GCE 2005 January Series



# Mark Scheme

# Mathematics and Statistics B (MBM4)

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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# Key to Mark Scheme

M	mark is for		method
m	mark is dependent on one o	r more M marks and is for	method
A	mark is dependent on M or	m marks and is for	accuracy
B	mark is independent of M o	or m marks and is form	lethod and accuracy
E	mark is for		explanation
$\checkmark$ or ft or F		follow thr	ough from previous
			incorrect result
CAO			correct answer only
AWFW		anythin	g which falls within
AWRT		anyth	ing which rounds to
AG		-	answer given
SC			special case
OE			or equivalent
A2,1			0) accuracy marks
- <i>x</i> EE		deduct x 1	narks for each error
NMS			no method shown
PI			possibly implied
SCA		substantial	lly correct approach
c			candidate
SF			significant figure(s)
DP			decimal place(s)

# Abbreviations used in Marking

MC - <i>x</i>	deducted <i>x</i> marks for mis-copy
MR – <i>x</i>	deducted x marks for mis-read
ISW	ignored subsequent working
BOD	
WR	work replaced by candidate
FB	formulae booklet

### **Application of Mark Scheme**

No method shown: Correct answer without working Incorrect answer without working	mark as in scheme zero marks unless specified otherwise
More than one method/choice of solution: 2 or more complete attempts, neither/none crossed out 1 complete and 1 partial attempt, neither crossed out	mark both/all fully and award the mean mark rounded down award credit for the complete solution only
Crossed out work	do not mark unless it has not been replaced
Alternative solution using a correct or partially correct method	award method and accuracy marks as appropriate

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number				
and Part				
1(a)	C of momentum			
	m.63u = 81m.v	M1 A1		
	$\mathbf{v} = \frac{7}{4}\boldsymbol{\mu}$			
	9	A1	3	
(b)	If x is the number of arrows required,			
(0)	$x = 62u = (80m \pm xm)7u$			
	x m.05u - (80m + xm)/u	Ml Al		
	9x = 80 + x	M1		
		1011		
	x = 10	A1	4	Needs unknown on both sides
	Total		7	
2(a)	Dimension of a force is M L $T^{-2}$	B1		
	Dimension of $\frac{mM}{r^2}$ is M <sup>2</sup> L <sup>-2</sup>			
	, MI T <sup>-2</sup>			
	Dimension of G is $\frac{1}{M^2 L^{-2}}$	M1		
	$= M^{-1} I^{-3} T^{-2}$	Δ1	3	
	171 L 1	111	5	
(b)	Inserting dimensions:			
, , ,	$L T^{-1} = (M^{-1} L^3 T^{-2})^{\alpha} M^{\beta} L^{-\gamma}$	M1		
	$= \mathbf{M}^{\beta - \alpha} \mathbf{L}^{3\alpha - \gamma} \mathbf{T}^{-2\alpha}$	A1√		
	Equating terms in T; $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}$	M1		
	Equating terms in M; $\beta = \frac{1}{2}$			
	Equating terms in L; $\gamma = \frac{1}{2}$	A1	4	cao
	Total		7	

#### Mathematics and Statistics B Mechanics 4 MBM4 January 2005

MBM4 (cont)					
Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments	
Number					
and Part					
3(a)	θ 45° 50 20	B2		B1 if no $\theta$	
	$50 \sin \theta = 20 \sin 45$ $\sin \theta = \frac{20}{50} \sin 45$	M1		3 marks for any equation in one unknown	
	$\theta = 16.4^{\circ}$	A1			
	Bearing is 286°	A1	5	Accept 286.4°	
				OR By vectors	
				$(50\cos\theta - 20\cos45)$	
				$v_{YrelB} = \begin{vmatrix} v \cos \theta & 2 \cos \theta \\ 5 \cos \theta & 2 \cos \theta \end{vmatrix}$	
				$(50 \sin \theta - 20 \sin 45)$	
				$\Rightarrow 50\sin\theta - 20\sin45 = 0 \text{ M2 AI}$	
				$r_{YrelB} = \begin{pmatrix} -40 + 50t \cos \theta - 20t \cos 45 \\ 50 + 10 + 20t \cos 45 \end{pmatrix}$	
				$(50t\sin\theta - 20t\sin45)$	
				$\Rightarrow$ 50sin $\theta$ -20 sin45 = 0 M2 A1	
(b)	$V = 50 \cos 16.4 - 20 \sin 45$	M1		Or $V^2 = 20^2 + 50^2 - 2.2050 \cos 28.6$	
	= 33.8236	A1		, 20 20 2.20.20 000 20.0	
	Time = $\frac{40}{33.82}$	M1	4	Not dep on above	
	= 1.18				
	= 1 hour 11 minutes	A1	1	Accept 1.18 or 1hour 11 min	
(c)	Distance travelled = $50 \times 1.18$				
	= 59.1 km	B1√		$50 \times$ their time	
	Total		10		

