## Percents and Ratios

1. If a discount of $25 \%$ off the retail price of a desk saves Mark $\$ 45$, how much did he pay for the desk?
\$135
\$160
\$180
\$210
\$215
2. A customer pays $\$ 1,100$ in state taxes on a newly purchased car. What is the value of the car if state taxes are $8.9 \%$ of the value?
$\$ 9.765 .45$
\$10,876.90
\$12,359.55
\$14,345.48
\$15,745.45
3. How many years does Steven need to invest his $\$ 3,000$ at $7 \%$ to earn $\$ 210$ in simple interest?

1 year
2 years
3 years
4 years
5 years
4. Sabrina's boss states that she will increase Sabrina's salary from $\$ 12,000$ to $\$ 14,000$ per year if she enrolls in business courses at a local community college. What percent increase in salary will result from Sabrina taking the business courses?
16.7\%
17.2\%

85\%

117\%
5. $35 \%$ of what number is 70 ?

100

110

150

175

200
6. What number is $5 \%$ of 2000 ?

50

100

150

200

250
7. What percent of 90 is 27 ?

15\%

20\%

30\%
8. Jim works for $\$ 15.50$ per hour for a health care facility. He is supposed to get a 75 cent per hour raise at one year of service. What will his percent increase in hourly pay be?
2.7\%
3.3\%

133\%
4.8\%

105\%
9. If 45 is $120 \%$ of a number, what is $80 \%$ of the same number?

30

32

36

38

41
10. How long will Lucy have to wait before her $\$ 2,500$ invested at $6 \%$ earns $\$ 600$ in simple interest?

2 years

3 years

4 years

5 years

6 years
11. What is $35 \%$ of a number if 12 is $15 \%$ of a number?
12. A computer is on sale for $\$ 1600$, which is a $20 \%$ discount off the regular price. What is the regular price?
\$1800
\$1900
\$2000
\$2100
$\$ 2200$
13. A car dealer sells a SUV for $\$ 39,000$, which represents a $25 \%$ markup over the dealer's cost. What was the cost of the SUV to the dealer?
\$29,250
\$31,200
\$32,500
\$33,800
\$33,999
14. After having to pay increased income taxes this year, Edmond has to sell his BMW. Edmond bought the car for $\$ 49,000$, but he sold it for a $20 \%$ loss. What did Edmond sell the car for?
15. At a company fish fry, $1 / 2$ in attendance are employees. Employees' spouses are $1 / 3$ of the attendance. What is the percentage of the people in attendance who are not employees or employee spouses?
10.5\%
16.7\%

25\%
32.3\%

38\%
16. If 6 is $24 \%$ of a number, what is $40 \%$ of the same number

8

10

15

20

25
17. $25 \%$ of $400=$

100

200

800

10,000

12,000
18. $22 \%$ of $\$ 900=$
19. Which of the following percentages is equal to 0.45 ?
0.045\%
0.45\%
4.5\%

45\%
0.0045\%
20. Which of these percentages equals 1.25 ?
0.125\%
12.5\%

125\%

1250\%
1250.5\%

Answers \& Explanations

1. A: The original price of the desk may be found by solving the equation, $0.25 x=45$. Thus, $x=180$. However, this is the original price of the desk. Since he saves $\$ 45$, he pays $\$ 45$ less, or $\$ 135$.
2. $C$ : The following equation may be used to find the value of the car: $1,100=0.089 x$. Solving for $x$ gives $x \approx 12,359.55$. Thus, the value of the car is $\$ 12,359.55$.
3. A: The formula, I = Prt, represents the amount of interest earned, for a particular principal, interest rate, and amount of time. Substituting 210 for $I, 3000$ for $P$ and 0.07 for r gives: $210=3000(0.07)$ t. Solving for $t$ gives $t=1$. Thus, he will earn $\$ 210$ in interest, after 1 year.
4. B: The percent increase may be modeled by the expression, $(14,000-12,000) / 12,000$, which equals 16.7\%.
5. E : The equation, $0.35 x=70$, may be used to solve the problem. Dividing both sides of the equation by 0.35 gives $x=200$.
6. B: The problem may be modeled as $x=0.05(2000)$. Thus, 100 is $5 \%$ of 2000 .
7. C: The problem may be modeled as $90 x=27$. Dividing both sides of the equation by 90 gives $x=0.3$ or 30\%.
8. D: The percent increase may be modeled by the expression, $0.75 / 15.50$, which is approximately 0.048 , or 4.8\%.
9. A: The first part of the problem may be modeled with the equation, $45=1.2 \mathrm{x}$. Solving for x gives $\mathrm{x}=$ 37.5. $80 \%$ of 37.5 may be written as 0.80 (37.5), which equals 30 .
10. C : The formula, $\mathrm{I}=$ Prt, represents the amount of interest earned, for a particular principal, interest rate, and amount of time. Substituting 600 for $I, 2500$ for $P$ and 0.06 for $r$ gives: $600=2500(0.06)$ t. Solving for $t$ gives $t=4$. Thus, she will have to wait 4 years to earn $\$ 600$ in interest.
11. $C$ : The second part of the problem may be modeled with the equation, $12=0.15 x$. Solving for $x$ gives $x=80$. Thus, the number is $80.35 \%$ of 80 may be written as $0.35(80)$, which equals 28 .
12. C: The sale price of the computer is $80 \%$ of the regular price. Thus, the following equation may be used to solve the problem: $1600=0.80 x$. Solving for $x$ gives $x=2000$. Thus, the regular price of the computer is $\$ 2000$.
13. B : The following equation may be used to solve the problem: $0.25=(39,000-x) / x$. Multiplying both sides of the equation by $x$ gives $0.25 x=39,000-x$. Adding $x$ to both sides of the equation gives $1.25 x=$ 39,000 , where $x=31,200$. Thus, the cost of the SUV to the dealer was $\$ 31,200$.
14. E: The problem may be modeled by the expression, 49,000-(0.20(49,000)), which equals 39,200. Thus, he had to sell the car for $\$ 39,200$.
15. B: The attendance of employees and spouses may be modeled as $1 / 2+1 / 3$, or $5 / 6$. Thus, $1 / 6$ of those, in attendance, who are not employees or spouses, is approximately $16.7 \%$.
16. B : The first part of the problem may be modeled with the equation, $6=0.24 \mathrm{x}$. Solving for x gives $\mathrm{x}=$ 25 . Thus, the number is $25.40 \%$ of this number may be written as $0.40(25)$, which equals 10 .
17. A: The problem may be modeled as 0.25(400), which equals 100.
18. B: The problem may be modeled as 0.22(900), which equals 198.
19. D: The percentage may be obtained by multiplying 0.45 by 100 . Doing so gives $45 \%$.
20. C: The percentage may be obtained by multiplying 1.25 by 100 . Doing so gives $125 \%$.

