



ASSESSMENT and
QUALIFICATIONS
ALLIANCE

Mark scheme January 2004

GCE

Mathematics A

Unit MAD2

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Key to mark scheme

M	mark is for	method
m	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for	method
A	mark is dependent on M or m mark and is for	accuracy
B	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for	method and accuracy
E	mark is for	explanation
√ or ft or F		follow through from previous incorrect result
CAO		correct answer only
AWFW		anything which falls within
AWRT		anything which rounds to
AG		answer given
SC		special case
OE		or equivalent
A2,1		2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks
- x EE		Deduct x marks for each error
NMS		No method shown
PI		Perhaps implied
c		Candidate

Abbreviations used in marking

MC - x	deducted x marks for miscopy
MR - x	deducted x marks for misread
ISW	ignored subsequent working
BOD	gave benefit of doubt
WR	work replaced by candidate

Application of mark scheme

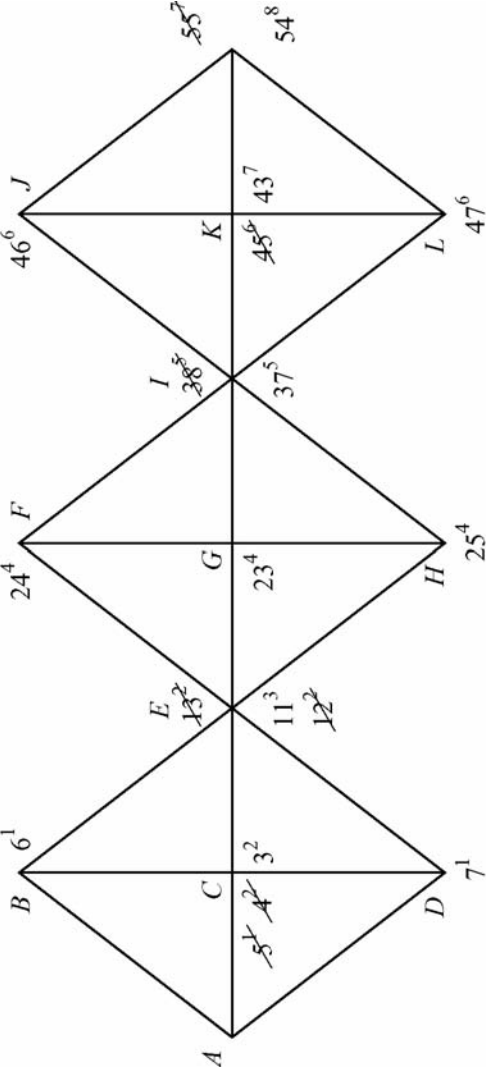
Correct answer without working	mark as in scheme
Incorrect answer without working	zero marks unless specified otherwise

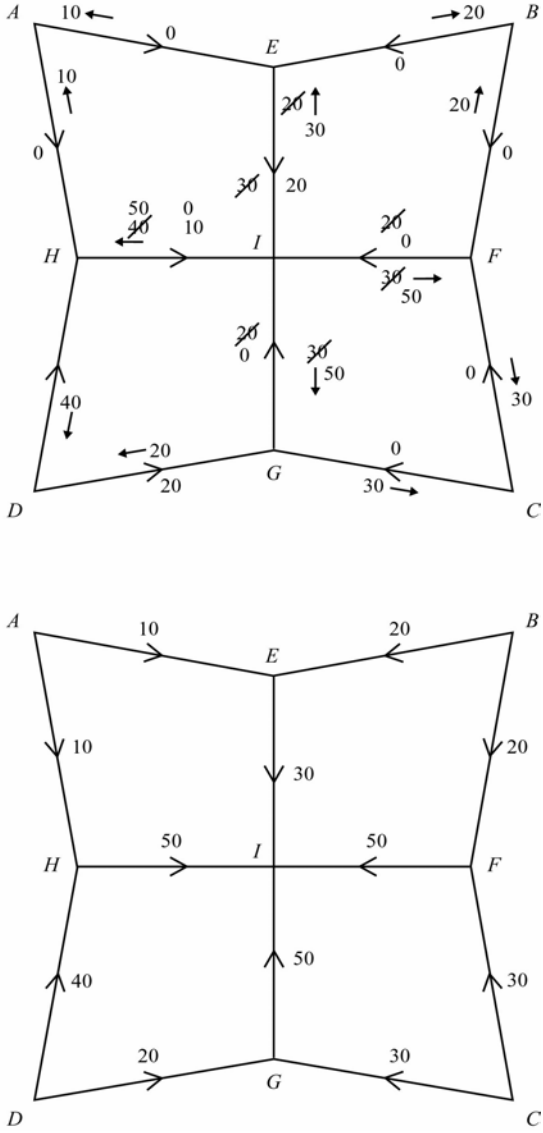
Award method and accuracy marks as appropriate to an alternative solution using a correct method or partially correct method.