Question Number and Part	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
4(a)	Resolve horizontally			
	$T_{ED}\cos 30 + T_{EF}\cos 60 = 0$	M1 A1		
	Resolve vertically;			
	$T_{ED}\cos 60 + T_{EF}\cos 30 + 500 = 0$	M1 A1		
	$T_{ED} \sqrt{3} + T_{EF} = 0$			
	$T_{ED} + T_{EF} \sqrt{3} = -1000$	M1		
	$2T_{EF} = -1000\sqrt{3}$	A1		
	$T_{EF} = -500 \sqrt{3} \text{ or } -866 \text{N}$			
	$T_{ED} = 500 \mathrm{N}$	A1		M3 A4 for <i>ED</i> and <i>EF</i>
	Resolve perpendicular to <i>CD</i> $T_{DF}\cos 30 + T_{ED}\cos 60 = 0$ $T_{DF}\cos \sqrt{2} + 500 = 0$	M1 A1		Need to use direction perp to <i>CD</i> or to use 2 equations
	$T_{DF} \sqrt{3} + 500 = 0$ $T_{DF} = -\frac{500}{\sqrt{3}} \text{ Or} - 289 \text{N}$	A1	10	Delete A1 for 500g etc
(b)	<i>ED</i> could be replaced by a rope since force is positive <i>EF</i> and <i>DF</i> could not be replaced by a	B1√`		
	rope since force is negative	B1√	2	
(c)	No			
	Resolve horizontally at C Force in $CF \neq 0$	B1 B1	2	Values could have been found in part (a)
	Total		1/	
	10181		14	

#### MBM4 (cont)

MBM4 (cont)					
Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments	
Number					
and Part					
5	Velocity perp to line of centres:				
	$u_2 = 3u\sin\theta$	B1			
	$u_4 = u \sin \theta$	B1			
	Along line of centres:				
	m 2m				
	Initial $\rightarrow 3u\cos\theta \leftarrow u\cos\theta$				
	Final $\rightarrow u_{-} \rightarrow u_{-}$				
	$1 \text{ man} \rightarrow u_A \rightarrow u_B$				
	$3\mu m \cos \theta - 2\mu \mu \cos \theta = \mu \mu + 2\mu \mu \pi$				
	$y_{200} \theta = y_{1} \pm 2y_{2}$	M1 A1			
	$u\cos\theta - u_A + 2u_B$				
	Restitution				
	Action $A = a$	M1 A1		Must only consider velocities along line	
	$4eu\cos\theta - u_B - u_A$			of centres	
	1				
	$u_B = \frac{1}{2}(1+4e)u\cos\theta$	Δ 1			
	3	AI			
	$u_{i} = \frac{1}{2}(1 - 8e)u\cos\theta$	Δ 1	0		
	$\frac{u_A}{3}$	AI	0		
	Total		8		
6(a)	At point of sliding				
	Vertically; $R = Mg - P\sin\theta$	M1 A1			
	Horizontally; $F = P\cos\theta$	M1 A1			
	$F = \frac{1}{5}R$	B1			
	$\frac{1}{2}Ma - \frac{1}{2}Psin\theta = Pcos\theta$				
	$\frac{1}{5}Mg = \frac{1}{5}T \sin \theta = T \cos \theta$				
	$P = \underline{Mg}$	A 1	6		
	$5\cos\theta + \sin\theta$	AI	0		
(b)	At point of toppling				
	Taking moments about A				
	$Mgl = P\cos\theta 7l$	M1		For moments about A and one side correct	
		A1			
	B = Mg				
	$r = \frac{1}{7\cos\theta}$	A1	3		
(c)	If topples before it slides				
	Mg Mg				
	$\left  \frac{3}{7\cos\theta} < \frac{3}{5\cos\theta + \sin\theta} \right $	M1			
	1650 - 5000 + 500				
	$Mg(3 + \tan\theta) < Mg$	M1			
	5 + top 0 < 7	A1√			
	$3 + \tan \theta < 1$	M1			
	$\tan \theta < 2$	A1	5	Use of $\leq$ M3 A1	
				Use of $>$ M2 A1	
	Total		14		
	TOTAL		60		