## Additional Percent and Ratio

1. Express fourteen hundredths as a percent.
0.14\%

14\%
0.014\%
1.4\%
2. 3 is what percent of 50 ?

3\%
4\%
5\%
6\%
3. The ratio of $2: 10$ is the same as what percentage?

2\%
5\%
10\%
20\%
4. Lauren had $\$ 80$ in her savings account. When she received her paycheck, she made a deposit which brought the balance up to $\$ 120$. By what percentage did the total amount in her account increase as a result of this deposit?

50\%
5. Round to the nearest whole number: What is $17 / 68$, as a percent?

17\%

25\%

40\%

68\%
6. Round to the nearest whole number: Gerald made 13 out of the 22 shots he took in the basketball game. What was his shooting percentage?

13\%

22\%

59\%

67\%
7. Change the following fraction to the simplest possible ratio: $8 / 14$

4:3

4:6

4:7

3:4
8. If 5 people buy 3 pens each and 3 people buy 7 pencils each, what is the ratio of the total number of pens to the total number of pencils?

15:21

## 3:7

5:3
1:1
9. In a town, the ratio of men to women is 2:1. If the number of women in the town is doubled, what will be the new ratio of men to women?

1:2
1:1
2:1
3:1
10. A man's lawn grass is 3 inches high. He mows the lawn and cuts off $30 \%$ of its height. How tall will the grass be after the lawn is mowed?
0.9 inches
2.1 inches
2.7 inches
2.9 inches

Answers and Explanations

1. B: "Fourteen hundredths" can be written as 0.14 . To convert to a percent, move the decimal point two places to the right and add the percent sign.
2. D: Divide 3 by 50 to get 0.06 or $6 \%$.
3. D: Divide 2 by 10 (not 10 by 2 ) to get 0.2 or $20 \%$.
4. A: The rate of increase equals the change in the account balance divided by the original amount, $\$ 80$. Multiply that decimal by 100 to yield the percentage of increase. To determine the change in the balance, subtract the original amount from the new balance:

Change in account balance $=\$ 120 \$ 80=\$ 40$.

Now, determine the percentage of increase as described above: Percent=\$40/\$80*100=50\%
5. B: The answer is $25 \%$. This problem requires you to understand how to convert fractions into percentages. One way to make this conversion is to divide 17 by 68 using long division, which will create a decimal quotient, and then convert this decimal into a percentage. $17 / 68=0.25=25 \%$
6. C: The answer is $59 \%$. To solve this problem, you must know how to convert a fraction into a percentage. Gerald made 13 out of 22 shots, a performance that can also be expressed by the fraction $13 / 22.13 / 22=0.5909=59 \%$
7. A: To solve this problem, you must know how to convert fractions into ratios. A ratio expresses the relationship between two numbers. For instance, the ratio 2:3 suggests that for every 2 of one thing, there will be 3 of another. This equates to a fraction of $2 / 5$ because there are 5 things total. If we applied this ratio to the length and width of a rectangle, for instance, we could say that for every 2 units of width, the rectangle must have 3 units of length. We could also say that $2 / 5$ of the perimeter is from the width and $3 / 5$ is from the length. The fraction $8 / 14$ is equivalent to the ratio $8: 6$. To simplify the ratio, divide both sides by the greatest common factor, 2 . The simplest form of this ratio is 4:3.
8. A: First, find the total number of pens: $53=15$

Then, find the total number of pencils: $37=21$

Finally, express it as a ratio: 15:21
9. B: Currently, there are two men for every woman. If the number of women is doubled
( $12=2$ ), then the new ratio is $2: 2$. This is equivalent to $1: 1$.
10. B: First, calculate $30 \%$ of 3 inches: $30.30=0.9$ inches.

Then, subtract this value from the original length: 3-0.9=2.1

