General Certificate of Education January 2007 Advanced Subsidiary Examination



SPORT AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION Unit 1

For this paper you must have:

Monday 22 January 2007

• a 12-page answer book.

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

• Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.

1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

• Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The *Examining Body* for this paper is AQA. The *Paper Reference* is PED1.

PED1

- Answer four from five questions.
- Do all rough work in the answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- Three of these marks will be awarded for using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Physiological and Psychological Factors which Improve Performance

Answer four from five questions.

1

Total for this question: 18 marks

(a) Effective demonstrations together with an analysis of movement can lead to an improvement in performance.

A coach may use Bandura's model of observational learning to help teach the correct technique for goal kicking. Name **and** explain the **four** stages of observational learning. (4 marks)

- (b) What **other** factors should a coach consider for demonstrations to be effective? (4 marks)
- (c) Figure 1 shows a football player kicking a ball.

Figure 1





Position A

Position B

(i) With reference to the movement of the kicking leg from position **A** to position **B**, copy and complete **Table 1** in your answer book. (6 marks)

Table 1

| | Kicking action | | |
|-------|----------------|--------------|--|
| | Main agonist | Joint action | |
| Hip | | | |
| Knee | | | |
| Ankle | | | |

- (ii) In which *plane* and about what *axis* does the kicking action take place?

 (2 marks)
- (d) Shooting in football is a skill where performance can be easily measured. When testing skill performance, explain the difference between *subjectivity* and *objectivity*.

(2 marks)

2

Total for this question: 18 marks

Games players require a good level of cardio-respiratory endurance (stamina) and effective feedback if they are to be successful.

- (a) (i) What do you understand by the term *cardio-respiratory endurance* and why is it an important component of fitness for games players? (2 marks)
 - (ii) Name **and** describe a suitable test for measuring cardio-respiratory endurance. (3 marks)
- (b) Cardio-respiratory endurance training can cause adaptations to the heart.
 - Describe the changes that occur to the heart as a result of *cardio-respiratory* endurance training. (3 marks)
- (c) Games players will experience different types of feedback during and after a performance.
 - Explain the different types of feedback that a performer may experience. (4 marks)
- (d) What are the characteristics of effective feedback for a **novice** games player?

 (3 marks)
- (e) Explain how feedback changes as the games player moves from the *associative* stage of learning to the *autonomous* stage of learning. (3 marks)

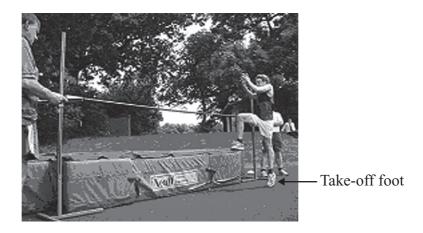
Total for this question: 18 marks

Performance can be improved by the effective use of levers and reinforcement.

Figure 2 shows a high jumper at take off.

3

Figure 2



- (a) (i) Using **Figure 2**, name, sketch **and** label the lever system operating at the ball of the take-off foot. (3 marks)
 - (ii) On your diagram, draw and label the *effort arm* and the *resistance arm*.
- (b) Name **two** key components of fitness required by a high jumper **and** explain how these components are used in this event. (4 marks)

Operant conditioning theories help to explain how a performer develops a link between a stimulus and a response in order to learn effectively.

- (c) Explain how a coach could use operant conditioning to strengthen the stimulus—response bond. (5 marks)
- (d) The high jumper reaches a plateau in their performance. Explain what factors may cause this plateau to occur. (4 marks)

Total for this question: 18 marks

Performance can be developed from an analysis of movement and a transfer of skills. This performance can be measured by the use of tests.

Figure 3 shows a performer throwing a ball.

Position A

4

Figure 3



With reference to the movement of the throwing arm from position A to position B, copy and complete Table 2 in your answer book.

Position B

Table 2

| | Type of joint | Joint action | Main agonist |
|----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Elbow | | | |
| Shoulder | | | |

(b) In practice, a performer has to throw a ball at a target from different set distances.

Discuss whether this would be a valid and reliable measure of this person's ability to play a game of cricket. (4 marks)

The action of throwing can be transferred from one sport to another.

- Describe what is meant by the term transfer of learning and explain the other (c) forms that transfer can take. (5 marks)
- What factors can lead to successful transfer of learning taking place? (4 marks)

Turn over for the next question

(5 marks)

Total for this question: 18 marks

In games, performers will use information processing to make decisions.

(a) Describe the *information processing* involved by a performer who is about to pass a ball to a team mate. (4 marks)

In games, performers will try to create a 2 versus 1 situation, where there are two attackers against one defender.

- (b) Explain, in terms of *information processing*, why a 2 versus 1 situation should cause a defender's response time to be slower. (3 marks)
- (c) In a 2 versus 1 situation, if the players involved are **beginners**, the attack may keep breaking down. Explain in terms of *information processing* why this occurs.

 (3 marks)

During a game, a defender will work at various intensities.

- (d) (i) Describe how cardiac output increases when a defender is working at a higher intensity. (3 marks)
 - (ii) Describe how the *parasympathetic* and the *sympathetic* pathways control heart rate during the game. (5 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

5

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