

ALLIANCE

# Mark scheme January 2003

# GCE

## **Business Studies**

## **Unit BUS3**

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### General marking guidance

You should remember that your marking standards should reflect the levels of performance of Advanced Subsidiary candidates, mainly 17 years old, writing under examination conditions. The level of demand of this unit is that expected of candidates half-way through a full A Level course.

#### **Positive marking**

You should be positive in your marking, giving credit for what is there rather than being too conscious of what is not. Do not deduct marks for irrelevant or incorrect answers as candidates penalise themselves in terms of the time they have spent.

#### Mark range

You should use the whole mark range available in the marking scheme. Where the candidate's response to a question is such that the mark scheme permits full marks to be awarded, full marks **must** be given. A perfect answer is not required. Conversely, if the candidate's answer does not deserve credit no marks should be given.

#### The use of Levels of Response

Levels of Response marking requires examiners to follow the logic of a candidate's answer. A concept which would receive credit only for knowledge in one context could become a means of analysis in another. For instance, in the question: "Discuss the BGD Company's marketing strategy", a candidate who writes: "approaches to a strategy include SWOT and the Boston Matrix" is showing knowledge. A brief, accurate explanation of the Matrix shows understanding, whereas a candidate who uses the Matrix to examine the BGD Company's case is showing the skill of analysis. **Please note that there are other ways to show analysis**.

What then of evaluation? This is the hardest skill to define because judgement can only be shown in context - and that context is not only the one set in the assessment unit, but also by the candidate's own answer. Evaluation is **not** shown by drilled phrases or approaches such as: "On the other hand ..." or "Business operates in an ever-changing ...". It is shown through the weighting of the candidate's arguments, the logic (and justification) of his/her conclusions.

#### **Quality of Language**

The GCSE and GCE A/AS Code of Practice requires the assessment of candidates' quality of written communication wherever they are required to write in continuous prose. In this unit, this assessment will take place for each candidate's script as a whole by means of the following marking criteria.

- LEVEL 4 Complex ideas are expressed clearly and fluently. Sentences and paragraphs follow on from one another smoothly and logically. Arguments are consistently relevant and well structured. There are few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. **4 marks**
- LEVEL 3 Moderately complex ideas are expressed clearly and reasonably fluently, through well linked sentences and paragraphs. Arguments are generally relevant and well structured. There may be occasional errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. **3 marks**
- LEVEL 2 Straightforward ideas are expressed clearly, if not always fluently. Sentences and paragraphs may not always be well connected. Arguments may sometimes stray from the point or be weakly presented. There may be some errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling, but not such as to suggest a weakness in these areas **2 marks**
- LEVEL 1 Simple ideas are expressed clearly but arguments may be of doubtful relevance or obscurely presented. Errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive, suggesting a weakness in these areas. **1 mark**
- LEVEL 0 Ideas are expressed poorly and sentences and paragraphs are not connected. There are errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling, showing a weakness in these areas. **0 marks**

#### Total 4 marks

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### Unit 3: External Influences and Objectives and Strategy

#### Total for this question: 10 marks

Explain the business significance of the following phrases:	
(a) 'shift to new technology' (line 27);	(5 marks)
(b) 'divorce of ownership and control' (line 62).	(5 marks)

	Content 2 marks	Application 3 marks	
Level 2	2 marks	3-2 marks	
	Clear explanation of the term, showing	Significant implications of the term	
	good understanding	examined in relation to Shaftons, or to the	
		new firm, or business generally	
Level 1	1 mark	1 mark	
	Some explanation of the term, showing	Some application of the term to a business	
	partial understanding	context	
Level 0	0 marks	0 marks	
	No explanation	No application	

(a) Shift to new technology

Understanding: introducing up-to-date equipment that might change production processes and worker input.

#### Significance:

- may create new business opportunities;
- may cause resistance to change;
- may improve competitiveness, or may cause problems if under-utilised.

#### (b) Divorce of ownership and control

**Understanding:** separation that may exist between the interests of the shareholders and the managers, normally only in a public limited company (the expression may not be appropriate in this case).

#### Significance:

- can lead to conflicting objectives, eg managers want growth, shareholders want profit/dividends;
- may encourage plc managers to be complacent or greedy, especially if market circumstances mean that competition is weak.

#### Total for this question: 15 marks

To what extent does the evidence in the case study support Loriane's view that Simon was very 'focused on the short-term' in his business objectives and strategy? (15 marks)

	Content 3 marks	Application 3 marks	Analysis 4 marks	<b>Evaluation 5 marks</b>
Level 3				5 marks
				Judgement shown in
				weighing up 'the
				extent to which'
				Simon was short-
				termist, providing
				clear conclusions
Level 2	3 marks	3 marks	4-3 marks	4-3 marks
	At least one	Point or points made	Analysis of question	Judgement shown in
	relevant point,	are applied in detail to	set, using relevant	weighing up the
	showing	the case	theory	extent to which
	understanding			Simon was short-
				termist
Level 1	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks
	One or more	Point or points made	One or two points	Some judgement
	relevant points	applied to the case	applied in a limited	shown in text or
	made		way to analyse the	conclusions
			question	
Level 0	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks
	No relevant points	No points applied to	No relevant analysis	No judgement
	made	the case		shown

#### Possible answers for Loriane's view could include:

- his focus on budgets;
- financing new technology by a sale and leaseback deal (private sector equivalent of a PFI);
- the fact that she would have come into regular contact with him;
- Tessa's insistence on keeping working when the soldering machine was polluting may be indicative of a short-termist culture.

#### Possible answers against Loriane's view could include:

- the investment in new technology;
- Shaftons' work in China.

