GCE 2004 June Series



Mark Scheme

Mathematics and Statistics B MBD1

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

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Key to Mark Scheme

Μ	mark is for	method
m	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for	method
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for	accuracy
B	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for	accuracy
E	mark is for	explanation
$\sqrt{\mathbf{or}}$ ft or F		follow through from previous
		incorrect result
cao		correct answer only
cso		correct solution only
awfw		anything which falls within
awrt		anything which rounds to
acf		any correct form
ag		answer given
sc		special case
oe		or equivalent
sf		significant figure(s)
dp		decimal place(s)
A2,1		2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks
<i>-x</i> ee		deduct x marks for each error
pi		possibly implied
sca		substantially correct approach

Abbreviations used in Marking

MC – x	deducted x marks for mis-copy
MR – x	deducted x marks for mis-read
isw	ignored subsequent working
bod	given benefit of doubt
wr	work replaced by candidate
fb	formulae book

Application of Mark Scheme

No method shown:	
Correct answer without working	mark as in scheme
Incorrect answer without working	zero marks unless specified otherwise
More than one method / choice of solution:	
2 or more complete attempts, neither/none crossed out	mark both/all fully and award the mean mark rounded down
1 complete and 1 partial attempt, neither crossed out	award credit for the complete solution only
Crossed out work	do not mark unless it has not been replaced
Alternative solution using a correct or partially correct method	award method and accuracy marks as appropriate

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number				
and Part 1 (a)	A B C flow			
1 (d)	$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} & \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{How} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$			
		B1		Second entry
	0 1 0 0	B1		Third & fourth
	0 1 1 1			
	1 0 0 0	B1		Fifth & sixth
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B1	4	Seventh & eighth
	$1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1$	DI	т	
(b)	The three missing labels must be A/B in	M1 A1		
	the first row and B in the second	A1	3	
	Total		7	
2 (a)	CADEBFMLKJC	M1 A1	2	
(b)	Neither More then two odd vertices	B1	2	
	More than two odd vertices	B1	2	
(c) (i)	KL	B1	1	
(ii)	Starting at A , say, we can only get to B	M1		(any sensible focus
	along <i>DE</i> , but then we cannot get back.	A1	2	on the 'isthmus' <i>DE</i>)
	Total		7	
3 (a)	Essential labels:	M1	/	
	<i>B</i> : 4 <i>E</i> : 5 I: 9 <i>F</i> : 10,9	A1		One temporary label
	<i>C</i> :10 <i>J</i> : (14 poss),13 <i>G</i> : 16,14	A1		Six permanent labels
	D: 15 K: 20,19 H: 20 L: 24	A1	-	Remaining permanent labels
	Traceback to <i>ABCGKL</i> of length 24	M1 A1	6	
	Kruskal gives	M1		
(b)(i)	AB CG EF EI FJ (@ 4)	Al		
	AE CD GK KL (@ 5)	A1		
	<i>BC GH</i> (@6)	A1	_	
	Total length = 52 km	B1	5	sc For correct tree only, with order of
				choice not given: 2 marks
(ii)				
		B1√	1	ft
(c)(i)	4 + 4 + 5 + 4 + 6 + 4 + 5 + 5 = 37	B1	1	
(ii)	Longest route on gritted paths = 37 , so	N/1		(any consiliant or second b)
	original distance ≤ 9 . Obvious contenders <i>J</i> & <i>K</i> give distances	M1		(any sensible approach)
	7 and 32.	A1	2	
	Total		15	

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MBD1 (cont)

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number and Part				
4 (a)	$\mathbf{j} \Rightarrow \mathbf{u}$ false (June)	B1		
r (u)	$\mathbf{t} \Rightarrow -\mathbf{y}$ true (30-days end in L/E/R/R)	B1 B1		
	$(\mathbf{j} \wedge \mathbf{y}) \Rightarrow \mathbf{u}$ true (January/July)	B1 B1	5	
(b)(i)	p q r I p∧q II I⇒II			
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1		8 rows
	1 0 0 0* 0 1* 1	M1		appropriate columns
	1 0 1 1 0 1 1	A1		∧ correct
	1 1 0 0 1 0 1	A1	-	any \Rightarrow correct
	$1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1$	A1	5	all correct
(ii)	For II true and I false we need case *	M1		
(11)	e.g. p : June begins with a J	1011		
	q: June ends in a Y			
	r: June has 31 days	A1	2	
			10	
5 (a)	Total Line 1: 3x + 2y = 42	B1	12	For one
5 (a)	Line 1: $3x + 2y = 42$ Line 2: $x + 2y = 30$	DI		
	Line 3: $x + y = 16$	B1	2	For other two
(b)	$3x + 2y = 42$, $x + y = 16 \Rightarrow$	M1		
	x = 10, y = 6	A1	2	For either coordinate
	Hence <i>C</i> is (10,6)	A1	3	
	Trying all vertices leads to	M1		(or by lines/gradients)
(c)	P = 2x + 3y maximised at (2,14)	A1 A1		
	So maximum of P is 46 by making			
	2 Xtremes and 14 Yltras	A1	4	
	Now contraint is $u \in 0.2(u + u)$ and $z =$			
(d)(i)	New contraint is $y \le 0.2(x + y)$ and so $4y \le x$.	M1 A1	2	
(;;)	$4y \ge x$. This crosses the boundary of the feasible	M1	Δ	
(ii)	region at (12,3).	A1		
	In new region maximum of P is at (12,3)	M1		
	so they should make 12 Xtremes and			
	3 Yltras	A1	4	
	Total		15	

MBD1 (cont)

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number and Part				
6 (a)	A,B and C	B1	1	
	,			
(b)	\frown			
	(7 10)			
		M1 A1		
	$(00) \rightarrow (712) \rightarrow (1616) \rightarrow (2323)$	M1 A1		
		A1	5	
	$(6 6) \rightarrow (10 10)$			
(c)	Minimum completion 23 days	B1√		ft
	Critical activities C G H I	B1√	2	ft
6(d)	AD			
	C C			
		M1 A1		
	BEE	M1 A1		
	F	A1		
	F			
		A1	4	
	0 5 10 15 20 25 days			
(e)	e.g. move D (and J) to end	M1 A1	2	
	Total		14	
7 (a)(i) (ii)	Sum = $7d - 6$ = even, so <i>d</i> is even	M1 A1 B1	2	
(11)	$3 \le d$ since there is a degree $d-3$; $d \le 5$ since the graph is simple	B1 B1	2	
(b)	a _ o since the graph is simple		-	
		M1		
		A1	2	
(c)	Not planar	B1		
	Contains K ₅	B1	2	
(d)	All are isomorphic All = K + single adge	B1 B1	2	
	$All = K_5 + single edge$	DI	2	
	Total		10	
	TOTAL		80	

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