

General Certificate of Education

Philosophy 5171/6171

PLY6 Synoptic Study

Mark Scheme

2005 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Synoptic Study PLY6

General Guidance

In order to ensure that the knowledge, understanding and evaluative skills acquired in all units of the AS and A Level course are integrated, and to ensure that candidates are aware of the relationships between different aspects of the course, all candidates for the A Level must complete an extended essay which *either* assesses the relative contributions of two philosophers to a major debate, *or* assesses the impact of one philosopher on the development of ideas within a philosophical theme. This 'synoptic' element will account for 20% of the total A Level assessment. The essay should be researched in advance (individually and/or in groups) but the final version will be produced by candidates individually, in supervised class sessions totalling up to four hours, during the final spring term. The essays will be marked by an AQA-appointed Examiner.

Essays must be chosen from the relevant list specified by AQA for the correct year of examinations, eg candidates entering the examination in June 2005 must answer a title from the 2005 list, and candidates entering in June 2006 must answer from the 2006 list, and so on.

With effect from the 2004 examination onwards, a word limit of up to 1000 words of researched notes may be brought into the class and used for reference. All notes brought into class at the writing up stage *must* be headed 'Rough Notes' and submitted to AQA with the finished essay.

Both the Comparative study and the Complementary study are designed to test the extent to which candidates are able to integrate and otherwise link the work of philosophers in the specification with individual broad areas or debates within philosophy, and in particular with the issues raised in the themes in Modules 1, 2 or 4. The extended essay paper is therefore designed to encourage and test candidates' ability to establish bridges between Modules 1, 2 and 4 (Themes) and Modules 3 and 5 (Texts). Both the Comparative Study and the Complementary Study are designed to be equally demanding and are assessed in the same way and against the same marking criteria.

Essays will be based on **one** of the **six** titles below in Alternative A - Comparative Study, **or one** of the **six** titles in Alternative B - Complementary Study.

The titles for June 2005 are shown below:

Alternative A – Comparative Study

Candidates choosing the Comparative Study are required to assess the contributions of two philosophers to a major philosophical debate or area of concern. The philosophers should be seen as adopting differing, contrasting or opposing positions.

- (a) Compare and contrast Plato and Aristotle on the acquisition of ethical understanding.
- (b) Compare and contrast Descartes and Hume on knowledge of the external world.
- (c) Compare and contrast Marx & Engels with Mill regarding social and economic progress.
- (d) Compare and contrast Nietzsche and Marx & Engels on religious belief.
- (e) Compare and contrast Ayer and Russell on knowledge of the physical world.
- (f) Compare and contrast Sartre and Ayer on subjective human consciousness.

Alternative B – Complementary Study

Candidates choosing the Complementary Study are required to assess the contribution of one of the set authors or texts to the development of a debate within one of the set themes.

- (g) Explain and discuss the significance of Ayer's 'Language, Truth and Logic' for the Philosophy of Religion.
- (h) Explain and discuss the significance of Descartes' work for philosophical considerations of 'the mental'.
- (i) Explain and discuss the significance of Hume's work for scientific methodology.
- (j) Explain and discuss the significance of Mill's work for philosophical considerations of freedom.
- (k) Explain and discuss the significance of Plato's account of the acquisition of understanding for the theory of knowledge.
- (1) Explain and discuss Sartre's views on moral responsibility and their significance for ethics.

Marking should be conducted in accordance with the Generic Marking Criteria published in the specification and reproduced below.

AO1 Knowledge and Understanding (10 marks available)		AO2 Selection and Application (20 marks available)		AO3 Interpretation and Evaluation (30 marks available)	
Level 0 0 marks Level 1 1-2 marks	The work does not meet the threshold criteria for knowledge and understanding. There is little evidence of knowledge or grasp of the philosophical issues and concerns. Mistakes in grammar, punctuation and spelling are significantly intrusive.	Level 0 0 marks Level 1 1-4 marks	The work does not meet the threshold criteria for selection and application. The essay is seriously incoherent or fragmentary, displaying little or no skills in selection, application or recognition of relevance. No substantial links are made between authors and themes.	Level 0 0 marks Level 1 1-6 marks	The work does not meet the threshold criteria for interpret- ation and evaluation. Incoherent and fragmentary, with either no interpret- ation or evaluation, or evaluative and interpretative points that are largely not relevant to the title. Supporting material as evidence or example is either absent or ineffective.
Level 2 3-4 marks	While some grasp is demonstrated and a number of important points are identified, much understanding is superficial and/or basic. There may be errors of grammar, punctuation and/or spelling, and these may significantly intrude on the argument being made.	Level 2 5-8 marks	The candidate selects material in a basic way, with little discrimination, and applies it crudely. Relevance is not sustained and the title is only partially addressed or answered. Some material is effectively deployed. Links between authors and themes are weak and infrequent.	Level 2 7-12 marks	Weaker responses demonstrate signif- icant errors of reasoning and many evaluative or inter- pretative points are wrong, confused or seriously inaccurate. In better responses, interpretative and evaluative points are simplistic or crude, or are asserted without argument. Support- ing material is unconvincing or is not appropriate.

AO1 Knowledge and Understanding (10 marks available)		AO2 Selection and Application (20 marks available)		AO3 Interpretation and Evaluation (30 marks available)	
Level 3 5-6 marks	Generally accurate knowledge and adequate grasp of most of the main points. The understanding often goes beyond the superficial and basic, but it is not sharp. There may be errors of grammar, punctuation and/or spelling, but these do not significantly intrude on the argument being made.	Level 3 9-12 marks	Much relevant material is selected but is not always well applied, or a limited amount of material is selected but is usually well applied. The response to the question is direct but lacks coherence, or is coherent but misdirected. Some effective links are made between authors and themes. Relevance is sus- tained for substantial passages.	Level 3 13-18 marks	Evaluative and interpretative points are largely correct, clear and accurate. There is some evidence of reflection, although this is not sustained or comprehensive. Some discussion is developed or telling.
Level 4 7-8 marks	Key philosophical issues are understood in some detail, although there is evidence that some issues of significance for the title are not. The response is capable but not exact. Much of the response demonstrates insight. There may be only occasional errors of grammar, punctuation and/or spelling.	Level 4 13-16 marks	Largely relevant material is selected and applied well but is not fully drawn out or important points are left out. The essay is mostly coherent and direct and contains a substantial response to the title. Much material is effectively deployed. Links between authors and themes are made frequently and effectively.	Level 4 19-24 marks	There is clear evidence of an ability to scrutinise and reflect. The discussion is a very competent and largely systematic treatment of the issues. Most argu- ments are subtle and/or compelling and much of the supporting material is convincing and appropriate. Alternatively, the discussion is narrow but it is impressively analytical and pithy.

Level 5	The philosophical	Level 5	Relevant material is	Level 5	Evaluative and
9-10	issues are thoroughly	17-20	selected and applied	25-30	interpretative points
marks	understood and the	marks	and the implications	marks	are correct, clear and
	response demonstrates		of the material fully		accurate and the
	sophisticated insight.		drawn out. All		discussion reads as a
	There are few, if any,		material is effectively		sustained critical
	errors in grammar,		deployed and few, if		engagement. There is
	punctuation and/or		any, important points		evidence of reflect-
	spelling.		are left out. Rele-		ion, initiative and
			vance is sustained		imagination. Argu-
			and the essay is		ments are subtle
			coherent and direct.		and/or compelling
			Links between		and supporting
			authors and themes		material is convince-
			are made frequently		ing and appropriate.
			and effectively.		