#### Total for this question: 10 marks

Explain why an economic downturn might cause such difficulties for manufacturing businesses such as Shaftons Ltd. (10 marks)

	Content 3 marks	Application 2 marks	Analysis 5 marks	
Level 2	3 marks	2 marks	5-3 marks	
	One + relevant content	Point or points made are	Analysis of question set,	
	points explained; or good,	applied to context of the	using relevant theory	
	detailed understanding of	case or to manufacturers		
	economic downturn	generally		
Level 1	2-1 marks	1 mark	2-1 marks	
	One + relevant content	Implicit application to the	One or two points applied	
	points made, or some	case or manufacturers	in a limited way to analyse	
	understanding shown of	generally	the question	
	economic downturn			
Level 0	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks	
	No relevant content present	Answer is not applied to the	No analysis of question or	
		context	theory	

#### Possible answers may include:

- end-user destocking can accentuate sales downturn;
- investment cutbacks hit demand for capital goods;
- manufacturer cash inflow is more dependent on credit than retailers/tertiary businesses;
- the purchase of many manufactured goods can be postponed, as the items are durable.

#### Total for this question: 15 marks

To what extent should the senior management at Shaftons feel responsible for the 'awful impact' of events on the firm's stakeholders? (15 marks)

	<b>Content 3 marks</b>	Application 3 marks	Analysis 4 marks	<b>Evaluation 5 marks</b>
Level 3				5 marks
				Judgement shown in weighing up how well Shaftons
				management met its responsibilities, providing clear conclusions
Level 2	3 marks	3 marks	4-3 marks	4-3 marks
	Relevant issues	Relevant issues	Analysis of	Judgement shown in
	explained, or	applied in detail to the	question set, using	weighing up how
	good	case	relevant theory	well responsibilities
	understanding			were met
<b>T</b> 14	shown			
Level 1	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks
	Relevant issues	Relevant issues	One or two points	Some judgement
	identified	applied to the case	applied in a limited	shown in text or
			way to analyse the	conclusions
			question	
Level 0	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks
	No relevant issues	No relevant issues	No analysis of	No judgement shown
		applied	question or theory	

#### Possible answers include:

- the management appears to have failed on every count: polluting the workforce, hiding an asset from the receiver (that should be sold to help repay creditors and perhaps shareholders) and must take some responsibility for the failure of the business;
- yet Simon was surely *trying* to develop the business through investment in new technology ...
- and weren't the external factors especially cruel/unlucky? Many superbly-run companies supplying the airlines were dragged under by Sept 11<sup>th</sup> 2001.

#### Total for this question: 15 marks

Discuss whether Taniya, Nadir and Loriane are right to form a private limited company in the start-up of their business. (15 marks)

	<b>Content 3 marks</b>	Application 3 marks	Analysis 4 marks	<b>Evaluation 5 marks</b>
Level 3				5 marks
				Judgement shown in
				weighing up the value
				of Ltd status in this
				case, providing clear
				conclusions
Level 2	3 marks	3 marks	4-3 marks	4-3 marks
	One + point	Point or points made	Analysis of Ltd	Judgement shown in
	explained about the	are applied in detail to	status, using	weighing up whether
	benefits of Ltd,	the case	relevant theory	they are right
	showing			
	understanding			
Level 1	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks
	One + relevant	Point or points made	One or two points	Some judgement
	point made about	applied to the case	applied in a limited	shown in text or
	Ltd companies		way to analyse the	conclusions
			question	
Level 0	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks
	No relevant	No application	No analysis of	No judgement shown
	point(s)		question or theory	

#### Possible answers include:

- clearly a highly risky business, with high investment and high overheads, so Ltd is very preferable;
- the future intentions of the customer/investor are not clear, so it is much better to have capital injection from share capital that can never be withdrawn from the business;
- the security provided by limited liability is likely to make Loriane more willing to look to build the business boldly in future...
- ... and easier to finance growth;
- Taniya and Nadir are very unlikely to have money to pay for any business losses, so they need the protection of limited liability.

#### Total for this question: 15 marks

Within six months Loriane is hoping to win back some of the large export contracts held by Shaftons. Use the data in Appendix A and the information in the case study to evaluate whether this is a wise move for the business. (15 marks)

	Content 3 marks	Application 3 marks	Analysis 4 marks	<b>Evaluation 5 marks</b>
Level 3				5 marks
				Judgement shown in
				weighing up the
				wisdom of aiming
				for large export
				orders, providing
				clear conclusions
Level 2	3 marks	3 marks	4-3 marks	4-3 marks
	At least one	Point or points made	Analysis of	Judgement shown in
	relevant point	are applied in detail to	question set, using	weighing up whether
	explained,	the case	relevant theory	to aim for large
	showing			export orders
	understanding			
Level 1	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks	2-1 marks
	One or more	Point or points made	One or two points	Some judgement
	relevant points are	applied to the case	applied in a	shown in text or
	identified		limited way to	conclusions
			analyse the	
			question	
Level 0	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks	0 marks
	No relevant points	No points applied to	No analysis	No judgement shown
	identified	the case	applied to the	
			question	

#### Possible answers include:

- the forecasts of a rising  $\pounds v \$$  make it seem quite risky (problems of competitiveness);
- but the low and falling inflation should keep costs low enough to help combat the high £;
- low interest rates could also help keep overhead costs down (and the rising unemployment is likely to help keep labour recruitment, training and remuneration costs down);
- most important of all, though, is whether a 'large' export order is conceivable for this tiny new firm with, as yet, one tame customer; nevertheless, clearly there is a need in the medium term to reduce the dependence on the customer/shareholder.