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 8 & 10 & 9 & 10 \\ 7 & 9 & 8 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$	M1		
		A1		
	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	M1		
	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$	A1		OE
	<p>4 lines = optimal</p> <p>Match: Michael $\rightarrow A$ Rick $\rightarrow B$ Hilary $\rightarrow C$ Edwina $\rightarrow D$</p>	B1		<p>or $E \rightarrow A$ $R \rightarrow B$ $H \rightarrow C$ $M \rightarrow D$</p> <p>or $H \rightarrow A$ $R \rightarrow B$ $M \rightarrow C$ $E \rightarrow D$</p> <p>or $E \rightarrow C$ $H \rightarrow A$ $M \rightarrow D$ $R \rightarrow B$</p>
	Total = 19	B1	6	
	Total		6	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
<p>2 (a)(i)</p> <p>(ii)</p>		<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p>	<p>Forward</p> <p>Back</p>
(b)	<p>CP = A C E G K</p> <p>Min time = 26</p>	<p>B1</p>	<p>1</p>	<p>Both</p>
(c)	<p>B, D</p>	<p>B1</p>	<p>1</p>	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
2 (d)		M1 A2	3	-1 EE
(e)(i)	<p>Min time = 28</p> <p>1 worker critical path</p> <p>other activities \Rightarrow J takes until 24</p> <p>\therefore overrun = 2</p>	B1 E1	2	
(ii)	<p>A C E G K</p> <p>and</p> <p>B D F (H) I J</p>	B1	1	H either
Total			12	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
3	 <p>Route: $ADCEFILKM$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1F</p> <p>A1F</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p>	<p>7</p>	<p>Working Backwards</p> <p>SCA M1</p> <p>7 at L A1</p> <p>17 at I A1F</p> <p>43 at E A1F</p> <p>47 at D A1F</p> <p>SCA</p> <p>at C</p> <p>at E</p> <p>at I</p> <p>at K</p> <p>for 54</p>
Total			7	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
4 (a)	A, B, C, D	B1	1	
(b)	I	B1	1	
(c)	$20+20+10+10+40+50+30$ $= 180$	M1 A1	2	
(d)	 <p>The diagram shows a network flow problem with nodes A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, and I. The flow values are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> From A: 10 to E, 10 to H, 40 to D. From B: 20 to E, 20 to F. From C: 30 to G, 30 to F. From D: 20 to G, 20 to H. From E: 20 to I, 30 to I. From F: 30 to I, 50 to I. From G: 50 to I, 20 to H. From H: 50 to I. <p>The 'Final' diagram shows the same network with flow values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> From A: 10 to E, 10 to H, 40 to D. From B: 20 to E, 20 to F. From C: 30 to G, 30 to F. From D: 20 to G, 20 to H. From E: 30 to I. From F: 50 to I. From G: 50 to I. From H: 50 to I. 	M1 M1 A1	SCA 1 complete flow	SCA 1 complete flow
		A1		OE

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments		
6 (a)(i)	Row min (-2, 2 -3)	M1				
	Max 2					
	Column max (3, 5, 2, 6)					
	Min 2	A1	3			
	2 = 2, therefore stable solution	E1				
	(ii)	1 saddle point at (2, 3)	B1		1	
	(b)	Colin plays I with prob p , II with $(1-p)$	M1		8	equating to value or solving for p first
	Return $p(x+2)+3(1-p)$	A1				
	$p(x-1)+5(1-p)$	A1				
	$p(x-1)+3 = \frac{19}{5}$	M1				
$p(x-6)+5 = \frac{19}{5}$						
$p(x-1) = \frac{4}{5}$	A1					
$p(x-6) = -\frac{6}{5}$	A1					
$\frac{4}{5(x-1)} = \frac{-6}{5(x-6)}$	M1					
$4x - 24 = -6x + 6$						
$x = 3$	A1					
	Total		12			
	Total		60	CAO		