist | | | |
| | vocabulary; legibility and level of accuracy in spelling, punctuation | | | |
| | and grammar barely adequate to | | | |
| | make meaning clear. | | | |



Unit 8: Studies in the New Testament

1 (a) Examine the interpretation of the Healing of the Crippled Man (John 5 1-18).

Crippled man

Possible areas for comment include:

Superiority of Christianity over Judaism:

five porticoes / 38 years symbolism / waters unable to cleanse

Person of Jesus

knowledge faith and belief relationship with Father power and authority of Jesus authority over Sabbath Good Shepherd (Sheep Gate) Sent One (Siloam) Life giving word

Maximum Level 3 if only discussed superiority over Judaism.

(20 marks) AO1

(b) "The signs in John's Gospel are full of symbolism." Examine this statement and assess the extent to which the signs can be regarded as historical.

Signs

Comment on word "signs" as pointers.

Illustration from signs of symbolism.

Comment on "full" (across breadth of the signs and within the individual sign).

Maximum Level 3 if not referred to text.

(10 marks) AO1

Discussion on issue of historicity of signs.

Not historical – artificial story / not in Synoptics / symbolic only / supernatural

Historical – different source/symbolism can also be historical / five pillars /

detailed and specific people / places

(20 marks) AO2



2 (a) Examine the meaning of the claims made of Jesus as "the Bread of Life" and the "the Door of Sheep" in John's Gospel.

"I am" sayings

Possible areas include:

"I am" meaning ego eimi / Exodus 3:14

Sacrificial

Old Testament Moses link / Passover / Manna

Messianic

Eternal life bringer

Door for salvation

Giver of abundant life

Sheepfold

Thieves and robbers

Maximum Level 3 if only one claim examined.

(20 marks) AO1

(b) "The purpose of the discourses in John's Gospel is to reveal the work of Jesus."

With reference to material not so far discussed in part (a), explain this statement and assess the view that this is the main purpose of John's discourses.

Purpose to reveal work of Jesus

Using examples from other discourses to show how they reveal the work of Jesus

Maximum Level 4 if only one discussed.

(10 marks) AO1

Other purposes

e.g. Link to John 20:30-31 Unfolding Christology

Sacramental

Some discussion about the word "main" purpose

(20 marks) AO2



3 (a) Examine the main features of John's Passion narrative.

Passion

Possible areas include:

Some differences between other Gospel accounts:

length of narrative with Jesus teaching privately rather than publicly No account of the Last Supper bread and wine

No account of formal trial

Different date for crucifixion

Conversation with Pilate

Some special features:

Irony

Fulfilment of Scripture

Flow of blood and water

The power of Jesus versus powerlessness of authorities

Jesus speaks to mother

It is accomplished

Reappearance of Nicodemus

Jesus' death presentation

Cross as throne

Titles on Cross

Crown of thorns

Robes

Lifted up

Return to the Father

Narration with comment maximum Level 3.

(20 marks) AO1

(b) "The eschatology in John's Gospel is concerned with present salvation not future judgement." Explain this statement and assess the extent to which it is true.

Eschatology

Explanation of terms

present salvation - gives life / never die / present tense / now is

Future Judgement – future tenses / last day

Evidence from the text

(10 marks) AO1

Also future salvation and present judgement

Present yet future – inaugurated eschatology

Weight of emphasis?

(20 marks) AO2