

Classical Civilisation

CIV1A

Unit 1A Greek Architecture and Sculpture

Friday 13 January 2012 9.00 am to 10.30 am

For this paper you must have:

- a photographic insert (enclosed)
- an AQA 12-page answer book.

Time allowed

• 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do **not** use pencil or gel pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book.
 - The **Paper Reference** is CIV1A.
- Answer questions from **two** options.
 - Choose **one** option from Section 1 and **one** option from Section 2.
 - Answer all questions from the options you have chosen.
- Do all rough work in your answer book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked. Do **not** tear out any part of the book. All work must be handed in.
- If you use more than one book, check that you have written the information required on each book.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 65.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

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Section 1

Choose either Option A or Option B.

Answer **all** questions from the option you have chosen.

You may use drawings and diagrams in your answers.

EITHER

Option A

Open out the photographic insert and study **Photographs A** and **B** which are printed on pages 4 and 1 respectively. Answer Questions 01 to 06 below.

- 0 1 Identify the building shown in **Photograph A** and give its approximate date. (2 marks)
- 0 2 What name is generally given to the statues labelled 1? (1 mark)
- The building shown in **Photograph A** includes the site of the contest between Athena and Poseidon for the patronage of Athens. Give **one** way in which this contest is commemorated in or outside the building.

 (1 mark)
- The statue in **Photograph B** comes from a scene on the Parthenon showing this contest. From which part of the Parthenon does this sculpture come? (1 mark)
- How far is the building in **Photograph A** different from a standard Greek temple **and** how far is it similar? Explain your answer with reference to **Photograph A and** your knowledge of other temples. (10 marks)
- To what extent is the sculpture in **Photograph B** typical of the quality of the free-standing **and** relief sculptural decoration of the Parthenon? Give the reasons for your views.

You might include discussion of

- how effectively the sculpture in Photograph B represents a male nude, suits its
 position on the Parthenon and contributes to the scene of which it is part
- other representations of the male body on the Parthenon in a variety of poses both free-standing and relief
- representations of females on the Parthenon
- the clarity and visual interest of the scenes portrayed and their relationship to the architecture and functions of the Parthenon. (20 marks)

OR

Option B

Open out the photographic insert and study **Photographs C** and **D** which are printed on pages 2 and 3 respectively. Answer Questions 07 to 10 below.

- Give the name of the statue shown in **Photograph C and** the name of the sanctuary where it was displayed. (2 marks)
- 0 8 Identify the statue shown in **Photograph D**, its sculptor **and** the sanctuary where it was set up. (3 marks)
- 'The use of marble in the statue in **Photograph D** is more effective than the use of bronze in the statue in **Photograph C**.' How far do you agree? Give the reasons for your views.

 (10 marks)
- How successfully do you think **other 5**th-century sculptors used the hollow-cast bronze technique? Refer to **at least four** examples and give the reasons for your views.

You might include discussion of

- at least four of the Tyrannicides, Zeus / Poseidon from Artemision, Riace Warriors, Myron's Diskobolos and Polykleitos' Doryphoros
- pose
- representation of muscle and bone structure
- movement
- creating a range of viewpoints
- the addition of other materials.

(20 marks)

Turn over for the next question

Section 2

Choose either Option C or Option D and answer the question below.

You may use drawings and diagrams in your answer.

EITHER

Option C

1 1 'When designing a Doric temple, architects had little opportunity to be creative.'

To what extent do the **Doric** temples you have studied support this judgement? Give the reasons for your views and support them with reference to **at least four** examples.

You might include discussion of

- functions
- materials and structure
- layout, size and proportions
- external and internal decoration
- combining Doric with other Orders
- refinements.

(30 marks)

OR

Option D

How successfully do you think Kephisodotos, Praxiteles **and** Lysippos involve the viewer in what is happening in their sculptures? Refer to **all three** sculptors in your answer and give the reasons for your views.

You might include discussion of

- the subjects they portray
- pose, gesture and facial expression
- interaction between figures in group compositions
- emotion
- the range of viewpoints.

(30 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS