

General Certificate of Education Advanced Level Examination June 2012

CIV4D

# **Classical Civilisation**

Unit 4D Tiberius and Claudius

Thursday 31 May 2012 9.00 am to 10.30 am

For this paper you must have:

• an AQA 12-page answer book.

#### Time allowed

• 1 hour 30 minutes

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use pencil or gel pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The **Paper Reference** is CIV4D.
- Answer questions from two options.
  Choose one option from Section 1 and one option from Section 2.
  Answer all questions from the options you have chosen.
- Do all rough work in your answer book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked. Do **not** tear out any part of the book. All work must be handed in.
- If you use more than one book, check that you have written the information required on each book.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
  - use good English
  - organise information clearly
  - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

# CIV4D

# Section 1

Choose **either** Option A **or** Option B.

Answer **all** questions from the option you have chosen.

# EITHER

# Option A

Read the passage below and answer Questions 01 to 03 which follow.

Then, gradually, self-abasement turned into persecution. Gaius Junius Silanus, accused of extortion by the people of Asia of which he had been governor, was simultaneously assailed by the former consul Mamercus Aemilius Scaurus, the praetor Junius Otho, and the aedile Bruttedius Niger.

Tacitus, Annals, 3.66



Previously Tiberius had asked the senate to discuss provincial petitions. Give **five** (5 marks)



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How vividly does Tacitus present the trial and sentencing of Silanus as 'persecution' (line 1)?

3 How bad do you think Tiberius' relationship with the senate actually was during his rule? (20 marks)

# OR

# **Option B**

Read the passage below and answer Questions 04 to 06 which follow.

Claudius was born at Lugdunum, in the consulship of Iullus Antonius and Fabius Africanus, on 1 August, 10 BC, the very day when the first altar was dedicated there to Augustus the God; and he was given the name Tiberius Claudius Drusus. Subsequently he assumed the surname Germanicus after his brother had been admitted into the Julian House as Tiberius' adopted son.

Suetonius, Claudius, 2

5

- **0 4** At the start of his life of Claudius, what information does Suetonius give about Claudius' father and his achievements? Give **five** details. (5 marks)
- 05Judging from Suetonius' Claudius, how significant do you think Claudius' achievements<br/>were before he became emperor?(10 marks)
- 06Suetonius calls Claudius 'dull-witted'. How far, in your opinion, does this description<br/>apply to Claudius after he became emperor?(20 marks)

# Turn over for the next question

# Section 2

Choose either Option C or Option D and answer the question below.

#### EITHER

#### Option C



In maintaining their power, how important was it for Tiberius **and** Claudius to have the support of the ordinary people of Rome, Italy and the provinces **and** how important were other considerations? (40 marks)

OR

#### Option D



What are the advantages and disadvantages of the different ways in which Tacitus and Suetonius select **and** organise their material? Refer to the reigns of **both** Tiberius **and** Claudius. *(40 marks)* 

#### **END OF QUESTIONS**

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