



General Certificate of Education
Advanced Level Examination
June 2011

Classical Civilisation

CIV4D

Unit 4D Tiberius and Claudius

Wednesday 15 June 2011 1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

For this paper you must have:

- an AQA 12-page answer book.

Time allowed

- 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do **not** use pencil or gel pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book.
The **Paper Reference** for this paper is CIV4D.
- Answer questions from **two** options.
Choose **one** option from Section One and **one** option from Section Two.
Answer **all** questions from the options you have chosen.
- Do all rough work in your answer book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.
Do **not** tear out any part of the book. All work must be handed in.
- If you use more than one book, check that you have written the information required on each book.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Section One

Choose **either** Option A **or** Option B.

Answer **all** questions from the option you have chosen.

EITHER

Option A

Read the passage below and answer Questions 01 to 04 which follow.

When, however, the Theatre of Pompey was accidentally burnt down, Tiberius undertook to rebuild it himself on the grounds that no Pompeius had the means to do so; but its name was to remain unchanged.

Tiberius commended Sejanus' energy and watchfulness in preventing the fire from spreading beyond Pompey's Theatre; and the senate voted that his statue be erected there. Again, shortly afterwards, when Tiberius awarded an honorary Triumph to Quintus Junius Blaesus, governor of Africa, the emperor indicated that this was a compliment to the latter's nephew Sejanus. Yet Blaesus' achievements had earned the distinction.

5

Tacitus, *Annals*, 3.72

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 0 | 1 | What was a Triumph and why was Blaesus only eligible for an 'honorary' Triumph? (2 marks) |
| 0 | 2 | Give three ways in which, according to Tacitus, Tiberius behaved generously during the early part of his principate. (3 marks) |
| 0 | 3 | How serious a threat was Tacfarinas to Roman control of North Africa? (10 marks) |
| 0 | 4 | How significant was the impact of Sejanus on Tiberius' rule? Support your answer with reference to both Tacitus and Suetonius. (20 marks) |

OR

Option B

Read the passages below and answer Questions 05 to 09 which follow.

Passage A

Claudius, unaware of his matrimonial complications, was busy with the functions of censor.

Tacitus, *Annals*, 11.13

Passage B

Claudius also assumed the office of censor, which had been allowed to lapse since the days of Plancus and Paulus, sixty years previously; but here again he proved inconsistent, as much in his general principles as in his particular decisions.

Suetonius, *Claudius*, 16

- | | | | |
|---|---|--|------------|
| 0 | 5 | Give one function of the censor. | (1 mark) |
| | | | |
| 0 | 6 | Give two examples of Claudius' inconsistency as censor in his treatment of <i>equites</i> , according to Suetonius. | (2 marks) |
| | | | |
| 0 | 7 | Give two examples of Claudius' inconsistency in other areas, according to Suetonius. | (2 marks) |
| | | | |
| 0 | 8 | How significant an effect did Claudius' wives have on his rule? | (10 marks) |
| | | | |
| 0 | 9 | How successful was Claudius' administration of social, economic and foreign affairs? Support your answer with reference to both Tacitus and Suetonius. | (20 marks) |

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

Section Two

Choose **either** Option C **or** Option D and answer the question below.

EITHER**Option C**

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 | 0 |
|---|---|

Judging from the reigns of Tiberius **and** Claudius, what do you think were the strengths **and** weaknesses of the imperial system? Support your answer with reference to **both** Tacitus **and** Suetonius. (40 marks)

OR**Option D**

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 | 1 |
|---|---|

'Suetonius gives a fuller picture of the characters and motivations of Tiberius and Claudius than Tacitus does.'

How far do you agree? Support your answer with reference to **both** Tacitus **and** Suetonius. (40 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COPYRIGHT-HOLDERS AND PUBLISHERS**

Extracts from *The Annals of Imperial Rome* by Tacitus, translated with an introduction by MICHAEL GRANT (Penguin Classics 1956, Sixth revised edition 1989). Copyright © Michael Grant Publications Ltd, 1956, 1959, 1971, 1973, 1975, 1977, 1989, 1996. Reproduced by permission of Penguin Books Ltd.

Extract from *The Twelve Caesars* by Suetonius, translated by R GRAVES, Penguin Classics, 2007 (revised ed). By permission of A P Watt Ltd on behalf of the Trustees of the Robert Graves Copyright Trust

Copyright © 2011 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.